BIOGRAPHIES

OF

Homœopathic Physicians

Collected, and arranged in twenty years and now given in the present Form,

TO THE

Library of Hahnemann Medical College

OF PHILADELPHIA

BY

Thomas Lindsley Bradford, M. D.

For Many Years its Librarian

These books are not to be taken from the Library Reading Room, and are to be kept under lock and key. Excerpts may be made from them by any responsible person.

It is hoped that they may never be mutilated by literary vandals.

They represent much labor, but it has been a labor of love.

PHILADELPHIA,

1916.

BABBITT, OTIS HENRY

OTIS HENRY BABBITT, Auburn, New York, born Otsego, Otsego county, N. Y.; literary education, Oswego State Normal School; graduated M. D. New York Homœopathic Medical College, 1882; practiced in Cooperstown, N. Y., 1882-1896, and in Auburn since 1898; president of village of Cooperstown six years.

BABBITT, WARREN M., M. D., of Randolph, Mass., was born in Taunton, Mass., May 8th, 1832. His ancestry were among the first New England settlers. His medical education was received in the Medical College of New York University, graduating in the class of 1858. On leaving the University he settled in Quincy, Mass., in 1859, where he practised a few months, and then moved to Braintree, an adjacent town, and immediately gained a good practice. In 1861, he was appointed Examining Surgeon by Surgeon-General Dale, for Braintree; was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the 55th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, in August, 1863, and joined the army at Morris Island, near Charleston, S. C.

While in charge of the detachment on Long Island, he was the only surgeon on the island, and at times there were seven hundred men there. On Morris and Folly Islands the sickness and mortality was fearful from dysentery, fevers, etc., and General Gillmore noticing that on Long Island there was no mortality and very little sickness, in fact, was the most healthy part of the Department of the South, sent Colonel Sewel and the Medical Director to inquire into it. Supposing they had come to criticise, the doctor explained that owing to certain red tape he had not been able to get a supply of medicines, and the only medicines he had were a bottle of castor oil and a pound of salts, with a barrel of onions. The Medical Director reported that the detachments were mostly the healthiest men sent over; but that it was not the want of medicine, but good hygienic management, creditable to the medical officer in charge.

He was on duty several months in the Department of the South—four months in rather disagreeable proximity to the Secessionville batteries. In May, 1864, matters becoming rather quiet near Charleston, he wished for more active service. He obtained leave to go North, and received an order to join the Medical Department of the Army of the Potomac, and was assigned to duty with the Sixth Army Corps, on the Potomac; was in the campaign in the Wilderness, Spottsylvania and Cold Harbor, and then on hospital service in Washington city. From Washington he was transferred to Annapolis, Md., where he had charge of the wounded from the battle of Monocacy; thence to South Carolina, where he ministered in the battles of Honey Hill, Broad River, Cosoohatchie, etc.; was in the first division that entered Charleston; and moved with Sherman's army to North Carolina. For meritorious services the doctor was offered the surgeoncy of the 55th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, or of the 103d Regiment United States Infantry, a new regiment just forming at Hilton Head (Colonel Stewart L. Woodford). Not wishing to step over Dr. Burt G. Wilder, the First Assistant Surgeon of the 55th, he accepted the surgeoncy of the 103d Regiment. He was with this regiment at Savannah and Fort Pulaski, and then at Thomasville, Macon and Atlanta, Ga. When his regiment was mustered out, he returned to Randolph, where he resumed his practice, and has been since successfully engaged in the duties incident to it. He is Medical Examiner for the Continental Life Insurance Company.

Dr. Babbitt has the reputation among his professional brethren of being a highly skilful physician. Of nice discrimination, sound judgment, and winning manners, he has built up a large practice in Randolph and adjacent towns, in which he has achieved great success. Quiet and unobtrusive in manners, his opinions are largely deferred to by his brother physicians, who recognize his great worth and the solidity of his judgment.

BABBITT, ZENO B

Matriculated from Mechanicsville, Vt, Sept 24 1888. Graduated Apr 2 1890. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at New York City. Ist Course in University of Vermont.

BABCOCK, CHARLES WATERMAN

New York, June, 1870.

Dear Doctor:

Will you assist me in compiling a correct list of Homœopathic Physicians in the United States, by filling up and returning to me, *at once*, the following blank, if you have not already filled up a similar one.

I will be much obliged to you for any information relative to the introduction of Homœopathy in your neighborhood, together with a sketch of your personal connection therewith.

Yours truly,

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,

107 Fourth Avenue.

My full name is Charles Waterman Babcock.

I graduated at Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, in the year 1860.

My present address is Lancaster, county of Fairfield,

State of Ohio, where I have resided since 1867.

Previous to that time I practised in Medina, Medina county, Ohio.

I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1855 at Aurora, Ohio.

HENRY M. SMITH

Name in full

Charles W. Babcock.

P. O. Address in full

Lancaster, Fairfield Co, Ohio.

Graduate [redacted] of

Cleveland Homeopathic College.

Recently of Medina, Medina Co, Ohio.)

BABCOCK, LUCY A.

Graduated at the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women of New York in 1873, and located at Westerly R. I. She was still there in 1876. (W. Conv.)

BABCOCK, I. L.

I. L. Babcock of Hallowell, Me., while on a fishing excursion, Aug. 13, 1874, was instantly killed by lightening. Dr Babcock was graduated from N.Y.Hom.Med.Col. in 1872, since which time he has been in practice in Hallowell, where he was much beloved and eminently successful in his profession. (N.E.Med.Gaz.V.9.p 528) Am.Jl.Hom.M.M.V.8.p120)

J W I Babcock

BABLOT, J L Lorenzo V

Matriculated from Havana, Cuba., Oct 16 1856. Graduated Feb 27 1857. Not member of Alumni Assoc.

BACKUS, CYRUS

CYRUS BACKUS, M. D., died at Ann Arbor February 1st, 1886, of heart disease. He was born at Groton, N. Y., August 16th, 1812. He graduated from Geneva Medical College, being a classmate of Dr. Frank Hamilton. Since 1866 he has practiced Homœopathy in Ann Arbor.

Mod. Adv. V. 16. p 562.

Dr. C. Backus, of Ann Arbor, Mich., on February 1, 1886, suddenly dropped dead from, presumably, failure of the heart. The deceased was born at Groton, Tompkins Co., N. Y., on August 12, 1812. He studied medicine at Geneva, N. Y., and in 1836 began the practice of his profession at Ann Arbor, Mich. Failing health compelled him after a few years to return to his native state; in 1866, however, he came again to Michigan, settling in this city, and remained here ever after, dying in the 74th year of his life. In the death of Dr. Backus there passes away one of the most unpretending, least assuming, and most faithful friends of the homœopathic department of the University of Michigan. Although perhaps in no sense a public man, his virtues as a citizen were such that his personal influence was at all times felt, and felt in the right direction, whenever this department needed a special effort on part of its friends. After a long life, well spent and worthy of imitation, death came to him unexpectedly, it is true, but none the less welcome. His still form, lying in the casket, seemed like the figure of one calmly sleeping, patiently waiting for the summons to rise; neighbors who had known his many virtues because of long years of intimate acquaintance with him, gathered to pay him a final tribute of love, and colleagues who knew the warmth of his love for the profession and for the school, gently bore him to his last resting place.

Med Couns. Feb 1886

DR. RUFUS BACKUS.

Dr. Rufus Backus, who died at his residence in Racine, Wis., of cerebro-spinal meningitis, on the 11th of September, was a graduate or Hahnemann Medical College, of Chicago, in the class of 1865. His father, Dr. Wm. P. T. Backus, graduated from Castleton Medical College, of Vermont, and was practicing in Kingsbury, La Porte Co., Ind., where Dr. Rufus was born, on the 3d of June, 1838.

At the age of eighteen he developed a strong tendency for the profession he adopted, and at once started out in life with that objective point alone in view. At the age of twenty-three, by means of the emoluments of public trusts and school teaching, he is prepared pecuniarily, and especially in point of a good classical education, and enters upon the study of medicine.

After receiving his diploma, he opened an office at Harvard, Ill., the residence of his father since 1854. Here, during the only two years allotted to him, in the providence of God, free from a severe spinal difficulty, he acquired a large and profitable business.

Partially relieved from his complaint in 1872, he removed to this city and opened his office, but very soon thereafter, the spinal trouble returned, and he was prostrated and very sick. In the course of a year he began to recover, and continued to improve for the three years, until he apparently reached a normal state. He stated to the writer, just previous to the last attack, that he felt better than he had during the eight years last past. Fourteen weeks previous to his demise, he was again stricken down for the last time, and on the 11th of September last, death relieved him of his sufferings.

The doctor was a member of the First Baptist Church, of this city, where he was respected and beloved by all who knew him, and his death is felt as a great loss. In attainments, in deep and thorough earnestness, in most conscientious and hearty consecration to the profession of his choice and love, he was an example to all, and had he lived in health, the usual time allotted to man, would have become eminent in his profession, and a blessing to mankind.

RACINE, Wis. S. J. MARTIN.

U.S.Med.Inves,V.6.p 517.

BACKUS.—Rufus Backus, M.D., died at Racine, Wisconsin, on the 11th. of September, 1877, of cerebro-spinal meningitis, aged 39 years. A skillful physician much beloved.

Am.Hom.Obs.V.15.p 63.

Name in full

Rufus Backus

P. O. Address in full

Harvard – McHenry Co. Ill.

Graduate (~~or Undergraduate~~) of

Hahnemann College Chicago

BACMEISTER, THEODORE

Theodore

BACMEISTER, T., M. D., of Toulon, Ills., was born in Esslingen, Würtemburg, Germany, January 17th, 1830. His father there held the office of Steward of a large landed endowment. By the desire of his parents he was educated for the profession of civil engineer. He left Germany during the political troubles of May, 1848, and having come to the United States, settled in New York, where he remained until 1854, occupied in the pursuit of his profession.

His inclination had for many years been towards the study of medicine, and, in 1852, he commenced the private reading and study of medicine, with the intention of graduating at some future period, but with no definite view to practice. While under the instruction of M. Calkins, M. D., of Monson, Mass., he attended a course of lectures at the Eclectic Medical College of Philadelphia. In the spring of 1855, while visiting New York, he formed the acquaintance of H. Doyle, M. D., a leading homœopathic practitioner, and under his instruction and advice discontinued his study of allopathy, attending for his second course the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, where he graduated in 1856.

In June of the same year he removed to Toulon, Ills. In 1868, he was called to Chicago to fill the chair of Materia Medica in the Hahnemann Medical College, and there remained seven months, at the expiration of which time he returned to his home in Toulon. He has since been elected as one of three candidates for the chair of Homœopathic Materia Medica at the Ann Arbor University, Michigan.

In 1865, he married Miss J. L. Ogle, of Toulon, where he has established a large and growing practice.

Matriculated from Phila Oct 22 1855. Graduated Mar 1 1856. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

Died at Toulon Ills Mar 11 1911 aet 81.

THEODORE BACMEISTER, M. D.

Lucus Theodore Bacmeister was born in Esslinger, Germany, January 17th, 1830, and died at his home in Toulon, Ill., March 11th, 1911. He received an unusual education and industrial training in his early youth, preparatory to an engineering career, and after spending a few years as draftsman in his native country came to America. After working at his trade for some years he matriculated in the Class of 1854 in the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, afterwards the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia. He at once distinguished himself as a student, not with any meteor-like show of brilliancy, but by the profound application of an analytical mind, already trained to thoroughly understand all that was behind before attempting to master that which was to follow. He graduated in 1856 and located in the small village of Toulon, Ill. The same sterling qualities he had before shown now stood him in good stead at this, the most critical period of his life. Only for a short time was the young doctor required to plod along homesick and alone, waiting for business, but this time was fully occupied in study, the materia medica and the Organon being his constant companions and his chief delight. He was thoroughly imbued with the truth of the principles of Homœopathy and he never swerved in their application or in his loyalty to Hahnemann. In a short time his cures began to make a noise. He said nothing but quietly and patiently waited. Gradually his merits and the superior results of his treatment began to be recognized. He was soon overwhelmed with business, but never lost his head or ceased to burn the midnight oil as he studied his cases and poured over his materia medica. His trained mind and his profound knowledge as a diagnostician and therapeutist carried him over many difficult places that would and have often engulfed a more ambitious, but less competent practitioner. His advice to the writer was: "Be ambitious only to cure the sick; name, fame and riches will come of their own accord." Gradually his fame began to spread beyond the borders of his county and state. His writings were few, but they bore the impress of a master mind and were eagerly received and absorbed by the homœopathic profession. In 1867 the writer entered his office as a student, and whatever success may have followed to the former they were largely due to the faithful instruction and advice received from his preceptor.

In 1868 Dr. Bacmeister accepted the chair of Materia Medica in the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, and prepared to make his home in that city, establishing an office with Drs. Geo. E. Shipman and G. E. Beebe. But the environments of the city did not please him nor was he satisfied with the methods of the college work and teachings, especially as far as they referred to the Materia Medica and its application in practice. He soon tired of it all and longed for the honesty, freedom and purity of country life. So in the spring of 1869 he returned to Toulon and made it his home until the Great Reaper called him to his reward.

During most of the time Dr. Bacmeister was in Chicago the writer was a student in the office of Dr. Constantine Hering, in Philadelphia, and attending the Hahnemann College. Dr. Hering had a high regard for Dr. Bacmeister and often spoke of him in the most enjoyistic terms. On

one occasion he said to me, "Allen, Dr. Bacmeister knows more materia medica than any man in the world, except Lippe. He is a great man. I bow to him." His practice was strictly homœopathic. He cared not so much for the potency employed as he did for the selection of the right remedy strictly in accordance with the symptomatology. He had no use for physiological or pathological prescribing. The 200th was his favorite potency. He would leave his office in the morning for an all day ride, visiting many patients scattered many miles apart, with absolutely no medicines other than a set of 200ths in tiny vials in a pocket case. I am prepared to say that in those days, or in later years, no one has ever surpassed him in his wonderful cures of the sick. I trust it will not be inappropriate for me in this connection to urge upon those who may read this article to simulate these virtues.

Dr. Bacmeister was a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Illinois State Homœopathic Medical Association, and other local societies. However, he took little interest in society meetings. He had no personal ambitions, and also felt that too little time was given to subjects pertaining to Homœopathy and too much time to other things.

Dr. Theodore Bacmeister, of Chicago, who is truly "a worthy son of a noble sire" and who promises to fulfill in his life the part which his father so earnestly desired, is one of four children.

Thus has passed from us probably the last of the great homœopaths of a former generation, one who, in the West, was the pioneer of pure Homœopathy. His honest, noble and pure life should be a lesson to all who remain, while his consistent adherence to the principles of Hahnemann should impress itself, especially upon those of the present day who, not appreciating the absolute truth of the law of similars, are wandering after false gods and longing for the flesh pots of Egypt. He died as he would have wished, while actively engaged in his professional work. The Angel of Death came upon him silently and swiftly and he gladly turned and followed to his Father's home to receive the award awaiting all those who prove faithful to the end. A kind and loving husband and parent, an able physician, a wise counsellor, a faithful friend, farewell.

Jl Am Inst Hom May 1911 A. C. Cowperthwaite.

BACMEISTER, THEODORE

THEODORE BACMEISTER, M. D.

A Tribute With Reminiscences.

By A. C. Cowperthwaite, M. D.

Lucas Theodore Bacmeister was born in Esslinger, Germany, January 17, 1830, and died at his home in Toulon, Ills., March 11, 1911. He received an unusual education and industrial training in his early youth preparatory to an engineering career, and after spending a few years as draftsman in his native country came to America at the age of eighteen to assume a similar position in the locomotive shops at Schenectady, N. Y. Here he perfected his mechanical skill, and here he developed the qualities of patient application, studious habits, close observation and acute reasoning which laid the foundation for the brilliant and successful career as a physician he was destined to fulfill. After four years in Schenectady he removed to Philadelphia to assume a similar position in the drafting department of the Baldwin Locomotive Works. Here he came in contact with medical students, who, observing his studious habits and remarkable talents, influenced him to abandon his former occupation and take up the study of medicine. Matriculating in the class of 1854 in the Ho-

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in a strange land, unac-
s of its people, and with but
These, together with his
ion, placed him in an ex-
was undaunted. The same
n now stood him in good
of his life. It was at this
of age, that the writer first
w little pill doctor. Hello,
the allopathic doctor, who
had ruled the village and the county, medically, as with a rod of iron for many years, and who resented but feared not the encroachment of a new doctor, especially one of the much detested homœopathic persuasion. I looked up and saw what to me seemed as, comapred with our old doctor, an awkward and insignificant man, but that man was destined to great victories, and to become the most distinguished and successful physician in Central Illinois, and in the writer's life was to perform a great part, his friend from the first, his physician, his preceptor, his counsellor for nearly fifty-five years. Only for a short time was the young doctor required to plod along, homesick and alone, waiting for business, but this time was fully occupied in study, the materia medica and the Organon being his constant companions and his chief delight. He was thoroughly imbued with the truth of the principles of Homœopathy, and he never swerved in their application or in his loyalty to Hahnemann.

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BACMEISTER, THEODORE

should be of minor consideration in view of other exc
vantages, but we can render the hands surgically clear
use of green soap, lime and soda, and avoid irritation
staining that follows the use of iodine.

For purposes of irrigation, external or internal, iodir
satisfactory. I rarely now irrigate the abdominal ca
when I do so I am very partial to the use of iodine in
portion of one drachm in a quart of salt solution.

In the dressing of wounds iodine promotes healthy
tions, and at the same time controls suppuration by virt
bactericidal action. For deep wounds, abscesses, sinuses
like, healing is promoted by carrying iodine tincture
part, either with a syringe or a saturated cotton swab.
desired to increase the caustic properties, as well as th
cidal, an equal part of carbolic acid may be added.

In my gynecological work I use iodine more than a
single local remedy. Either alone or with carbolic acid, c
stronger potash preparation,—Churchill's tincture,—the
of cases of glandular hyperplasia (eroded cervix) can b
The keynote for the use of iodine is excessive growth
hypertrophy or hyperplasia. When these conditions e

mœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, afterwards the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, he at once distinguished himself as a student, not with any meteor-like show of brilliancy, but by the profound application of an analytical mind already trained to thoroughly understand all that was behind before attempting to master that which was to follow.

He graduated in 1856, and at once started for the comparatively unknown great West, locating in the small village of Toulon, Ills. Here he landed a stranger in a strange land, unacquainted with the manners and customs of its people, and with but a partial knowledge of its language. These, together with his naturally modest and retiring disposition, placed him in an exceptionally difficult position. But he was undaunted. The same sterling qualities he had before shown now stood him in good stead at this the most critical period of his life. It was at this time, when only a child of eight years of age, that the writer first saw Dr. Bacmeister. "There's the new little pill doctor. Hello, Dutchy," cried a playmate, the son of the allopathic doctor, who had ruled the village and the county, medically, as with a rod of iron for many years, and who resented but feared not the encroachment of a new doctor, especially one of the much detested homœopathic persuasion. I looked up and saw what to me seemed as, comapred with our old doctor, an awkward and insignificant man, but that man was destined to great victories, and to become the most distinguished and successful physician in Central Illinois, and in the writer's life was to perform a great part, his friend from the first, his physician, his preceptor, his counsellor for nearly fifty-five years. Only for a short time was the young doctor required to plod along, homesick and alone, waiting for business, but this time was fully occupied in study, the materia medica and the Organon being his constant companions and his chief delight. He was thoroughly imbued with the truth of the principles of Homœopathy, and he never swerved in their application or in his loyalty to Hahnemann.

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In 1867 the writer entered his office as a student, and whatever success may have followed to the former, they were largely due to the faithful instruction and advice received from his preceptor. In 1868 Dr. Bacmeister accepted the chair of Materia Medica in the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, and prepared to make his home in that city, establishing an office with Drs. Geo. E. Shipman and G. D. Beebe. But the environments of the city did not please him, nor was he satisfied with the methods of college work and teaching, especially as far as they referred to the materia medica and its application in practice. He soon tired of it all and longed for the honesty, freedom and purity of country life. So in the spring of 1869 he returned to Toulon, and made it his home until the Great Reaper called him to his reward.

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say that in those days, or in later years, no one has ever surpassed him in his wonderful cures of the sick. I trust it will not be inappropriate for me, in this communication, to urge upon those who may read this article to emulate these virtues. In later years as serum therapy and all the various physiological methods of treatment came in vogue, and like barnacles weighed down the ship of Homœopathy, and even now threaten its destructions, Dr. Bacmeister never wavered in his allegiance to the law of similars, and rejected with scorn all suggestions that he allow such methods to supplant it.

Dr. Bacmeister was a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Illinois State Homœopathic Medical Association, and other local societies. However, he took little interest in society meetings. He had no personal ambitions, and also felt that too little time was given to subjects pertaining to Homœopathy and too much time to other things.

In 1864 Dr. Bacmeister married Laura L. Ogle, who came to him from one of the best known and most prominent families in the county. His wife proved to be a true helpmeet, and greatly aided him with her good influences and sound advice. To them were born several children, all of whom have grown to manhood and womanhood, and who are an honor to their parents. Of these I will only mention Dr. Theodore Bacmeister, of Chicago, who is truly "a worthy son of a noble sire," and who promises to fulfill in his life the part which his father so earnestly desired.

Thus has passed from us probably the last of the great Homœopaths of a former generation, and who, in the West, was the pioneer of pure Homœopathy. His honest, noble and pure life should be a lesson to all who remain, while his consistent adherence to the principles of Hahnemann should impress itself especially upon those of the present day, who, not appreciating the absolute truth of the law of similars, are wandering after false gods and longing for the flesh pots of Egypt. He died as he would have wished, while actively engaged in his professional work. The Angel of Death came upon him silently and swiftly, and he gladly turned and followed to his Father's home to receive the reward awaiting all those who prove faithful to the end.

A kind and loving husband and parent, an able physician, a wise counsellor, a faithful friend. Farewell!

Chicago. Hom Recorder May 1911

BACON, CASPER L

CASPER L. BACON, Muncie, Indiana, born in Watertown, N. Y., October 1, 1853; graduated from State Normal and Training School at Pottsdam, N. Y.; studied medicine under preceptorship of Dr. W. H. Gifford of Cleveland, Ohio; graduated from Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, 1896; practiced in Cleveland, Ohio., 1896 to 1900; Muncie, Ind., continuously since 1900.

CHARLES AUSTIN BACON, M.D.

The son of Daniel Peck and Mary Armitage Bacon, was born in the city of New York (on the corner of Vesey and Church streets), May 14, 1838. His father was a school teacher, and by him Charles was fitted to enter Columbia College, where he graduated in 1856. He studied medicine with Dr. John F. Gray, and Dr. S. R. Percy, and obtained his medical degreee at the New York Medical College and Charity Hospital, March, 1863.

He served one year on the staff of the Brooklyn City Hospital, and in 1864 began practice in the city of New York, acquiring experience by four years' attendance at the New York Homœopathic Dispensary. When the New York Ophthalmic Hospital was placed under the care of Homœopathic physicians, Dr. Bacon was among the first to be put on the board of attending surgeons. He spent three years, 1872 to 1875, studying in London, Berlin, and Vienna. On his return in the fall of 1875, he was appointed house physician at the Charity Hospital on Ward's Island, which had just been turned over from the old to the new school of practice. His hospital experience was of great value in organizing this first large and well-appointed hospital that had been taken charge of by our school. He was also a member of the medical board of the Hahnemann Hospital, as well as other charitable institutions.

He was Professor of Physiology and Histology for several years in the New York Homœopathic College. In April, 1878, he was made a member of the State Board of Medical Examiners by the Regents of the State University. He was a member of the New York State and County societies, in which he took active part, being Vice-President of the latter organization in 1885. He was an assistant surgeon in the army. He became a member of the Institute in 1871. After practicing twenty-three years in New York, he removed to the city of Washington in 1885 or 1886, where he continued in practice till within two years of his death, which occurred in Florida, January 9, 1892. His wife, who died two years before him, was a daughter of Professor Reed, of the University of Missouri. Two children survive him, a daughter of fourteen and a son of ten years.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1893.

Name (in full,) Charles Austin Bacon

Date and Place of Birth New York City May 14 - 1836

If Graduate in Liberal Arts, Graduate of Columbia College in 1856 degree M.A. - 1863

Medical Studies.

a. Name and Residence of preceptor

John L. Gray M.D. ~~Boston~~ S. R. Percy M.D. } New York City

b. Medical Colleges attended and when.

New York Med College & Charity Hospital
Universities of Vienna & Berlin

c. College and Date of Diploma.

N.Y. M. Coll & Ch Hosp 1863

Places and Dates of Practice.

New York City from 1864

REMARKS:

Professional, political, or civil positions held, papers or reports written, or special work done.

Served one year in Brooklyn City Hospital — four years in 34th St. Dispensary — four years as Surgeon in New York Ophthalmic Hospital

(OVER)

OBITUARY.

DR. CHARLES A. BACON.

Dr. Charles A. Bacon, formerly of this city, died yesterday in Deland, Fla., at the age of fifty-five. His death was produced by pericarditis brought on by a prolonged immersion in the Indian River a year ago. Dr. Bacon was born and brought up in this city. He was graduated from Columbia College, studied medicine with Dr. John F. Gray, of this city, and completed his medical training with a three-years' course of study in Vienna and Berlin. He practised twenty-three years in this city, living during the greater part of that time at No. 130 East Thirty-fifth-st.

He moved to Washington, D. C., six or seven years ago, continuing there the practice of medicine till two years ago. Five years ago he invested in real estate in Florida, and purchased two or three orange groves which he cultivated. He spent his winters only in Florida, going there first a year ago, and the last time in October. He enlisted as assistant-surgeon in the Army at the time of the battle of White Oaks. Mrs. Bacon, who died two years ago, was a daughter of President Reed, of the University of Missouri. Two children survive him, a girl fourteen years old and a boy ten years old. Congressman Bacon, of Orange County, is a brother of Dr. Bacon.

The body will be brought from Florida and buried in the family lot in Greenwood.

Tribune. 1.10/92

DR. CHARLES A. BACON.

Dr. Charles A. Bacon, formerly of this city, died January 9, 1892, in Deland, Fla., at the age of fifty-five. His death was produced by pericarditis brought on by a prolonged immersion in the Indian River a year ago. Dr. Bacon was born and brought up in this city. He was graduated from Columbia College, studied medicine with Dr. John F. Gray, of this city, and completed his medical training with a three-years' course of study in Vienna and Berlin. He practiced twenty-three years in this city, was an active promoter in the organization of the Ward's Island Hospital, and a member of the Medical Board for many years.

He moved to Washington, D. C., six or seven years since, continuing there the practice of medicine till two years ago. Five years since he invested in real estate in Florida, and purchased two or three orange groves, which he cultivated. He spent his winters only in Florida, going there first a year ago, and the last time in October. He enlisted as assistant-surgeon in the army at the time of the battle of White Oaks. Mrs. Bacon, who died in 1890, was a daughter of President Reed, of the University of Missouri. Two children survive him, a girl of fourteen and a boy ten years old.

N Y Med Times Feb 1892

BACON

DR. BACON, of Clarinda, Iowa, of phthisis pulmonalis. Thus another valiant soldier has been taken from the ranks of the grand army. The doctor commenced the old system of medicine in Ulrich. He graduated, locating at Mazeppa, Minn., where he practiced for some time. While laboring in this field the light of the new life-giving truth dawned upon his mind. He then removed to Anoka, Minn., where he continued to practice Homœopathy, until his failing health compelled him to seek a more congenial climate on the coast of Florida, the land of flowers. While on his way there, he stopped to see his parents, who are residing in this place, who persuaded him to stop and try practice, thinking he might be benefitted by staying here for a short time, but he gradually sank under his disease. The doctor was an examplary young man, in the prime of his life; he was taken away beloved by all who knew him. He leaves a wife and child to mourn his untimely death. He was twenty-nine years of age, and a bright future before him, but the insidious enemy stayed not his hand, hence we have him with us no more. May he rest in peace.

U S Med Invset Aug 1 1877 J. W. JONES.

BACON, EARL Z., M.D., of Chicago, Illinois, was born March 17, 1843, in Colebrook, Connecticut.

When he was twelve years of age his parents moved to New York state where he attended the district schools until he was sixteen years old, when he entered Westfield Academy preparatory for college.

In 1862, he with a number of other students, enlisted in the 154th New York State Volunteers, and carried a musket through a dozen different battles, and for some time after Gettysburg battle. He was one of five men that composed his company that originally was ninety-eight men strong.

The last year of the war he was clerk for Brigadier General P. H. Jones of the 20th Army Corps, and was in the campaign from Atlanta to the sea and from Savannah north through the Carolinas.

After the close of the war, he resumed his studies but had to relinquish them on account of ill health, and in the year 1866 was appointed postal clerk in the U. S. Ry. Mail Service. Mr. Bacon continued in this service until he resigned in 1883, to enter Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Chicago, Illinois, for which he had been preparing himself. Here he took a three years' course and graduated with the class of 1886.

Dr. Bacon then located in Englewood, Illinois, now a part of Chicago, where he still continues to practice. He is universally loved by his patrons and friends. He is a member of the Clinical Society and the Illinois State Homœopathic Medical Association.

BACON, EBENEZER H

Matriculated from Calais, Me., Oct 6 1849. Graduated Mar 2 1850. Not an Alumni member. Ist Course at Bowdoin Medical School. Maine.

BACON, JOHN L Jr

Born July 1 1875 at
Matriculated from Brimfield, Mass, Sept 26 1894.
Graduated May 12 1897. Member of Alumni Assoc.
Located at Southboro, Mass.

BACON, J L

BAEHR, BERNHARD

Dr. Bernard Baehr, of Hanover, died Oct. 21. 1884, at Gmünden, at the residence of his host, the Duke of Cumberland. He was born at Hanover, April 17, 1828, studied at the Universities of Gottingen and of Vienna, where he first investigated Homœopathy. In 1855 he was awarded the prize of the Homœopathic Central Verein of Germany for his monograph on digitatis, and in 1862 his well known work on therapeutics was published in this country, from which he was best known in England and America. He died of tuberculosis. Homœopathy loses one of its best known and able practitioners in Germany by the death of Dr. Baehr.

Med. Adv. V.15.p 392. Oct 1885

BERNARD BAEHR, M.D.

Dr. Bernard Baehr died at Gmunden, on the 21st of October, 1884. The deceased was born at Hanover, April 17, 1828. He studied at the universities of Göttingen and Vienna. He first became acquainted with homœopathy in Vienna, and in 1855 he published his monograph on "Digitalis." In 1862 he brought out his famous work on *Therapeutics*, on which his reputation in this country chiefly rests. The cause of his death was tuberculosis consecutive to diabetes. Hahn Mo Feb 1885

BAELZ, C.

C. BAELZ, M. D., is a native of Germany, and a graduate of the University of Zurich, Switzerland, in the class of 1836; Shoenlein being at the time one of its Professors. He practised Allopathy for a time in Europe before he came, and also after his arrival in this country. But not satisfied with it, and being familiar with all the details of Hydropatic practice, he opened a "*Water Cure*" establishment, and while practising Hydropathy, he examined and to some extent tried Homœopathy, which resulted in its adoption as his mode of practice, after *twenty-one* years of Allopathic and Hydropathic treatment. He located permanently in Pittsburgh, in 1861. He is a member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and has contributed several articles to enhance the interest of its proceedings. He has gained some celebrity as an *Oculist* and *Aurist*, and ranks well as a general practitioner.

W. C.

Trans.Hom.Med.Soc.Penna. 1870-71.

BAELZ, FREDERICK CLEMENS

DEALH OF FREDERICK CLEMENS BAELZ, M.D.

Action of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Alleghany County, Pa.

REPORTED BY J. H. MCCLELLAND, M.D., SECRETARY.

AT a special meeting of this Society held at the Homœopathic Hospital, Pittsburg, on the first day of October, 1872, a committee, consisting of Drs. Coté, Childs, Burgher, Rankin, and McClelland, was appointed to prepare obituary resolutions upon the late Dr. F. C. Baelz, who had been a worthy member of the Society.

The following report of the committee was unanimously adopted as the sentiment of the Society:

It is highly appropriate and in full accord with the feelings of the members of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Alleghany County, Pa., that they formally express their appreciation of the life and character of their late colleague, Dr. F. C. Baelz, and that they offer words of sympathy to his sorrowing family.

They would, therefore, bear voluntary testimony to the high moral character of Dr. Baelz as a Christian gentleman, and to his fidelity to duty in his professional walks of life; where his uniform courtesy and kindliness of heart endeared him to his associates, who will cherish his memory and hold his example as worthy of their emulation.

Truly "dying in the harness" then terminated a life which knew no idleness, peacefully and calmly retiring from his earthly labors in the midst of duties so well performed and preparation so complete, that when his summons came he was ready to obey.

We would now extend to the bereaved family of our late fellow-member our sympathies, warm and sincere; and would rejoice with them in their inheritance of a name untarnished.

The Society directs that a committee present a copy of the above to the family of the deceased, and that the Secretary furnish a copy of the same to the *Hahnemannian Monthly* for publication; also that the members of the Society attend the funeral in a body.

MARCELLIN COTÉ,
WM. R. CHILDS,
J. C. BURGHER,
J. S. RANKIN,
J. H. MCCLELLAND.
Committee.

At the regular meeting of the Society, held October 11th, 1872, Dr. Burgher, who had been designated for the purpose, presented the following obituary notice, which was unanimously adopted.

On Monday evening, September 30th, A.D. 1872, at his residence, No. 100 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., FREDERICK CLEMENS BAELZ, M.D., departed this life.

In Memoriam.

Dr. F. C. Baelz was born in the kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany, November 18th, 1814. Of his early life and history but little is known by the writer of this brief memoir. He graduated at the University of Zurich, Switzerland, in the class of 1836, and soon after emigrated to this country, locating in Canfield, Ohio, November 18th, 1839. He married Miss Amelia Mason who, with three daughters (the only issues of their union), remain to deplore the loss of a kind husband and an affec-

tionate father. Dr. Baelz practiced allopathy for several years, but not satisfied with it, familiarized himself with the details of hydropathic practice, and opened a "water cure sanitarium" near Brownsville, Pa., in 1847, which remained under his management until 1855, when he removed to Pittsburg. Here he practiced hydropathy in connection with homœopathy until 1857, when he took charge of a hydropathic establishment at Phillipsburg, Pa. In 1861 he again located in Pittsburg, where he practiced homœopathy until the day before his death.

It is proper to remark that Dr. Baelz was no mere novice in homœopathy, having examined its principles and to some extent tested its merits while practicing hydropathy. Homœopathy was only adopted as his mode of practice after a thorough study and practical test had convinced him of its superiority over hydropathy and allopathy, after a fair trial of the latter two for a period of twenty-one years.

Dr. Baelz was an exemplary member of the Episcopalian church, and greatly esteemed for his many Christian virtues.

His health for the last year or two was not good. The cause of his death was organic stricture of the colon, to which spasmodic stricture was added (entirely closing the bowel), as the immediate cause. About six weeks previous to his death he had a severe attack of spasmodic stricture at the sigmoid flexure, which soon yielded to treatment, but was followed by attacks which, for a few days at a time, would confine him to his room. The day preceding his death he made a number of professional visits, and in the evening complained of much fatigue. About 5 o'clock A.M. of the day he died he was again attacked with acute symptoms—intense pain and tympanitis—and expired about 9 o'clock P.M., calmly and affectionately bidding farewell to the members of his family and personal friends at his bedside, and thanking the physicians for their kind efforts to afford him relief.

The Doctor was a member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Alleghany County, and contributed at its meetings by his essays and discussions much valuable information.

His obsequies were attended by the members of the Society in a body, all wearing the customary badge of mourning.

Drs. M. Coté, J. F. Cooper, M. W. Wallace, J. C. Burgher, J. S. Rankin, and L. M. Rousseau acted as pall bearers. *Vivit post funera virtus.*

Hahn Mo Dec 1872

BAER, ELIZABETH

ELIZABETH BAER, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, is a native of Cumberland county, that state, daughter of Wilson Baer and Ann E. Gleim, his wife. She began her medical education in the Woman's College (allopathic) of Pennsylvania, and afterward finished her course in Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, where she came to her degree in 1898. Since graduation she has been in continuous practice, and her efforts in that direction have been rewarded with gratifying success from the outset. She is a member of the medical staff of the Woman's Homœopathic Hospital and also of the Woman's Southern Homœopathic Hospital, both of Philadelphia.

King Vol IV

BAER, GEORGE FRANKLIN

Born at Allentown, Pa, Sept 4 1883. Matriculated from Allentown Aug 15 1901. Graduated May 24 1905. Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated at Allentown High School. Bethlehem Preparatory School. Located at Pittsburgh Pa

BAER, OLIVER PERRY, of Richmond, Ind., was born in Frederick City, Md., August 25th, 1816. He comes of good old revolutionary stock, his paternal and maternal grandsires having fought under Washington during the entire war for national independence. His ancestors on his father's side were of English birth, and his mother's father, Jacob Fauble, came from Hesse Darmstadt during the revolutionary struggle, but took sides with the patriots. The subject of this sketch received his earlier education at a Jesuit School in Frederick City; after removing to Ohio, he attended the Dayton Academy, and later the Springfield High School, and the Oxford, Ohio, University. Having decided upon the profession of medicine, he commenced his studies under the allopathic school in Dayton, Ohio, relinquishing the idea of entering the Catholic priesthood, for which he was previously intended. Having accomplished a due course of reading and office instruction, he completed his medical studies in Louisville, Ky., and practised under the allopathic system for nearly ten years. During this time, however, he became dissatisfied with its theories and results, and this dissatisfaction finally led him to examine the merits of homœopathy. The result of this investigation was such as to compel him to renounce allopathy, and adopt the homœopathic system, of which he became an enthusiastic adherent and able exponent, and under which he has continued in active practice ever since. Dr. Baer is a man of enlarged views and extensive reading. In the midst of the duties of a laborious profession, as well as in his earlier career when struggling unaided to obtain an education, he yet contrived to devote some hours to the study of kindred sciences and to general reading, an additional labor, which brought a rich return in the acquisition of varied and valuable knowledge. His earlier education under the Jesuits, which was continued until he was eighteen years of age, gave him the framework of a knowledge upon scientific subjects and languages, which he afterwards enlarged entirely by his own efforts.

He taught night schools, lectured on various subjects, such as botany, geology, chemistry, mathematics, as applied to surveying, engineering, and other matters of practical importance, and also gave instruction in languages after school hours, and thus putting to advantage what he had already gained, obtained means to still pursue his way in the path of knowledge.

Dr. Baer is a man of strong convictions, but of earnest mind and liberal views, and his inclinations have always led him to investigate what appeared to possess merit, and to be convinced when truth was plainly exhibited. He early took issue against two great evils of the time. He joined the Washingtonian Society in 1835, and has been an uncompromising advocate of temperance ever since. He also became an earnest opponent of human slavery, and identified himself with the avowed abolition party, then but a small band, as early as 1840. His religious views had also undergone a change in the meantime; he had become interested in the works of Emanuel Swedenborg, and further investigation and reflection leading him to adopt the views advocated by that celebrated leader, he connected himself, in 1837, with the sect known as the Swedenborgians, with which he has since remained prominently identified. Dr. Baer is a warm advocate of all the great moral and social reforms of the day. He condemns the use of tobacco as a serious evil, both from a physical and a moral point of view, and as closely allied to the pernicious class of stimulants, of which the chief, alcohol, stands to-day the source of untold woe in our land, and the great impediment to a prosperity such as even in this progressive nation has hardly been dreamed of. In 1840, he lectured in different parts of the West on such subjects as geology, phrenology, and the botany of the prairies, his tour being a very successful one, and giving him quite an extensive and enviable reputation as a scientist and as a lecturer. He has the faculty which many public speakers on kindred topics lack, of popularizing his subject, and he gained in consequence the attention and appreciation of his audience. Dr. Baer settled in Richmond, Ind., in 1849—at that time he was the

only homœopathist in the State, and had many hard-fought battles on all sides, with laymen as well as physicians. Here he enjoys a large and lucrative practice, and the esteem of his townsmen as a valuable and public spirited citizen. He has received, in addition to his scientific and classical diploma, the degree of Doctor of Medicine from one allopathic and two homœopathic colleges. He still devotes a considerable portion of his leisure to his favorite studies, has a large private cabinet containing collections illustrating botany, conchology, geology, and other sciences, and possesses one of the largest scientific libraries in the West. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, President of the Indiana State Institute of Homœopathy, and an honorary member of the Homœopathic Institute of Minnesota. He is also medical examiner for three life insurance companies. He has repeatedly received flattering honors in the offer of professorships in literary and medical colleges, but has uniformly declined, preferring a private life, and the satisfaction derived from his useful and successful professional career. Dr. Baer has been a member of the Order of Odd Fellows since 1842, and is a Mason of the forty-first degree. He was married, in 1841, to Miss Calista Mathewson, of Providence, R. I., who died in 1846. He was married the second time, in 1848, to Miss Emma Jane Crocker, a lady of culture and literary tastes; by whom he has one child, a daughter of great musical talent and culture.

Dr. Baer's record is honorable to himself and to his profession, as well as instructive and encouraging to the younger members, who, entering upon medical practice, often amidst serious discouragements, may observe in his career the reward which is always attainable, under our institutions, by indomitable energy and conscientious labor.

Dr. Oliver Perry Baer, of Richmond, Ind., died Friday, August 10th, at 10:30 P. M., from tuberculosis. He was born August 25th, 1816, at Frederick, Md., being nearly seventy-two years of age at the time of his death. The doctor was educated for the priesthood, but relinquished that to enter the medical profession, graduating from the Louisville Medical College. After practicing ten years he became dissatisfied and studied homœopathy, graduating from two homœopathic colleges. He then settled in Richmond, Ind., being the first homœopath to practice in that state. He continued to reside in Richmond until the time of his death.

Med Couns. Sept 1888

On the 3d of September, 1849, Dr. O. P. Baer, formerly of Dayton, latterly of Vandalin, Ohio, located in Richmond. Ind. Cholera, fevers, etc., were prevailing at the time, and practice grew rapidly. Of course the opposition soon became very strong, and, as it always is with the pioneer of any honest reformation, the way was hedged with numerous and diabolical obstacles, which, by patient, Christian fortitude, were all surmounted; and all of these fierce efforts to suppress the truth operated inversely, for by means of them homœopathy was thoroughly advertised and kept before the people. After a few years the opposing element calmed down to a sort of indifferent courtesy, which exists at the present time. For about six years Dr. Baer was the only representative in Richmond,

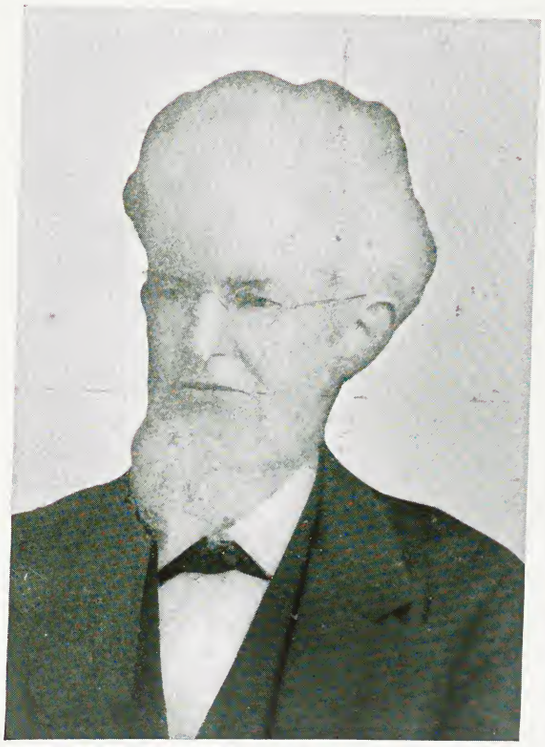
Oliver P. Baer, M.D.

Dr. Oliver Perry Baer, of Richmond, Ind., died Friday, August 10th, at 10.30 P.M., from tuberculosis. He was born August 25th, 1816, hence he would soon have been seventy-two years old. He has been a sufferer for many years from tuberculosis, but has always succeeded in controlling its ravages till within the last half year, when he began to fail in health.

Oliver Perry Baer was born on the date stated in Frederick, Md. He comes of sturdy English and Dutch ancestry, but both grandfathers fought in the American Revolution. He gained his first education in the Jesuit school at Frederick, and was instructed for the priesthood. In coming to Ohio he settled at Dayton, and further pursued his education in the Dayton Academy, Springfield High School, and finally at Miami University, Oxford, O. Relinquishing the idea of priesthood he entered into the medical profession, and graduated in the Louisville Medical College, an institution that taught the allopathic system. He practiced this ten years in Ohio, but became dissatisfied with allopathic results and methods, and became a homœopath, studied and graduated from two homœopathic colleges. He was the first homœopathic physician to settle in Indiana, which he did in 1849, settling in this city. Dr. Baer fought a hard fight against the prevailing beliefs, but won. It was not in him to accept defeat. His quality of application enabled him to overcome every obstacle.

He was a man of strong beliefs, but was a wide student. He studied deep into sciences. He spent a great deal of time on geology, botany, etc., and has been well known in the past as an able lecturer and teacher. The theory, now said to be confirmed, that because Richmond is situated on the crest of broken strata which emit electric currents, that electrical storms must pass by on either side was studied out by Dr. Baer. This same originality was characteristic of his life and work.

The doctor likewise took great interest in early days in the great reform movements. He was an 1840 abolitionist, and has fought whiskey and tobacco all his life. He believed them productive of incalculable harm. In all such matters he held decided views. No one need ever be in doubt as to where he stood.



Oliver P. Baer, M. D.

OLIVER PERRY BAER, M.D.,

RICHMOND, IND.

The subject of this sketch was born in Frederick, Maryland, August 25th, 1816. His parental grandfather was of English birth; his mother's father was a native of Hesse-Darmstadt, yet both fought under Washington during the American revolution. Young Baer received his early education at a Jesuit school in Frederick City, but his family having removed to Ohio, he attended the academy at Dayton, afterwards at the Springfield high school, and finally at the Miami University, at Oxford, Ohio. His earlier studies were designed to fit him for the Catholic priesthood, but after pursuing his academic studies at Oxford for a time, he relinquished this original idea and adopted medicine as his choice of a profession. His studies in this science were begun in a school at Dayton, but were completed in the Louisville Medical College, from which institution he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The following ten years were spent in allopathic practice in Ohio, but his results were, to him, so unsatisfactory that he investigated homœopathy, became convinced of its superior merits and adopted it in practice. In 1849 he removed to Richmond, Ind., and became a pioneer of the new system in that State. From that time until failing health compelled him to relinquish active labor he held up the standard and maintained the reputation of homœopathy, spite of some hard-fought battles with both physicians and laymen. Long after he had thoroughly established himself in his Richmond practice—namely, in 1866–67—he attended a course of lectures in the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, and took its degree in March, 1867.

Dr. Baer was, in his intellectual qualities, somewhat out of the common order. As an investigator and thinker it is doubtful if he allowed any of the ordinary prejudices and predilections of his earlier opinions to restrain or divert him. Not only in medical matters, but in those pertaining to public morals and even to the concerns of his religious life, he was thoroughly independent. Strong in his convictions, he yet seems to have been remarkably free from prejudices on almost all subjects which came under his research and investigation. Early in life he revolted against two of the great moral tyrannies of his country, legalized slavery and legalized intemperance. This was as far back as 1840. Earlier yet—in 1837—he investigated the basis of his religious views, and straightway modified them

Swaine, Photo., *Richmond, Ind.*
Cor. Main and Fifth Sts.

O. P. Baer
Born in Frederick City Md -
Aug. 25th 1816. -

With Compliments

304 Name in full Oliver P. Baer —

P. O. Address in full Richmond Indiana

Graduate [redacted] of Louisville Ky - Allopath —
also of Philadelphia — & St Louis - Homeopath

I sent you a full list of Homeopaths of our State O P Baer

to meet the indications of his broader knowledge. In all great questions of public advancement, he was to be found among the foremost. Added to this he possessed unusual executive ability, especially in putting into practice what he had learned respecting the means and methods of medical and surgical art, his decisions being reached quickly, and executed promptly, vigorously, and, as a rule, successfully. This was well illustrated in his treatment of the different forms of placenta prævia, of which he had been called to treat an unusually large number, and of which a report was published by the obstetric bureau of the American Institute.

Dr. Baer's studies, even in his later years, were not confined to medical subjects, but embraced almost the entire circle of the natural sciences. He accumulated large collections illustrating the subjects of botany, conchology, geology, and other sciences, and, it is said, possessed one of the largest scientific libraries in the West.

His death occurred August 10th, 1888, his age lacking but fifteen days of 72 years. It has been well said of him that the record he leaves is honorable to himself and to his profession, and encouraging to those who seek the rewards of indomitable energy and conscientious labor.

Am. Inst. 1889.

O. P. Baer, M.D., Richmond, Ind., the pioneer Homœopath of the state, died of tuberculosis, Aug. 10, 1888, aged seventy-two years.

Med. Adv. V. 21. p 384

Matriculated from Richmond Ind Oct 1866. Graduated Mar 2 1867. Died at Richmond, Ind Aug 10 1888 aet 72 member of Alumni Assoc.

HENRY BAETHIG, SR., M.D.

The subject of this notice was educated for the calling of a clergyman, in which vocation he exercised his talents and labors with much success in his native country, until, having attracted the attention of the government by his too openly expressed republican principles, he left Germany and sought a home in the United States.

In this country he pursued the business of an apothecary, but his literary and scientific acquirements, and his bold and vigorous style of writing, soon brought him into notice as an able and attractive correspondent of the German newspapers.

It was not till nearly 58 years of age that he became a convert to, and a student of, homœopathy. Having become awakened to the importance of this great medical reformation, he was not deterred by his advanced years from undertaking its prosecution. He disposed of his business, became a student of the new method, and was, in due time, and after a thorough examination, licensed as a practitioner by the Erie County Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of New York. He continued in the active pursuit of his new profession, winning the confidence of the public and the respect and esteem of his colleagues, until his death in Buffalo, by disease of the heart, December 5th, 1871. He was elected a member of the Institute in June, 1869.

Am. Inst. Hom. 1875

Name in full

Heinrich Baethig

P. O. Address in full

339 Oak St.
Buffalo N. Y.

~~Graduate of~~ Licentiate) of

the Homoeop. Medic. Society
of Erie Co N. Y.

BAETHIG, HENRY,(Jr)

HENRY BAETHIG, M. D.

Dr. Baethig was born in Nuremburg, Germany, in 1850, coming to Buffalo when he was quite a lad. His father was a well-known physician, one of the earliest disciples of Hahnemann who practiced in Buffalo. Dr. Baethig was educated in the public schools of that city and later attended Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, from which institution he received his degree in 1870. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession in Buffalo, where his death occurred July 14th, 1906.

The esteem in which he was held is best told in the following minute adopted at a joint meeting of the Erie County Homeopathic Medical Society, the Clinical Club, and the staff of the Buffalo Homeopathic Hospital:

The Nestor of our profession has passed on to his reward.

Henry Baethig was one to whom everyone, young and old, professional and otherwise, delighted to go for wise counsel, for friendly advice and for practical suggestions in time of difficulty or danger, and having gone to him for that purpose, no one ever came away without benefit and relief. Always kindly and courteous in manner, with never an expression of impatience at any demand made upon his time or his strength, he was ever ready with just the right suggestion of what was newest and best in any department of medical lore. For it was a source of wonder to his associates in medicine how, in spite of the constantly increasing exactions of a very large *clientèle,* he found opportunity to keep himself informed and in touch with every new departure or advancement for the detection of diseased conditions and the relief or eradication of the same from the human economy. And yet he was no mere wanderer in the field of medicine, ever looking for something new and different for the cure of disease, since none were more ready than he to hold fast to that which had proven of value in his many years of experience and practice.

A careful, conservative diagnostician, an exact and intelligent prescriber, a thoughtful and far-seeing observer of the progress and probable outcome of pathological conditions with which he came in contact, he was indeed a tower of strength in his profession.

Add to this a genial temperament, a most lovable disposition, a heart big enough to recognize all that was noble and good in those about him, and too big to be affected by the petty weaknesses and

littlenesses of poor, frail human nature, and little wonder is it that no man in the profession will be more sorely missed than he, both among his professional associates and the public at large. We have lost a friend and a brother; his patients have lost a most valued helper and counselor; his family has lost a loving husband and a tender father, while he has gained the reward that ever awaits a life of conscientious, self-sacrificing devotion to duty.

> "There is no death; what seems so is transition;
> This life of mortal breath
> Is but a suburb of the life elysian,
> Whose portal we call death."

Dr. Baethig joined the Institute in 1874.

A I H 1906

Matriculated from Buffalo, N Y Octo 27 1868
Graduated Mar 9 1870. Member of Alumni Assoc.
Died at Buffalo, July 14 1906 aet 56

Buffalo. N.Y
May 27. 70
H. Baethig

Buffalo May 27 – 1870

Prof. R. Koch M.D. –

Dear doctor & friend

But
for the fact that I did not
[illegible] with a letter before
I had become pretty established I
would have written you long
before this.

[illegible] first of last
month I was [illegible]
for the benefit of all those who
desire to be cured of their ills.

So far my patients are
pure and better-one. Still we
have [illegible] success
success is no doubtful appearance.
I have [illegible]
[illegible] in the
[illegible]

BAGLEY, HERMAN BEARDSLEY

HERMAN BEARDSLEY BAGLEY, M.D.,

SEATTLE, WASH.

Dr. Bagley was elected a member of the Institute in 1870 at a session held in Chicago, becoming a Senior in 1895. Dr. Bagley was the son of Dr. Alvin Bagley, a well-known Homœopathic practitioner in New York, Ohio and Michigan, who settled in Seattle in 1872 and died there in 1885.

Dr. Herman Bagley was born near Auburn, N. Y., March 12, 1845, and when five years of age his parents removed to Ohio, where he passed his boyhood. At an early age he began the study of medicine under his father's direction, and after attending lectures in the Western Homœopathic College, Cleveland, and graduating therefrom in 1865, began practice at Marshall, Mich. The following year he took a post graduate course at Bellevue Medical College, New York.

In 1874 he removed to Seattle, Wash., where he continued in practice until his death, March 8, 1899. In 1889 he was elected President of the King County Homœopathic Medical Society, and the following year was elected President of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Washington. In May of the same year he was appointed a member of the State Board of Medical Examiners. He married Miss Katharine M. Sweet, of Marshall, Mich., in 1874, who survives him. A I H 1900

Dr. E. Weldon Young,
Seattle, Washington

June 4/99

JUN 15 1899

Dear Dr Smith

Looking over old letters I find the enclosed resolution relative to Dr Bagley who was formerly known hereabouts, a man of wealth, high professional attainments, and honored citizen

Sorry I cannot be present at the meeting with the hospital —

Sincerely

E Weldon Young

Seattle, Washington, March 19, 1899.

WHEREAS, Death has visited our ranks and removed from our ıst our associate and co-laborer, Dr. Herman Beardsley Bagley, in e meridian of his usefulness; Therefore be it

RESOLVED, That in the death of Dr. Bagley we mourn the loss a faithful and devoted friend and a zealous worker in every measure .culated to promote our common cause.

RESOLVED, That in this hour of sorrow that we the members of King County Homeopathic Medical Society tender earnest expressions sympathy to her who has lost a fond and true companion and to those ıerous friends who today drop the silent tear over the remains of faithful and trustworthy family physician.

RESOLVED, That we attend as a Society the Memorial services ur late associate to indicate our respect and esteem; and be it her

RESOLVED, That copies of these resolutions be spread upon records of this Society; forwarded to his widow; to the Secretary he American Institute of Homeopathy and to the Pacific Coast nal of Homeopathy for publication.

Signed Weldon Young M.D.

Secretary

BAHIN, GUSTAVE J., M.D., of Natchez, Mississippi, was born at Paris, France, September 2, 1841.

His early education was obtained in Paris. He came to the United States with his parents in 1850 and attended school at the Natchez Institute.

Young Bahin was in the Confederate army four years. He was married in 1866 to Miss Mary M. Wey, in Natchez, Mississippi. He studied medicine from 1866 to 1870, read both schools but preferred Homœopathy. He read under the advice of Dr. F. A. W. Davis and has been practicing since 1870, mostly a private practice, as he was engaged in other business, but at the request of friends and Homœopathic physicians will shortly go into regular practice.

BAHRENBURG, JOHN H

Name in full John H. Bahrenburg.

P. O. Address in full 919. Wash Street
St Louis Mo.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Kentucky School of Medicin

BAHRENBURG, WILLIAM NAST

WILLIAM NAST BAHRENBURG, St. Louis, Missouri, was born in Louisville, Kentucky, November 3, 1850, son of John Henry and Barbara (Bohl) Bahrenburg. His father, also a practitioner of homœopathy, graduated from the Kentucky School of Medicine, Louisville, about fifty years ago, and located in St. Louis in 1860. He died March 6, 1885, aged seventy-two years. Dr. W. N. Bahrenburg attended the graded and high schools of St. Louis, studied medicine under his father's direction, also in Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri in 1872-3, the St. Louis Medical College in the summer term of 1873, and Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1873-74, when he received the M. D. degree. He practiced in Indianapolis, Indiana, in 1874-75, in Henderson, Kentucky, from 1875 to 1877, and since 1877 he has practiced in St. Louis—a general practitioner and a nose, throat and chest specialist. He is a Knight Templar Mason and member of the Mystic Shrine. He married, March 27, 1878, Elizabeth Keller.

King Vol IV

Matriculated from St Louis Mo 1873. Graduated Mar 10 1874
Member Alumni Assoc.
Located at 3706 Finney Ave St Louis.

William Nast Bahrenburg, St. Louis; Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1874; aged 79; died, July 12, of insolation.

BAIER, GEORGE F

Born at Phila ###
Matriculated from Phila July 21 1885. Graduated Apr 6 1888. Member Alumni Assoc. German Academy Certificate. Drexel Institute. Located at Norwood, Pa. [redacted]

BAIER, GEORGE FREDERICK, Jr

Born at Phila, Feb 3 1885. Matriculated from Norwood, Pa Sept 24 1902. Graduated May 24 1906. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 117 North 60th St West Phila. Served as interne in Memorial Hospital, Trenton N J

BAILEY, ALFRED WILLIAM

Born at West Chester Pa Oct 18 1857. Matriculated from Atlantic City, Oct 3 1883. Graduated Mar 31 1886. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 1809 Pacific Ave Atlantic City, N J

FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION

. . . American · Institute · of · Homœopathy . . .

1009 Pacific Ave

NEW JERSEY
STATE HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICAL SOCIETY

A. W. BAILY, M. D., PRESIDENT
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

6/26/93

JUN 28 1893

Dr Henry M Smith MD
New York NY

Dear Doctor. Yours of 21 inst inquiring about the death of several Institute members, is rec'd. I will give the matter early attention, and send you what I can learn.

Yrs
A W Baily.

FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION
. . . American · Institute · of · Homœopathy . . .
1809 Pacific Ave
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., JUNE 20-24, 1899

1809 PACIFIC AVENUE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Dear Carmichael 1/27/96 —

Your letter just rec'd. Dr. Bull, of Galen Hall is a good fellow, and a first class surgeon, but I hardly think him "up to date" in medical treatment. Galen Hall is a pleasant place to stop, so people say who have been there. It is nicely fitted up with electrical (therapeutical) apparatus, and Dr. B. depends a good deal upon his baths &c for treatment. — I have only one objection to the place, which is not a personal one, but still to me an objection. Galen Hall is professedly open to the patients of all physicians in the city, and I have had a very few there. There is no charge made for treatment, either electrical or medical, unless it is special work — and then, I believe, the charge is moderate. I know of several cases where this advantage has been held out to patients placed there by Atlantic City physicians, to get them to give up these physicians and take 'Galen Hall treatment'; They call it "working the expense racket on the patients." — Of course this is all strictly confidential.

About the treatment. Surgically it is all that can be desired — electrically the treatment is good, but dangerous as the street current is used, which is highly dangerous in Atlantic City — medically I hardly think it is up to the standard

ROSBY, M.D.
CROMWELL, M.D.
LLER, M.D.

Rec 1896.

JUN 12 1899

as Dr. B. relies very little upon drug action. –

About paper, &c – I have had this summer, what have been to me three very interesting cases treated with Cupr. ars. so will write a paper on cases treated. I presume three or four will be enough. –

Yours truly

A. M. Daily

FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION

American Institute of Homœopathy

1809 Pacific Ave

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., JUNE 20-24, 1899

LOCAL COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

ALFRED W. BAILY, M.D., Chairman.

JOHN R. FLEMING, M.D.
WALTER A. CORSON, M.D.
WILLIAM G. GARDINER, M.D.

M. D. YOUNGMAN, M.D.
L. D. BALLIET, M.D.
M. L. MUNSON, M.D.
W. C. SOOY, M.D.

GEO. W. CROSBY, M.D.
LYDIA H. CROMWELL, M.D.
MARY MILLER, M.D.

Atlantic City, N.J., 6/10 1899.

JUN 12 1899

ear Dr. Smith.

The Photograph of Dr. N. C. Cutter I received
n his widow, address Chelsea, Mass. She
e me no data. The Photo came through Dr.
. Talbot. I discovered from Dr. Paine of
nta that Dr. Williamson is living. — Dr. Hughes
orted his death to me. With the exception of
Bagley & Rankin whose names you have just
me, I have Photographs of all except Drs.
er, Mitchell and Hale, and I am after these
hot"

Yours truly

A W Baily.

ALFRED WILLIAM BAILY, M. D.,
ATLANTIC CITY N. J.

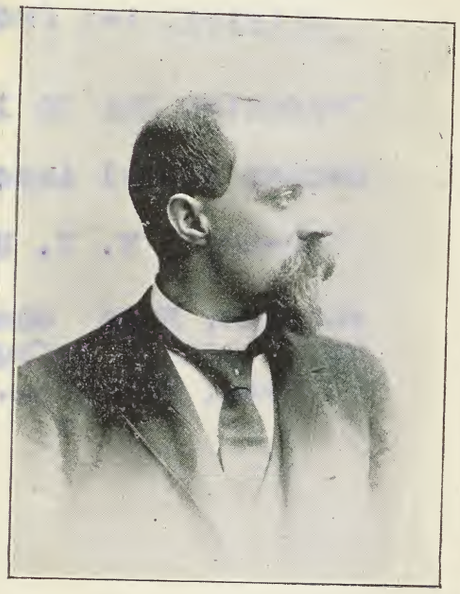
APR 25 1899

Dear Dr Smith. 4/24/99.

Can you furnish me with a list of the members of the Institute who have died during the year? President Baily would like me to use them during the meeting in Atlantic City, in the decorations. In order to do so I must have them early, and any that die between now and June 20" can be added.—

I am indebted to the monument fund to the amount of $12.50 this I will settle. Yours truly A. W. Baily

BAILEY, BENJAMIN F., M.D., was born at Littleton, New Hampshire, June 22, 1860, of the finest old New England stock.



DR. B. F. BAILEY.

In 1870 his parents removed to Claremont, in the same state, where Dr. Bailey laid the foundation for future success by acquiring a thorough education. During his academic course, following instincts inherited from a long line of physicians, he commenced the study of medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. C. C. Ellis. Completing his literary studies, he entered the Boston University School of Medicine, spending there a year preparatory to entering the Hahnemann College of Philadelphia, from which, after three years of hard study, with Prof. Charles Mohr, M.D., as preceptor, he was graduated with honors.

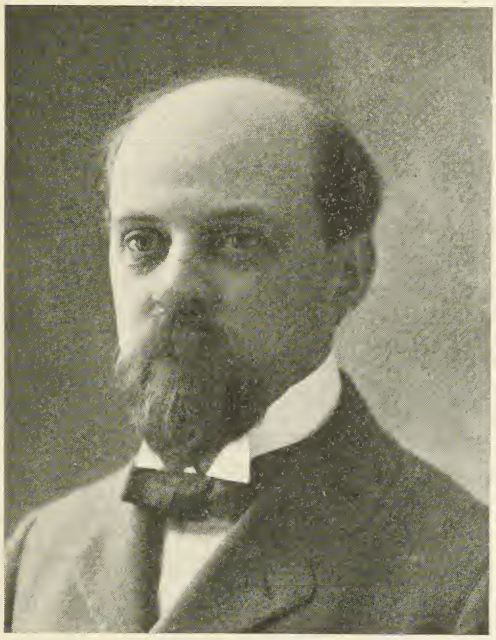
In 1881 he became associated with a classmate, Dr. F. F. Marsh, and located at Wareham, Mass., where he commenced the active practice of medicine. He met with marked success. In February, 1882, Cupid, having pierced the Æsculapian robes of Dr. Bailey with his unerring dart, he was married to one of Wareham's most charming daughters, Miss Minnie F. Bryant, of an old Cape Cod family that trace their lineage direct to the "Mayflower." The following summer he decided to give up a practice that had necessitated traveling an average of fifty miles a day, owing to exhaustion caused by the excessive hard work and the effect of the sea air upon lungs not naturally strong, and seek a less debilitating climate.

In the city of Manchester, New Hampshire, he found what seemed a favorable location, arriving there an almost total stranger. He remained in this place nearly five years, during that time, not only building up a large and lucrative practice, but establishing an enduring reputation for professional honor and skill. His genial personality won for him hosts of friends—numbering among them the foremost men of the state—all of whom sincerely mourned his departure hastened by his old enemy.

Compelled to seek a more equable climate, he went west in 1886, and after traveling some time through the Dakotas and other western states, to recuperate his shattered health and in search of a desirable location, he finally decided upon Lincoln, the capital city of Nebraska, as his future home.

Dr. Bailey has been in Nebraska nearly five years. His record, from his first entry into the state, a stranger to the people and their ways, has been one of brilliant triumphs professionally, socially and financially. A careful physician, persistent student and broad thinker, he has won for himself a more than local reputation. Entering a city overstocked with disciples of the old school, he has compelled them to give place. The Nebraska Homœopathic Medical Society, recognizing his executive and professional ability, elected him at the age of twenty-seven, its youngest president. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy; is a regular contributor to several of the leading journals of his school and is already looked upon as an authority.

The people of his chosen home, soon won by his excellent personal qualities, early



B. F. Bailey, M.D.

Born Littleton N H June 22 1860.

Matriculated from

Graduated Mar 10 1881

Member Alumni Assoc.

Claremont, N. H. High School.

Wareham, Mass one year.
Manchester N H four years.
Lincoln, Nebraska.

attested their appreciation by conferring upon him dignities usually pertaining to older men. He has been elected one of the trustees of the Congregational church; Chairman of the Y. M. C. A.; President of the Y. P. S. C. E., and in any work that is for the good of the community, is always found in the lead. His success in everything that he has undertaken is complete, far beyond the reach of mediocre men. At his age, barely thirty-two, with health completely restored, a legion of friends and an enormous capacity for hard work, his future prospects are not hard to determine.

DR. BENJ. F. BAILEY. President of the American Institute of Homoeopathy.

We are glad, in this our Christmas number, to be able to introduce to the readers of THE CLINIC the new president of our national medical society, although representing, as he does both the east and the west, Dr. Bailey scarcely needs an introduction to the members of the Institute.

Dr. Bailey has a record of which we are proud.

After securing a thorough medical education at the Boston University, and the Hahnemann Medical College, he began the practice of medicine at Manchester, N. H., in 1881.

Recurring pulmonary trouble forced him to take Greeley's advice, and he is "growing up with the country" at Lincoln, Nebraska.

At 28 years of age he was elected President of the Nebraska State Society and began the movement demanding proper recognition of homoeopathic physicians among the examiners of the life insurance companies, which has since been taken up by the American Institute.

Dr. Bailey has been for a number of years one of the legislative workers of homoeopathy in Nebraska, serving on the State legislative committee. In 1895 and 1896 Dr. Bailey was chairman of the Bureau of Paedology for the American Institute, and together with Dr. Clokey, of Louisville, issued the little book known as the "Present Status of Pediatrics." His other writings are too numerous to mention. In 1895 Dr. Bailey was elected treasurer of the Nebraska State Board of Health and is now president of that board and the youngest president it has ever had.

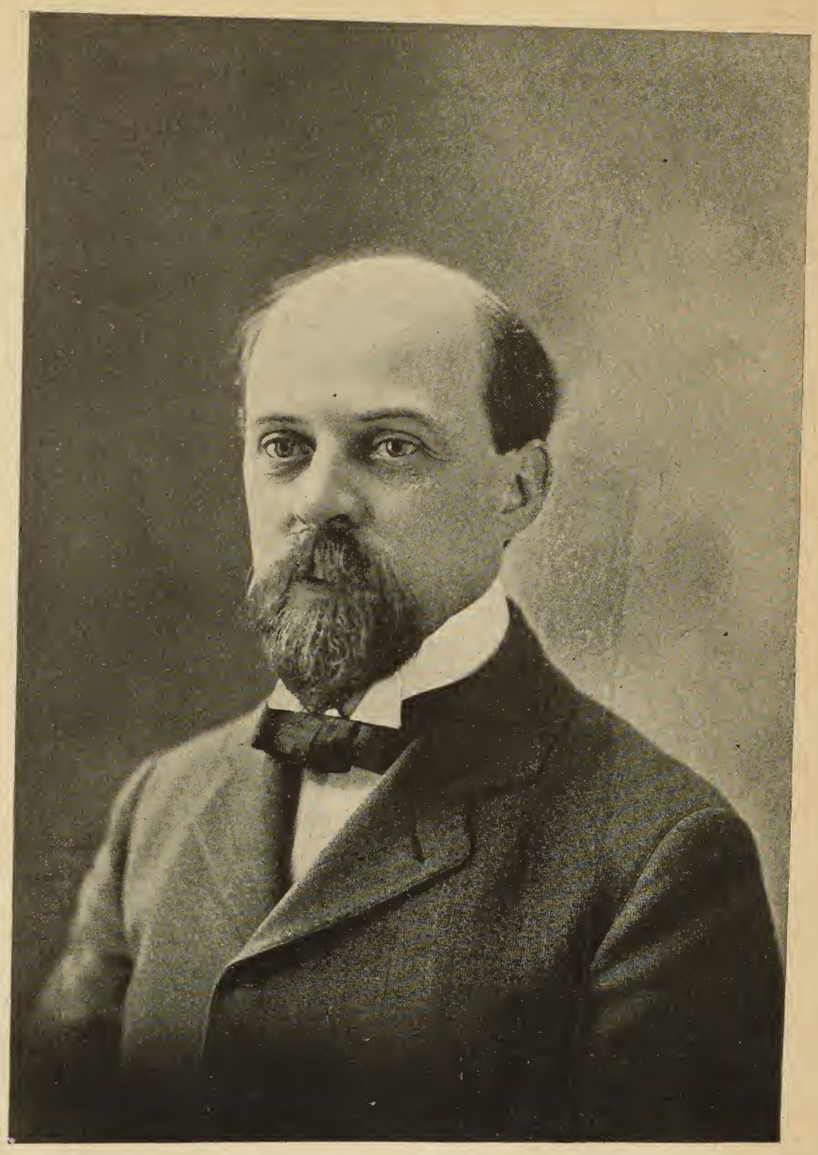
Dr. Bailey has relatives in Syracuse who are proud of the record he has made.

His election was made unanimous at the recent meeting of the Institute held in Omaha.

DR. B. F. BAILEY.

We present our readers in this issue a photograph of Dr. B. F. Bailey, of Lincoln, Neb. Many of the western members of the American Institute desire to see Dr. Bailey elected president at the meeting about to be held in Omaha. Although one of the "younger" members of the Institute, Dr. Bailey has a record of which anyone might be proud. He was born in Littleton, N. H., of colonial and revolutionary stock. After graduating at the academy of his native town, he spent one year at the Boston University School of Medicine and three years at Hahnemann, Philadelphia, where he graduated in 1881, and joined the American Institute in 1888. Dr. Bailey was married in 1882 to Miss Minnie F. Bryant, of Wareham, Mass. Dr. Bailey began the practice of medicine in his native state at Manchester, but recurring pulmonary trouble influenced him to "go west" and grow up with the country, thus he found himself at Lincoln. Dr. Bailey had been secretary of the N. H. State Society, and was eminently qualified for office upon coming to Nebraska. At 28 years of age, his co-workers elected him president of the Nebraska State Society. It was during his presidency of the Nebraska Society that the agitation demanding recognition for homeopathy by the life insurance companies among their examiners was started, and afterwards the American Institute took it up. Dr. Bailey has been for a number of years one of the legislative workers of homeopathy in Nebraska, serving on the state legislative committee. In 1895 and 1896 Dr. Bailey was chairman of the Bureau of Paedology for the American Institute, and together with Dr. Clokey, of Louisville, issued the little book known as the "Present Status of Pediatrics." His other writings are too numerous to mention. In 1895 Dr. Bailey was elected treasurer of the Nebraska State Board of Health and is now president of that Board. We hope it won't offend Bro. Kraft, but we should like to vouch for the moral character of the doctor by saying that he was a trustee of the Congregational church of his town, a president of Y. M. C. A., and has been known to be interested in the Y. P. S. C. E. With New Hampshire, the old Bay State, Pennsylvania, and Nebraska for a backing, it ought to be easy going for our candidate.

Med Counselor June 1898



DR. BENJ. F. BAILEY,
PRESIDENT AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHY.

BAILEY, CHARLES, M. D., of Pittsfield, Mass., was born in East Medway, Norfolk county, Mass., September 2nd, 1821. His father was Rev. Luther Bailey, and his grandfather Israel Bailey, who emigrated to this country from Bristol, England. Dr. Bailey was educated at Brown University, Providence, R. I., and studied medicine with Dr. Nathaniel Miller, originally a partner of Dr. John Warren, of Boston. He took his first course of medical lectures at Mason St. College, Boston, and subsequently had charge of Dr. Miller's hospital for two years. He acquired additional experience in practice at the Chelsea Marine Hospital, and finished his allopathic education with Dr. Henry H. Childs, President of the Berkshire Medical College of Pittsfield, Mass., at which institution he graduated in November, 1843, with the highest honors in a school of one hundred and seventy-five, having been unanimously chosen to deliver the valedictory address. He commenced practice in Springfield, Mass., the same year in company with Dr. J. G. Holland, familiarly known as "Timothy Titcomb." After four years of successful practice in Springfield, he removed to the new town of Holyoke, where he remained for two and a half years, when, from failing health, he was obliged to journey South, where his health was materially benefited, and he returned North. Stopping at Philadelphia to take a course of lectures at the Filbert St. Homœopathic School, he became an enthusiastic disciple of homœopathy. After he had thoroughly regained his health by the use of homœopathic remedies, he returned to Pittsfield, in the winter of 1849–'50, and commenced the practice which he has since continued.

In May, 1846, he was married to Miss Caroline W. Goodrich, daughter of the late Levi Goodrich, Esq., whose family were among the early pioneers of Western Massachusetts. He has one son now living.

The characteristics of Dr. Bailey are indomitable energy and perseverance, superior perceptive faculties, acute knowledge of disease and its remedies, and a sound judgment of means to be applied. Being a good diagnostician also, he is one of the best as he is one of the most successful practitioners of the age. He was a pioneer of homœopathy in the place of his present residence, and, locating in a town where an allopathic college existed, he had more than the usual opposition to the new practice to overcome. He has lived to see the college fade away, and the principles of Hahnemann triumph in their adoption by the larger portion of the educated and thinking community.

As a surgeon, Dr. Bailey is eminently successful, but his extensive medical practice precludes his attention to this department of his profession, and he attends only such cases as present unusual claims upon his services. Having travelled in Europe and the West Indies, as a relaxation from the cares of business, he has kept pace with the discoveries and improvements in medicine, and is thoroughly read in the medical literature of the day. His extensive engagements have hindered his contributing to the periodical literature, although strenuously urged to do so by publishers, who are acquainted with his ability as a writer, and his large experience as a practitioner.

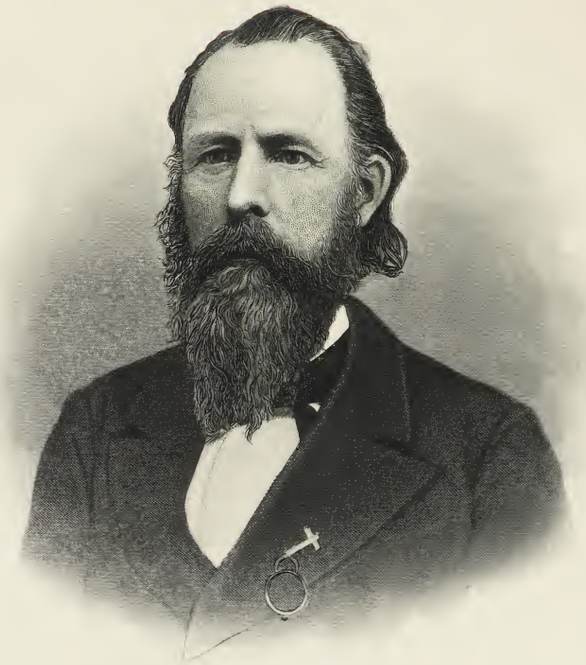
He is the owner of the celebrated Greylock Hall, formerly known as Sand Springs, a watering place situated in Williamstown, Mass., which has been erected, furnished, and conducted by him in addition to the heavy burden of his ordinary professional duties.

Dr. Bailey possesses remarkable social qualities, great magnetic power, and has, consequently, strong and decided friends, and is beloved and trusted by his patients, and the profession at large. A firm friend of the friendless, he contributes to institutions which have for their object the relief and support of the widow and orphan. He is prompt and punctual in his attentions, and the highways and by-ways of Berkshire attest his faithfulness in storm, heat, and cold. The blessings of the community in which he resides attend him.

Name in full Charles Bailey

P. O. Address in full Pittsfield Mass

Graduate (or Licentiate) of Berkshire Med Inst.
Pittsfield Mass
year 1843.



Galaxy Pub. Co. Philada.

Chas Bailey

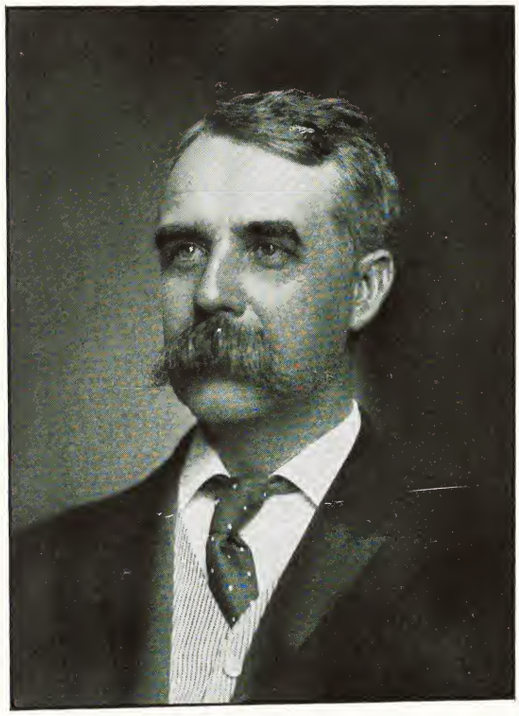
BAILEY, ~~###~~ EDWARD STILLMAN

ELI STILLMAN BAILEY, Chicago, Illinois, is a native of Little Genesee, Allegany county, New York, son of James and Tacy (Hubbard) Bailey, and is of English lineage. His early education was acquired in Alfred University, Alfred, New York. He is a graduate of Milton College, Milton, Wisconsin, of the class of 1873, and subsequently took post-graduate work in Amherst College, Massachusetts, receiving there the degrees of A. M. and Ph. D. He graduated with the degree of M. D. from Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, in 1878. After graduation he engaged in general practice ten years, and since that time has been a specialist in gynecology. He pursued post-graduate studies in Berlin, Germany; Vienna, Austria; Paris, France, (Apostoli), and also at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland. He is gynecologist to Hahnemann Hospital, Chicago, and senior professor in gynecology in Hahnemann Medical College. He is a member of the Clinical Society of Hahnemann Hospital, Chicago, and of the Illinois, the Wisconsin, the Kentucky States and of the Southern Homœopathic Medical societies and of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

King Vol IV

BAILEY, E STILLMAN

Reprint



Dr E. Stillman Bailey
Vol 2 chap 11 Pg.
#9.

WESTERN B. N. CO. CHICAGO. VII

THE
HAHNEMANN
Medical College and Hospital
OF CHICAGO
2811-13 COTTAGE GROVE AVE.

Prof. C. H. Vilas M. D.
Dean.
Prof. Jos. P. Cobb M. D.
Registrar.
Prof. E. M. Bruce M. D.
Ass't. Treasurer.

April 15 1898

Pemberton Dudley
Chairman Com. on Programme.
Philadelphia Pa

Dear Dr:- I am in receipt of your circular letter pertaining to Semi-Centennial of the Hahnemann Medical College. Permit me to thank you for the same but I know it will be impossible to attend. I shall watch with interest the reports of the papers for their is the highest importance attached to these very questions, in the minds of all medical instructors.

Respectfully yours
E. S. Bailey

BAILEY, EDWIN HUNTINGTON

EDWIN HUNTINGTON BAILEY, Harbor Beach, Michigan, born Detroit, Mich., July 18, 1879; educated Detroit Central High School and Detroit Business College; graduated M. D., Detroit Homœopathic College; health officer, township of Orion, 1904; vice-president of Hahnemannian Society of Detroit Homœopathic College; charter member of Ustian fraternity.

BAILEY, EVELYN S

Dr. Evelyn S. Bailey, a graduate of the Homœopathic Department of the State University of Iowa, died at her home at San Diego, California, within the last month. Dr. Bailey was an unassuming woman, rather shrinking, wholly devoted to her work. As a physician she stood high with those who had learned to know her real worth, and will be sadly missed by many old clients. In a quiet way she did a great deal of good—as the adoption and bringing up of a little one that had been left friendless—, of which the community, and the profession rarely heard.

Pac Coast Jl Hom Jan 1903

Bailey M P

BAILEY, GEORGE WASHINGTON

George

Dr. G. W. Bailey.

G. W. Bailey, M. D., was born in the town of Hammond, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., September 5th, 1840.

He began the study of medicine with E. A. Munger, M. D., in March, 1859, and graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Philadelphia, in March, 1862. He continued with Dr. Munger until October, 1865.

Dr. Bailey spent the winter of 1865-66 in Elizabeth, N. J. Returned to Waterville and resumed business with Dr. Munger in April, 1866. He remained in Waterville until December following, when he removed to Astoria. From the latter place removed to Elizabeth, May 1st, 1867. Became a member of the Oneida County Medical Society in 1862, and of the Eastern District New Jersey Homœopathic Medical Society in 1869. He is also a member of the New Jersey Homœopathic Medical Society, organized under a charter granted by the New Jersey Legislature, February 9th, 1870, and was one of the original corporators named in said act of incorporation or charter. He became a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy in 1867.

Trans.N.Y.State Hom.Soc.V.X.p 654.

Born Hammond N Y Sept 5th 1840. Matriculated from Waterville N Y Oct 13 1859. Graduated Mar 3 1862. Graduated at University of Penna 1868. Member of Alumni Assoc. With Dr Munger at Waterville until 1865. In 1867 located at Elizabeth, N J. (1165 East Jersey St). Died at Elizabeth June 21 1911 aet 70.

Dr Hempel

Dear Sir

Please send me by return mail the announcement of the Penn Hom Med College for the session of 59 & 60

Yours Truly

S. W. Bailey

Waterville Oneida Co N.Y.

Sept 9

Dr. Silas Bailey.

Silas Bailey, M. D., was born May 9, 1815. He pursued his medical studies at Brookfield, N. Y., and at Western Medical College of Fairfield, N. Y., also at Berkshire Medical College, Pittsfield, Mass.

His preceptor was Dr. Eli S. Bailey.

Graduated at Berkshire Medical College in 1835. Practiced allopathy ten years, and changed practice about 1845.

Dr. Bailey was led to examine the homœopathic system through the influence of Dr. J. S. Douglass, of Hamilton, N. Y., now residing in Milwaukie, Wis. With his professional pride and prejudices all against homœopathy, he found upon investigation that it was true in philosophy and successful in practice. He now resides in Toledo, Ohio.

Trans.N.Y.State Hom.Soc.V.X.p 635.

New York, June, 1870.

Dear Doctor:

Will you assist me in compiling a correct list of Homœopathic Physicians in the United States, by filling up and returning to me, *at once*, the following blank, if you have not already filled up a similar one.

I will be much obliged to you for any information relative to the introduction of Homœopathy in your neighborhood, together with a sketch of your personal connection therewith.

Yours truly,

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,

107 Fourth Avenue.

My full name is Silas Bailey

I graduated at Berkshire Medical College, in the year 1835

My present address is Toledo county of Lucas

State of Ohio where I have resided since 1869

Previous to that time I practised in Brookfield N.Y. Baldwinsville N.Y. Watertown N.Y. & Utica N.Y.

I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1845 at Brookfield N.Y.

Berkshire

BAILEY, WALTER

DIRECTORY OF HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIANS.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for the publication of a Homœopathic Directory in the *New England Medical Gazette*. This will be under the exclusive charge of Henry M. Smith, M.D., of New York, whose extensive experience in the department of statistics eminently qualifies him for this difficult task.

It is nearly fourteen years since the last Homœopathic Directory was published in this country, and the vast number of additions and changes in the homœopathic ranks render such a work very desirable. Little help, however, can be gained from the labors of the past, and the correctness and completeness of this Directory will depend upon the aid which Dr. Smith may receive from the different sections.

The Directory will be arranged by States, and, as fully as possible, will include: —

1. A brief history of the introduction of Homœopathy into the State, and some notice of the earlier practitioners.
2. A notice of the State Society, its organization, time of meeting, etc., and list of officers.
3. A notice of local or County Societies, times of meeting, and principal officers.
4. A description and history of the hospitals, dispensaries, and institutions under homœopathic care.
5. An account of the homœopathic journals published in the State.
6. A list of the homœopathic physicians. The names which have been sent to the Bureau of Registration will be printed in SMALL CAPITALS. The names of members of the American Institute of Homœopathy will be preceded by an asterisk (*), those of State Societies, by a dagger (†), while those whose residence is doubtful, by an interrogation point (?).

No pains will be spared to make this Directory as full and correct as possible, and every physician is requested to communicate any information upon either of the above points. They are also specially requested to fill up, *at once*, the following blank, and send it to

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,
107 Fourth Avenue, New York.

My full name is Walter Bailey
I graduated at University La Medical College, in the year 1855.
My present address is New Orleans, La, ~~county of~~
State of Louisiana where I have resided since 1843.
Previous to that time I practised in —
I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1857, at New Orleans

HENRY M. SMITH NOV 1 1870

Homœopathic Directory.

DEAR SIR:

With this is a specimen of the firs part of the Directory I am preparing o Homœopathic Physicians and Institution in this country, and which is now bein published in the **New England Medical Gazette.**

As it is of great importance that th should be as complete and perfect as pos sible, I would like your aid in obtainin information in relation to Homœopath and its practitioners (together with notic of deceased physicians) in your State, accordance with this plan.

Hoping to hear from you at a *ve early* day,

I am, respectfully,

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,

107 Fourth Ave., New Yo

legality of the establishment of a medical college of one sect in the Courts if the Regents are deaf to our appeal.

Fort Worth was selected as the place for next year and a splendid corps of officers was chosen.

While it is disheartening to know that so many who should be present at our State meetings utterly ignore their existence yet those present took on new courage and resolved more firmly than ever to stand by the good ship similia, and feel that it was good to have been there.

A JUST APPEAL.

THE Homœopaths of Massachusetts are earnestly at work before the Legislature of that State for an appropriation by the State in aid of the Massachussetts Homœopathic Hospital and the chances of success are most gratifying, the Committee on Public Charitable Institutions having made an unanimous report in favor of a State grant of $120,000.

The appeal our profession makes is eminently just and should and doubtless will be granted. It is based upon the fact that the Massachusetts general hospital has received cash and other values from the State to the amount of $900,000, and that other old school institutions have come in for as much more, while the Homœopathic Hospital has had no State support but has raised from private sources above $300,000 for hospital purposes. As citizens of the same commonwealth, tax-payers and voters, the full equal in all that goes to make up honorable citizenship, it is perfectly proper and appropriate that Homœopaths should be entitled to all the enjoyments of medical citizenship that are bestowed upon their old school brethren.

If the various States of the Union must support universities, asylums, hospitals, etc., they should recognize all their medical citizens who are worthy and honorable, in the bestowal of public patronage.

What a terrific howl would go up if a State were to establish only Homœopathic institutions. Manifestly this would not be fair, nor is it just that *all* the medical institutions of any State should be in the hands of the old school.

We wish our Massachusetts Colleagues complete success in this appeal, and it is but just and right that it should be granted.

Later—Just as the JOURNAL goes to press the good news is received that the bill giving to the Homœpathic Hospital $120,000, has passed both houses and will become a law. Thus another signal victory is scored.

A GOOD MAN GONE FROM US.

WITH unusual sadness we chronicle the tragic death of Dr. Walter Bailey, Sr., of New Orleans, one of the old guard of Homœopathy in that city, which sorrowful event was the result of injuries received from being run over by a heavy float on the evening of the ninth of last month while on his way to the bedside of a patient.

Dr. Bailey was one of God's noblemen. He was a pure man, a patient, kind-hearted, painstaking physician. Brave and firm yet gentle as a woman, he was an ideal physician, a physician whose first and only duty was to his patients, a physician who sacrificed everything to the good of those who sought relief at his hands.

Dr. Bailey's first contact with the work of the profession was when he acted as a volunteer nurse in the fearful epidemic of yellow fever which devastated New Orleans in 1853. Though a Northern man, whose own life was in danger, he went into the pestilence with a brave heart and a charity born of nobility of character, winning the approval of the New Orleans profession among whom was the great Warren Stone with whom he subsequently studied medicine. He graduated from the medical department of the University of Louisiana, was soon convinced of the merits of Homœopathy and for more than thirty years has been one of the foremost members of our school in the South.

In Dr. Bailey the young physician had a wise counselor and true friend, his patients a superior physician, the State a most excellent citizen, society a useful member. He will be missed in many circles and long after time has healed the bruised hearts that are now so sorrowfully stricken his good deeds will be fresh in the memories of thousands of his fellow men.

So Jl Hom June 1890

So Jl Hom June 1890

DR. WALTER BAILEY, SR.,

one of the Southern pioneers and veterans of Homœopathy, closed his earthly career May 12th, 1890, at the age of 72, in the city of New Orleans, where he had practiced medicine for thirty-five years. He was a New Englander, of fine family, but came South very early in life and identified himself in every manner with the Southern people.

He studied medicine under the celebrated Dr. Warren Stone and graduated in the old school, but soon became a student and ardent advocate of the Homœopathic system. By his arduous labors and great success in the various epidemics of yellow fever he contributed his full share to the establishment of Homœopathy in the confidence and respect of the people.

His gentle and unassuming manners secured him many friends, while his genuine talents and knowledge of the Homœopathic system obtained for him a large practice. The community has lost an estimable citizen and Homœopathy a skillful and successful representative.

May he rest in peace!

WM. H. HOLCOMBE, M. D.

A VERY CORRECT DIAGNOSIS.

THE twenty-first annual meeting of the Texas State Medical Association (old school), held in Fort Worth in April, was presided over by Dr. R. M. Swearingen, of Austin, who spoke more truth in a few brief paragraphs on the subject of "Medical Legislation in Texas" than have been uttered by his predecessors in office during all the former years of the association's history.

His remarks on this subject are as follows:

"I would be unworthy the honor that you have conferred upon me if I evaded or failed to express myself fully upon the subject of State laws for regulating the practice of medicine. We all realize the fact that fatal and criminal blunders must necessarily be committed by ignorant and often unscrupulous men who are permitted to practice the healing art. * * * And yet for nearly forty years we have knocked in vain at the doors of legislative halls. There must be something radically wrong somewhere!

"It is easy and customary to account for these defeats by charging ignorance and demagoguery upon lawmakers, but the charge is neither just nor true. I have had for fifteen years abundant opportunities to form correct opinion upon that subject, and with pleasure bear testimony that the senators and members of our Legislatures are not

BAILEY, WILLIAM M

WILLIAM M. BAILEY, Detroit, Michigan, physician, professor of gynecology and orificial surgery, Detroit Homœopathic College, is a native of Michigan, born in Eaton Rapids, May 28, 1845, son of Benjamin Franklin Bailey and his wife Marcia Huntington, on the paternal side being of English descent and of German descent on his mother's side. His early education was acquired in the public schools of Eaton Rapids, and his higher education in Albion College, which he left one year before his time for graduation. He was educated in medicine in the Western Homœopathic College, Cleveland, Ohio, where he graduated M. D. February 25, 1868. From 1868 to 1870 he practiced medicine in Mason, Michigan; from 1870 to 1873 in Nevada City, California; from 1873 to 1876 in Lansing, Michigan, and since 1877 he has practiced continuously in Detroit. In connection with his professional work he has served as gynecologist to Grace Hospital, and also as professor of gynecology and orificial surgery in the Detroit Homœopathic College, having filled that chair since 1896. In 1875 he was a member of the board of health of Lansing. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, a senior member and ex-president of the Michigan State Homœopathic Medical Society, and a former member and ex-president of the now defunct Michigan Institute of Homœopathy.

King Vol IV

BAINBRIDGE, BENJAMIN H

Dr. Benjamin Bainbridge of Philadelphia will assist Dr. A. P. Bowie in his practice this summer. The doctor is a graduate of the Hahnemann college, Philadelphia, and recently passed with credit the state board of homeopathic medical examiners and comes highly recommended.

News-Standard. July, 3
1895. Uniontown. Pa.

Born at Phila
Matriculated from Phila
Graduated May 2 1895. Member Alumni Assoc.
Located 2365 East Cumberland St Phila.

BAINBRIDGE, BENJ H

BAIRD

HOMŒOPATHY was first introduced into Vermont by Dr. Baird, who began to practice it in Troy, Orleans County, in 1838.

Dr. Baird was not a graduate of any medical college, but seems to have been a man of much talent, and possessed with an indomitable will.

Dr. Baird lived but a few years, and Dr. S. C. Moore, who is now located at North Troy, and who has been in the harness for over thirty years, succeeded to the practice of homœopathy in that part of the State.

World's Conven. 1876. V. 2.

BAKER, ALBERT M E

M.E

ALBERT L. BAKER, Altoona, Pennsylvania, was born October 20, 1854, in Centre county, Pennsylvania, and received his literary education at the Keystone State Normal School, where he took the degree of M. E. Later he matriculated at Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, where he acquired the education and received the training indispensable to every medical practitioner, graduating M. D. in 1893. He afterward further enlarged the scope of his professional knowledge by a special graduates' course at the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, 1904. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania and the Raue Medical Club of Central Pennsylvania.

King Vol IV

Matriculated from McEwensville Pa, Sept 22 1890. Graduated Apr 19 1893. Member Alumni Assoc Graduate State Normal School. Located at 1400 12th Ave Altoona Pa.

BAKER, ALFRED E

Matriculated from Phila Nov 1878. Graduated Mar 10 1880
Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Baring St. Phila

A. J. BAKER, M. D.
~~168 West Newton Street.~~
BOSTON.

102 Huntington Ave

S. L. Bradford
Dear Doctor

Your Jour (in books
of State Soc) has been
duly received. I
thank you for the
same —
very sincerely yours
A. J. Baker

Nov 16th 89

A. J. BAKER, M. D.
~~168 West Newton Street,~~
BOSTON. 102 Huntington Ave

L. S. Bradford M.D.

Dear Doctor

In your letter dated June 26th/89 - you say you would be glad to send me some volumes of Transactions of Penn State Soc.

I shall be glad to have them if it is convenient for you to do so -

Very truly yours

A J Baker

Nov 4th/89

BAKER, BARTON L

Matriculated from Walla Walla, Wash Terr. Sept 1884
Graduated Apr 7 1887. Not member of Alumni Assoc.
Bocated at Everett, Washington.

C. M. Baker, M.D., previously an allopathic practitioner, came to Williamsport in the autumn of 1867. He remained but a few years, when he removed to West Virginia. W. C

BAKER, CYRUS REXFORD

CYRUS REXFORD BAKER, New York city, was born in Cohoes, New York, January 4, 1869, and is the son of Walter Samuel and Jemima Rexford Baker, both of American ancestry. After attending the public schools of Newark, New Jersey, he graduated from the Newark Academy with the class of 1886. His medical education was begun in 1889, and in 1893 he came to his doctor's degree, the New York Homœopathic Medical College being his alma mater. Since that time he has practiced medicine in the city of New York, but has found time to further pursue his medical studies in the New York Post-Graduate School. He was connected with Hahnemann Hospital for two years in the capacity of physician to the out-door department, and for one year was assistant to the professorship of genito-urinary diseases in the Metropolitan Post-Graduate School, and for two years was assistant gynecologist to the dispensary department of Hahnemann Hospital. Dr. Baker is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the New York State and the New York County Homœopathic Medical societies, the Materia Medica and the Pathological societies, the Society of Paediatrics, and he also is a member of the order of Free and Accepted Masons. Dr. Baker married, October 27, 1892, Harriet Breese. Their children are: Cyrus Rexford Baker, junior, and Lawrence Breese Baker.

King ~~Vol IV~~

BAKER, DANIEL JENKS

Born at Phila Dec 15 1874. Matriculated from Phila July 7 1893. Graduated May 12 1897. Member Alumni Assoc. Died July 30 1902 at

BAKER, DANIEL P

Name in full

Daniel P. Baker

P. O. Address in full

Little Valley, Cattaraugus Co New York.

Graduate ~~(or Licentiate)~~ of

Homœopath. Med. College N.Y. City.
Cor. 3d Ave & 20th St

Located here May 1868
Removed to [illegible]

BAKER, DE FORREST

DE FORREST BAKER, Cleveland, Ohio, was born on a farm in Columbia, Lorain county, Ohio, September 17, 1851, youngest son of Benjamin and Urania M. (Hickox) Baker. His ancestors, of English and Scotch-Irish extraction, settled in America in early colonial days and some of them served in the war of 1812. Dr. Baker attended the common schools and at the age of fifteen entered Baldwin University, Berea, Ohio, attending a part of each college year for four years. He became a student in the Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland in 1874, was graduated therefrom February 14, 1878, and has since engaged in general practice in that city. He was appointed lecturer to the chair of pædiatrics in his alma mater in 1889, and professor in 1890; in 1894 the chair of neurology was added; and in 1895 he was transferred to the chair of materia medica and clinical medicine. He also was lecturer to the school of trained nurses, and resigned both in 1897. He married, October 19, 1881, Carrie D., youngest daughter of Israel D. and Elizabeth (Pyle) Wagar of Rockport, Ohio, and of their four children one is living, Hazel Urania Baker.

King Vol IV

Dr. Ellwood Baker.

Ellwood Baker, M. D., one of the best-known physicians of Delaware county, died on Saturday evening at his home in Lansdowne. The direct cause was heart trouble. He had been confined to his home for about five months, although the disease did not assume a serious phase until quite recently. An hour before his death he was conscious and bright. Dr. Baker had just passed his 57th birthday. He was born in February, 1839, at the old Bonsall homestead, near Fernwood, in Upper Darby, and the greater part of his life was spent in the practice of his profession within the radius of a few miles of his birthplace. The old Bonsall farm, upon which he worked as a boy, included what is now Fernwood Cemetery. His father, Nathan Baker, married a widow, Anna Bonsall, whose son, Amos Bonsall—now living in West Philadelphia—accompanied Dr. Elisha Kent Kane on his memorable expedition to the Arctic regions. A brother of Dr. Baker, Jefferson Baker, was also a member of the ill-fated expedition, and was destined never fo return. He died of scurvy and was entombed in the ice in Greenland.

Dr. Baker was graduated from the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, in 1861. In the same year he received his diploma for his proficiency in homœopathy. From that time until his death he devoted himself to the practice of medicine in Upper Darby and adjacent country, and no physician in Delaware county enjoyed a higher reputation for professional skill and unostentatious deeds of charity.

Dr. Baker was a member of the Fernwood Lodge of Masons.

On April 11, 1867, Dr. Baker married Mary Plumstead, the daughter of Robert and Rebecca Plumstead, of Upper Darby, who survives.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, at 2 P. M., and the interment will be made in the family lot in the Friends' Cemetery, Darby.

Phila Ledger, March 23. 1896.

Born Fernwood, Darby, Feb 1839. Matriculated from Kellyville Pa Oct 6 1859. Graduated Mar 1 1861. Died at Lansdowne Mar 21 1896. aet 57. Not a member of Alumni Ssoc. Practiced at Darby and Lansdowne.

BAKER, H. C., M. D., of St Louis, Mo., was born in Illinois, April 25th, 1843. He received a superior education in private schools and academies in St. Louis, where he removed in 1849. Having a natural bent for medicine, he betook himself early to that study under competent instructors. In 1864, he was appointed to an official position in New Mexico. He performed the duties satisfactorily, and in 1866, returned to St. Louis. He had up to this time been practising the allopathic treatment. Upon his second visit to St. Louis, however, the truths of homœopathy were forcibly presented to him, and he adopted the reform school practice. He was induced to do this by his father, William B. Baker, then President of the Homœopathic College of St Louis. He studied under the influence and direction of Dr. J. T. Temple, and graduated with honor from the St. Louis College of Medicine and Surgery in 1870. In 1872 he was appointed lecturer on Obstetrics to the St Louis College a position he now holds. In 1871 he located in the Western part of the City. He gives attention to diseases of women and children, his college position aiding his reputation. Dr Baker was married in 1870 to Miss Alalia Phinney of Mass.

DEATH OF DR. BAKER.

THROUGH the courtesy of Dr. M. T. Runnels of Kansas City, we are advised of the recent, sudden death of Dr. Henry C. Baker, of that city, together with an account of the action taken by his professional associates and citizen friends, as testimonials of the estimation in which he was held in the city of his adoption where he had resided and practiced medicine for twenty years. He formerly resided in this city to which his remains have been returned for private interment; privacy being the election and wish of his friends.

Dr. Baker had very decided ability, with an earnest, warm aggressive nature, which brought him some opposition, but many warm attached friends in the great strife and battle of life. His loss will be severely felt by his family and friends, and indeed by the profession generally, to each and all of which we tender our sincere sympathy and condolence.

St Louis Jl Hom & Clin[1] Reporter May 1895

In Memoriam.

DR. HARRY C. BAKER.

Rev. John L. Sewall conducted funeral services over the remains of Dr. Harry C. Baker, who died at Kansas City recently, at the Clyde Congregational church. The funeral was attended by a large crowd, many of them being physicians. The pall-bearers were all members of the Elks lodge. They were C. P. Baldwin, Charles Fitzgerald, Judge John Smith, William Umbarger, John Donnelly and G. W. Bibbens. After the services the body was taken to the Union depot and at 8:30 o'clock P. M. was sent to St. Louis for burial. Charles H. Baker, Frederick P. Baker and Miss Alice E. Baker, Dr. Baker's brothers and sister, and Dr. E. H. Merwin accompanied the remains.

At a meeting of the homœopathic physicians of the city, held at the office of Dr. Moses T. Runnels, these resolutions were passed:

The homœopathic physicians of Kansas City desire hereby to express their deep sorrow at the departure from this life of Dr. Harry C. Baker. This sudden ending of an active and useful life is a great shock to his professional friends, who poignantly feel that in his death they have sustained an irreparable loss.

During a continuous and increasing practice of eighteen years in this city Dr. Baker has seen much active service and thousands of people have enjoyed his acquaintance and been benefited by his medical skill. He was devoted to his calling and lost no opportunity to take advantage of every discovery that would assist him in healing the sick. As a physician he had rare gifts and displayed unusual tact in the management of difficult cases. He highly respected his profession and endeavored daily to maintain a high standard of excellence. In his intercourse with friends he was exceedingly generous and attractive. He was a firm believer in homœopathy, and did all in his power to overcome opposition to the natural law discovered by Hahnemann.

He was a man of deep and lasting convictions and was ready at all times to uphold that which he believed to be right.

Dr. Baker has made an excellent record, and in this last tribute to his memory the homœopathic physicians of Kansas City do most heartily express the highest regard for his scientific, literary and professional accomplishments, and as

an evidence of our appreciation of his worth as a man and a professional brother, it is hereby resolved that we will attend his funeral in a body.

Our heartfelt sympathies are tendered to the family in their bereavement, and the secretary of this meeting is instructed to furnish a copy of this resolution to the family of the deceased and to each of the daily papers.

Peter Diedrich, M. D., *Chairman.*

Moses T. Runnels, M. D., *Secretary.*

Pauline E. Canfield, M. D.,	W. A. Forster, M. D.,
A. E. Neumeister, M. D.,	Frank Elliott, M. D.,
W. S. Goodhue, M. D.,	C. C. Olmsted, M. D.,
E. S. Northup, M. D.,	W. L. Ray, M. D.,
Henry Croskey, M. D.,	C. S. Elliott, M. D.,
F. L. DeWolf, M. D.,	W. H. Jenney, M. D.,
V. W. Mather, M. D.,	E. F. Brady, M. D.,
E. H. Mervin, M. D.,	S. C. Delap, M. D.,
W. D. Foster, M. D.,	H. A. Barber, M. D.,
Schuyler C. Elliott, M. D.,	L. G. Van Scoyoc, M. D.,
George A. Dean, M. D.,	Sam H. Anderson, M. D.,
T. H. Hudson, M. D.,	J. T. Coombs, M. D.,
Emily S. Colt, M. D.	

Med Current 1895

BAKER, HARLEY NATHAN

HARLEY NATHAN BAKER, Grand Rapids, Michigan, was born in Battle Creek, Michigan, June 19, 1864, son of Nathan C. and Carrie (Crocker) Baker. He attended the common schools of Iowa, was graduated from the high school at Independence, Iowa, and continued his studies in Upper University, Fayette, Iowa. His medical preceptor was D. P. Shattuck, M. D., of Independence, Iowa, and he studied for his profession in the National Homœopathic College of Chicago, in 1891-2, and Hering Medical College, Chicago, from 1892 until 1894, being graduated with the degree of M. D. He practiced in Hart, Michigan, 1894-1896; Chicago, Illinois, 1896-1897; Spring Lake, Michigan, 1898-1904, and in Grand Rapids since 1904. He was health officer in Hart, Michigan, in 1895, and in Spring Lake, Michigan, from 1899-1904, and medical examiner for the Metropolitan and Union Central Life Insurance companies at Spring Lake, his appointment holding good in Grand Rapids. Dr. Baker is a member of the Michigan Homœopathic Medical Society, the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of Western Michigan, of which he is vice-president, and the Masonic and Knights of Pythias fraternities. He married Nettie B. Hodges, June 16, 1896, and they have one daughter, Dorothea Baker.

King Vol IV

HARRY B. BAKER, M. D.,
1 EAST GRACE STREET,
RICHMOND, VA.

Sept. 16 1901

Dr T. L. Bradford
Philadelphia Pa

Dear Doctor,

I wish to get a copy of "Hahnemann's Lesser Writings", and have been referred to you by Mess. Boericke & Tafel. Please let me know the price of a copy of the same.

Very truly yours

Harry B. Baker

BAKER, HARRY HUDSON

HARRY HUDSON BAKER, M. D., died after a somewhat prolonged illness on March 13th, 1911 in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was born in Marseilles, Ill., in 1865, graduated at the high school at Altoona, and attended Knox College, Galesburg, Ill. He obtained the degree of A. B. at Oberlin College, and entered mercantile life, in which he was engaged for seven years.

After determining to enter the medical profession he studied at the Chicago Homœopathic College, from which he graduated in the class of 1897. He immediately began practice in Woodlawn, Chicago; then moved to Muncie, Indiana. While practicing here he joined the International Hahnemannian Association, attending for the first time the annual meeting at Rochester, New York. He was a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, as well as of the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy. He was president of this latter body and acted as secretary for three years.

Dr. Baker came to Chicago and entered into practice there on the North Side of the city, with good success. He was well liked by his brothers in the profession and soon became a member of the faculty of Hahnemann Medical College where he lectured on materia medica. His hearty and genial laugh was welcome at all gatherings. While at college he was an ardent enthusiast in athletics, and very probably strained his heart by some hard task; probably strained stretched or broke a few fibers of the cardiac valves. It is otherwise difficult to understand how a man in perfect health and in the prime of life with no history of rheumatism, should break down suddenly with valvular incompetency, dropsy, and all the sequelae of that condition. He passed the last year of his life in Brooklyn where he made many friends and recovered strength sufficiently to enjoy the few months left to him.

Med Advance June 1911

Dr. Harry H. Baker, a graduate of the Chicago Homœopathic Medical College, 1891, a member of the faculty of the Hahnemann Medical College and a member of the Institute since 1902, died at the home of his mother in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 13, 1911, of disease of the heart. Dr. Baker was born at Atlanta, Ill., October 5, 1865, and was a graduate in 1885 of the Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio. He had been in active practice since his graduation from Hahnemann College until a year ago, when, on account of chronic heart diease, he was compelled to give up active practice and seek rest. He had for some time been living at the home of Dr. W. H. Freeman, Brooklyn, who had him under his care. Dr. Baker had been practicing in Chicago up to the time he retired, and had built up for himself a large and lucrative practice, besides doing an enormous amount of work among the poorer classes of the city without remuneration. He was a man of exceptional ability whose death is a loss to the community in which he lived. Jl A I H July 1911

HARRY HUDSON BAKER, Muncie, Indiana, was born in Marseilles, Illinois, October 5, 1865, son of Ephriam Hudson Baker, D. D., and Ann Janette Whitney, his wife. After leaving the high school at Altoona, Illinois, he attended Knox College, Galesburg, Illinois, 1881-1883, and Oberlin College, 1884-1887, from which he graduated with the A. B. degree. He engaged in mercantile pursuits for seven years, and in 1894 entered the Chicago Homœopathic Medical College, completing his course in 1897, when he received his professional degree. He practiced for a short time in Woodlawn, Chicago, and has since practiced continuously in Muncie. Dr. Baker is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy and the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy, and served as president and for three terms as secretary of the latter organization. He married Fannie Rose Munsell, July 30, 1891, and their children are Harry Wheeler and Helen Gertrude Baker.

King Vol IV

BAKER, HARRY LOYAL

Born Apr 14 1884 at
Matriculated from Altoona Pa June 20 1906. Graduated
June 2 1910. Member of Alumni Assoc. Mercersburg Academy.
Located at Haddonfield N J. Catasaqua, Pa.

BAKER, HERBERT L

HERBERT L. BAKER, Tipton, Indiana, was born March 21, 1881, in Shelby county, Indiana, son of John William Baker and Lide Harrell, his wife. His earlier education was acquired in the common schools of Boone county, Indiana, and the high school at Lebanon, Indiana. His medical education was begun under the preceptorship of Dr. M. H. Harrell of Noblesville, Indiana, and was continued through the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri, where he entered in 1900 and graduated, M. D., in 1904, and has since practiced at Tipton. He is a member of the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy and of the Phi Alpha Gamma college fraternity. King Vol IV

Yellow Springs. Oh.
Nov 2/99

Dr. J. L. Bradford
1812 Frankford Ave
Phila - Pa.

Dear Sir: I have been informed that you are purchasing Homeopathic Books. & I have taken the liberty of sending you a list of such books which I have for sale. All are in Good condition. I would take it a favor if you would reply at your earliest convenience

Very truly Yours
J. Edw. Bates

BAKER, JENNIE VAN HOLLAND

JENNIE VAN HOLLAND BAKER, Brooklyn, New York, was born May 25, 1852, in Brooklyn, daughter of James Van Holland and Eliza Jane Harned Van Holland, and is of Dutch and American ancestry. She was educated in the Brooklyn public schools and with private preceptors. In 1879 she took up the study of medicine, and took her degree from the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, in 1882. She also has taken post-graduate courses in the years 1886, 1888 and 1893. Since 1889 she has been the chief of staff of the Memorial Hospital, in Brooklyn. She is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society, the Kings County Homœopathic Medical Society, the alumnae society of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, her alma mater, the Chiropean Club, the Brooklyn Woman's Club, and of the New York Woman's Suffrage, National Suffrage, and Kings County Woman's Suffrage societies. Dr. Baker married Mills P. Baker, Jr., June 22, 1877. They had one child, Ella Mills Baker, who died in infancy. Her husband died June 2, 1879, since which time she has devoted herself entirely to her profession.

King ~~Vol~~ lV

BAKER, J FOLLET

Name in full J. Follet Baker M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Dover Delaware

Graduate (~~or Licentiate~~) of

Geneva Med. Col NY

HENRY B. SMITH M.D. MAR 1 1901

JOSEPH C. BAKER, M.D.

Was born in Loudon, N. H., October 12, 1814. He was married in 1844 to Mary Green Critchett. Before his marriage he taught school, and was noted for his remarkable memory, and had the reputation of being an excellent Latin and Greek scholar. After his marriage, he studied medicine with his brother-in-law, Dr. Alpheus Morrill, of Concord, N. H., and graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania in 1856. After practising a short time in Concord, he removed to Keene, where he was succeeded by his nephew, Dr. William B. Chamberlain, whence he removed to Middleboro, Mass., taking the practice of Dr. E. C. Knight. Here he remained till his death, February 23, 1865, the result of blood-poisoning from attending a small-pox patient. He joined the Institute in 1858. He left a widow, Dr. Mary G. Baker, the subject of the following sketch, and one daughter who subsequently became the wife of Dr. Edgar A. Fisher, of Worcester, Mass.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1893.

Matriculated from Concord, N H. Oct 24 1851.
Graduated Mar 1 1856. Not member of Alumni
Assoc. Died at Middleboro Mass Feb 23 1865 aet 51

BAKER, JOSHUA T

Matriculated from Phila Jan 2 1850. Graduated Mar 1 1855. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Lancaster, Pa.

BAKER, LEIGH YERKES

LEIGH YERKES BAKER, Washington, D. C., was born in Rochester, New York. He studied at the University of Michigan and graduated with the class of 1890, receiving the degree of M. D. He has made a specialty of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

~~King~~ V 1V

BAKER, LYDIA REINHOLD

DR. LYDIA REINHOLD BAKER

MARY GREEN BAKER, M.D.

Was born in Epsom, N. H., July 1, 1824. She was the daughter of Thomas and Sally Green Critchett. After her marriage with Joseph C. Baker, mentioned above, and while residing at Middleboro, she began the study of medicine, and graduated from the New England Medical College. After the death of her husband she continued practice in Middleboro till 1869, when she removed to Worcester, where she continued in practice till her death, February 17, 1879. She became a member of the Institute in 1872.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1893.

BAKER, MARY G

Dr. Mary J. Baker was born in Epsom, N. H., July 1, 1824. In 1844 she married Joseph C. Baker. He soon studied medicine and practiced in Concord, then in Keene, and finally settled in Middleboro' Massachusetts. It was during their residence there that Mrs. Baker decided to study that she might help her husband in his practice. She was graduated

BAKER, MARY I G

from the New England Female Medical College and associated with Dr. Joseph Baker until his death. Four years after that in 1869 she came to Worcester where she soon gained a good practice and worked steadily and faithfully until her death in 1879.

Address- Mrs. Edgar A. Fisher -
25 Elm St
Worcester Mass
March 13, 1893 -

Otis Clapp & Sons - MAR 16 1893

Dear Sirs:-

In response to your request to Mrs. Chamberlain for a biographical notice of my mother I send you the enclosed. If not satisfactory will you kindly return for correction?

Very truly -
Mary B. Fisher.

25 Elm St
Worcester Mass
March 29, 1893

MAR 24 1893

Dr. Henry M. Lunt -
Dear Sir -
In reply to your
note of the 20th I would
say Dr. Baker's maiden name
was Mary Green Critchett -
her parents names were
Sally Green & Thomas
Critchett and she was of
Scotch descent - The date
of her death is uncer-
married nineteen
years. Please use any

but
school
and
& Greek
mar-
d on
country
himself
autos
Lake - He
man
nature.
and
had

rect. It should be Feb. 17, 181
My father was born in
1814 in London N. H. Oct
12th. His parents were of
English descent and I
believe his fathers name
was Williams but as my
father died when I was
but a year old and his
parents had then been
long dead I am not
sure. When he married
my mother he had not
studied medicine but soon

my father's schooling but I know he taught school before he married and was a good Latin & Greek scholar. He had a marvellous memory and on his long & tedious country drives often kept himself awake repeating cantos of the Lady of the Lake. He was a very genial man of a most kindly nature. I was the only child and not born until they had been married nineteen years. Please use any

BAKER, MARY G.

Feb. 7th, 1880, Dr Mary G. Baker passed away. She was born in Epsom. N. H. July 1824. Jan. 1845 she was married to Dr Joseph C. Baker of Boscawen. N. H. and in 1856 they removed to Middleboro' Mass., where Dr J. C. Baker engaged in the practice of Homoeopathy. At the most - urgent solicitation of her husband Mrs Baker began the study of medicine and attended lectures in Boston at the N.E.Female College from which she graduated in 1862 and at once entered upon the practice of medicine in company with her husband. In Feb. 1865 Dr J C. Baker died; and in 1868 Dr Mary G. Baker removed to Worcester where for 12 years she was engaged in an extensive and lucrative practice. She died Feb. 17th. after a severe illness of nearly two months. Dr Baker was an honored member of the Am.Inst.Hom. the Mass.Hom.Med.Soc. the West.Mass. Hom.Med.Soc. the Worcester Co. Hom.Med.Soc. A woman of decided opinions, and fearless in the expression of them, still Dr Baker, by her real goodness and genuine kindness of heart won the love as well as the thorough respect of her patients, who trusting entirely in her skill and judgement as a physician, felt that in losing her they had lost a dear friend as well as wise counsellor and medical adviser. This is her biography as written by Dr Adeline Williams her successor at Worcester. (Trans.Mass.Hom.Med.Soc.1880-3)

BAKER, MILTON HOBART.

MILTON HOBART BAKER, M.D.,

Son of Griffin Bayes Baker, was born at Miller's Corners, Ontario county, New York, August 1, 1826. After graduating from the normal school at Albany in 1848, he taught school for several years. In 1856 he married Miss Laura A. Dowd of Sparta, and removed to Lansing, Mich., where he was principal of the public school. He afterward spent five years on a farm in the neighborhood, maintaining his connection with his school as superintendent during the winters. He had been an invalid from childhood, and not being used to farm work gave it up in 1863 to engage in photography at Evanston, Ill. This not agreeing with his health he relinquished it and entered the office of Dr. Fairbanks of Evanston as a student of medicine, having previously attended lectures while connected with the public schools. He graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago, in 1868 and began practice in Chicago, whence he removed to Highland Park, where he continued until his death, October 29, 1893. He was elected a member of the Institute in 1875 at the session held at Put-in-Bay.

(Am.Inst.Hom.1894)

Name in full

Milton H. Baker, M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Highland Park Lake Co. Illinois

Graduate (~~or Licentiate~~) of

Hahnemann Med. Col. Chicago, Ill.

Dr. M. H. Baker

disease, Leprosy, or any thing
else almost, and go on the plan
of no cure, no pay, and share
equally with you in all the profits,
Scarlet fever, Yellow fever &
Small pox become as nothing,
under the new Law of Cure,
Piles are cured immediately.
I have some business to
attend to in Marquette which
will take me some little time,
After that I will go if you think
best. Perhaps my discovery is too
great, as it seems to make life
an evergreen principle, taking accidents.
Jesus said as per record,
that the last enemy to be put down
was death, I am not sure that we
want to go back to the age of the
ancients from 900 to 969.

Mrs M. H. Baker
Highland Park
Oakland Co. Mich.

Nov 24

against
only
severe
ment.
of his
in
children
him
slept
night
saddles,
or to come
skeleton;
and
take hold
nights winter
by scales
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ion

Please strike of twenty fives of the of these notices and send me, & I will pay for them, send the bill with them. They will come to Highland Park first, then be forwarded to me. I have been making some scientific discoveries which are of great value to the profession which I will send you if you desire. My discoveries reduce Medicine almost to a mathematical science. Sometimes I am inclined to think the Drs. themselves do not desire any such thing. If you desire, I will go to New York as soon as I can bring it about, and take all the cases you can fetch me of St. Vitus Dance, Consumption if the patient can sit up and swallow, Rheumatism, Heart,

Dr. M. H. Baker

Milton Hobart Baker M.D. for 25 years a Homeopathic physician of Highland Park, Lake Co. Ills. departed this life on the evening of Oct. 27th 1893 at the home of his daughter, No 3023 Groveland Ave. Chicago. at the ripe age of 67 years, having been born Aug 1st 1826 at Miller's Corners Ontario Co. N.Y.

Deceased had been absent from his home in Highland Park but one week, having gone down the Thursday previous with the view of being wheeled through the great Fair if he stood the journey well from the Park; but the long ride across the city, though made as easy as possible by carriage, was too much for his strength

Soon after his confinement in Aug. 92 he lost his breath while coughing, and turned purple in the face

after the carriage. His demise,
though expected at any time for against
more than a year, was, at the only
last quite sudden, though painless severe
and none of his family were imint.
present except his daughter, who of his
was a student at Hahnemann in
College. On the 14th of Aug. 92, while at
visiting his son-in-law, Dr G. H. Morrison of Wynot K. Cork Co, he slept
was suddenly seized with a severe night
stricture in the lungs, which caused letters,
him to commence the use of morphine, which he never relinquished, to con-
taking sometimes as many lation;
as nine grains in a ~~day~~ 24 hours, to pre- and
vent another severe spasm of coughing, he hold
which he dreaded so much. winter
Soon after his confinement in Aug. ing scalp
92 he lost his breath while coughing, more.
drawing, and turned purple in the face, which was
ion

In a few moments after he regained his breath, his face and body commenced to puff, and for seven days death seemed very eminent. During the last six months of his life he sat during the day in an invalid chair the greater part of the time, and wheeled himself about the rooms. but slept always in nearly in an upright position of head and shoulders, as being most conducive to comfort. He was like a living skeleton; although he relished food and fruit, nothing seemed to take hold to build muscle. During the winter his body was covered with dry scales which only sweat it would remove. His mind was more a less deranged from the very first, which was most manifest in his aversion

to changing remedies for his condition. It seemed in the summer that he might yet get well as he took a long ride into the country without harm. even to driving the horse a short distance. Heart failure was probably the cause of his sudden letting go of the life forces. He never left his bed after his second day in Chicago.

His body at his request was taken directly from Chicago to the place of burial at Lake Forest, with no funeral services except a few appropriate remarks by his old time friend Mr. C. H. Summers of Mt Sheridan, followed by the reading of some of his favorite quotations by his daughter, Mrs. Morrison and singing by his children. But very few of his old friends in

with the pain of his limb. This de

Highland Park ~~knew~~ knew of his death in time to attend the burial, which was as private as possible, he wishing them to remember him only with the life expression without the darkness of decay to add a cloud. Believing as he did that death is only the birth of a new life, and a happy release from sickness and pain, he particularly requested that no crape be worn by his family.

Dr. Baker graduated at the State Normal School at Albany Ky. in the Class of '48; after which he taught for several years, and at the founding of Antioch College he had an opportunity of taking the Chair of Mathematics. At this time he engaged in the mercantile business with Mr. Rheuben French

with the pain of his limb. This de

a fellow teacher, at Millers Corners
Town of West Bloomfield N.Y.
After his marriage to Miss
Laura A. Doud of Sparta Living-
ston Co. N.Y. in 1856. he re-
moved to Lansing Mich. and
became Principle of the Public
School. After this he removed
to a farm a few miles west of
Lansing where he remained
some five years, generally
teaching winters. Here, as in
York State, he was Supt. of
Schools. Having been an invalid
through hip ail, from early child-
hood, he could not endure the
rigors of farm life after the war
had withdrawn the farm help,
and for a whole year he was bound
to his room three fourths of the time
with the pain of his limb. This de-

cided him to give up farming
and learn photography, and
he opened a Gallery at Evans-
ton, Ill. in the fall of 63; but the fumes and
of his dark room affected his
memory to such an extent
that he was obliged to close it
before spring. In the spring of
68 he graduated from Hahne-
man College at Chicago,
and commenced practicing of his
the north part of the City, but
Highland Park, offering him an
inducement, he removed to
the new suburb and remained
identified with its interests
until his departure
Almost always a sufferer, Dr.
Baker knew little of the sports
common to his years and the life of a
physician brought many hardships

ill. ...ar. Witts
...ionally,
...fourteen
...he was
...the sol-
...family
...attached,
...of his
...a great
...ost of the
...until
...one while
...to be on
...time he
...ast party,
...was to sleep
...faithful
friends who hopes to cheer the
dreariness of his long illness, and a firm faith
in the larger and fuller life beyond the grave,
he passed peacefully away.

he was little able to bear. With caries of the pelvic bone and pieces of bone working off occasionally, and a fearful cough of fourteen years standing, when he was not "on duty," he prepared the solitude of his books and family to which he was much attached, to the social gatherings of his friends. He was always a great reader, and kept abreast of the times. During his mercantile life and much of the time while teaching, he was obliged to be on crutches; in fact from the time he was five years old until past forty, he hardly knew what it was to sleep without pain.

With gratitude to those faithful friends who helped to cheer the dreariness of his long illness, and a firm faith in the larger and fuller life beyond the grave, he passed peacefully away.

BAKER, MILTON HOBART

Highland Park Jun 14 1894

JUN 14 1894

Henry M. Smith M.D.

Dear Sir.

Inclosed is a synopsis of Dr. Bakers life as well as I can make it. I see by re-reading your letter that I have omitted some things. He was the son of Griffin Bayes Baker, in early life of Hadam Conn. and Sofa Starkweather, and a nephew of Hon. Jewett Baker of Alton, in early Alton, and therefore cousin of Hon. Edward Baker American Minister to Buenos Ayres, appointed first by Lincoln, who was his uncle on his wife's side. Ed. Baker having married Mrs. Lincoln niece,

He studied Medicine with Dr. Fairbanks of Evanston, but took clinical lectures at the Med. Col. while attending the Normal school under Prof. Armstrong

I believe.

I have given you quite a full accou
between packing away times, as
I am trying to fix the house for
summer tenants, and myself
going away for the season.
Mr. Baker had met with three
heavy reverses in fortune, owing
to his poor health, that I did
not wish to speak of. I think his
mind had been a little un-
balanced for several years, but
I did not wish to put it quite so broad.
Please omit from my article
what ever you think best. He was
able to walk around the room if he
chose to do so, at the time of leaving,
but his legs were almost like sticks,
one hip was out of joint from youth
by pain, He had been a great suffer
Dr. Mot. the part of Elgin & Mr. S. V.
Morrison (son in law) were his attend
I can hardly write. Please excuse it.

BAKER, MILTON HOBART

Highland Park June 12th 1874

JUN 16 1894

Dr. Smith

Dear Sir

I sent you a letter yesterday with the memoirs of Dr Baker as near as I could but I am sorry I said any thing about the morphine or the atrization as nine out of ten would have said he was in full possession of his intellect. and the morphine treatment exposed might make the children fretfully. Please excuse this hasty correction, In packing I have lost your letter & may direct this wrongly.

Mrs M. H. Baker

BAKER, MERRITT THOMAS

Dr. Baker, of Oswego, Dies

Binghamton, N. Y., July 11.—Mrritt Thomas Baker, M. D., formerly State president of the New York State Homoeopathic Medical Society, is dead after a long illness at his residence in Oswego. He was one of the small Union force which saved Washington from the attack by General Early in 1864.

1916

BAKER, ORIGEN M

Matriculated from Newark, N J Oct 19 1859. Graduated Mar 1 1860.

TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF PETER BAKER, M. D., who died February 19th, 1887, æt. 69, of disease of the heart.—Peter Baker was born in Baltimore, Maryland, April 6th, 1818, where he resided until 1839. In that year he went to Cincinnati, Ohio. Here he resided about two years. In 1841 he removed to Memphis, Tenn.; there studied and practiced botanic medicine. In 1845 he was married to Rebecca A. Wiley, who, with two children, a son and daughter, both residents of this city, survive him.

Dr. Baker removed from Memphis to Warsaw, Ill., in 1854, and engaged in mercantile business. During his residence here he held several offices of public trust. In 1860 he commenced the study of Homœopathy; in the autumn of 1862, went to Chicago and attended Hahnemann Medical College. In the spring of 1863 moved to Whitewater, Wis., practiced his profession during the summer, returned to Hahnemann College in the autumn, and graduated in the spring of 1864. He then located in Monmouth, Ill. Here he had a large practice, much of which was in the country. In the fall of 1867 he was thrown from his buggy, fracturing his right leg. After six weeks he was so far recovered as to resume practice with the aid of crutches. During the severity of the winter he contracted a cold, in consequence of which erysipelas attacked the site of the wound, rendering rest imperative.

About this time much was being said about Kansas City. Some friends here persuaded him to visit them. He did so. After remaining about a month, his health was much improved, and through their solicitations he was induced to open an office. His practice began here in May, 1868. At this time but one other homœopathic physician was here.

Dr. Baker, by his persistent devotion to his profession, his consistent life, his unassuming manners, and kindly relations towards his colleagues and his patrons, soon found himself with a large practice. which continued to increase with the growth of the city. He did dot relinquish his work until December 22d, 1886, about two months prior to his death.

Dr. Baker did more to popularize Homœopathy in Kansas City than any other man. To his influence and success in practice, Homœopathy is largely indebted for its present advanced position in this community. His practice, in consonance with his character, was honest; his dealings with his patients, open and candid. He practiced Homœopathy in its purity; none could charge him with mongrelism. His name and his successful cures are intimately associated in the minds of the people with Similia Similibus, and widely known in Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, and adjoining states. He gave his life to the cause he loved. As a man and a physician he leaves a spotless name, an example worthy of imitation. He goes hence without an enemy, and with the respect of a whole community. Thus closed the career of a successful physician, a good man, and an exemplary citizen. W. D. FOSTER.

KANSAS CITY, MO., February 22, 1887.

Med. Advance. V. 18. P 499.

BAKER, ROBERT F

ROBERT F. BAKER, M.D.,

DAVENPORT, IOWA.

Dr. Baker was born in Jefferson, Clinton county, Ind., July 6, 1831. He graduated from Wabash College with honor. His own inclination, in which he was encouraged by his parents, induced him to study for the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, but after a year of diligent prosecution of theology he came to the conclusion that that was not the profession for which he was intended, and decided to become a physician. In this choice his aspirations were satisfied, and he at once commenced his preparation and in due time took his degree at the Cleveland Homœopathic College.

After his graduation he settled in Moline, where he was successful in building up a good practice. He remained there in the diligent pursuit of his calling until the outbreak of the war—nine or ten years. He then became anxious to enter the army in the capacity of a surgeon, but finding his homœopathic associations a hindrance to obtaining a commission, he went to New York and entered Bellevue Medical College. Having attended a course of instruction there, he was successful in securing an appointment as surgeon of the Illinois volunteers. He served in that capacity during the war faithfully and well. At the close of the contest he returned to Moline and resumed his practice there.

In 1868, he was married, and then removed to Davenport, where he remained a busy and successful practitioner until his death.

In the early part of the last winter Dr. Baker was overworked by the then prevailing epidemic, and was himself prostrated by an attack. Although in a feeble condition to withstand the assault, he appeared to be doing well and was in good spirits, reassuring his friends and talking cheerfully with them until Sunday, when symptoms of pneumonia appeared. From that time the character of his sickness became alarming. On Monday delirium supervened and his condition was critical. On Tuesday evening he expired.

Dr. Baker was recognized as one of the most prominent and able homœopathic physicians of the west. He was active in society work. He was rarely absent from the State Society meetings, of which he had twice been president. He was a member of this Institute since 1870, and was for several years on its Board of Censors. He was, in 1881, elected chairman of the Board of Examiners of the Homœopathic Medical Department of the State University of Iowa, which office he held till his death. He was highly esteemed as a public-spirited citizen and a man, and his decease is sincerely mourned by the community in which he labored. He leaves a widow and two children, a son at home and a married daughter.

Am Inst Hom 1890

BAKER, R H

Dr. R. H. Baker of Pearl City, Illinois, died at the St. Francis hospital, in Freeport, Illinois, on the fourth day of October, 1906. He was operated for chronic appendicitis on Tuesday and died on the following Thursday evening. Dr. Baker graduated from the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College in the year 1890. He was quiet and unassuming in his ways, but he was a good all-round physician and a good citizen. Clinique Nov 1906

BAKER, WALTER CLEMENT

Born Sept 30 1877 at
Matriculated from Phila July 18 1900. Graduated May 21 1904. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Phila. Certificate from Manual Training School. Died at Phila July 27 1908 aet

BAKER, WALTER ISAAC

Born Feb 1 1876 at
Matriculated from Camden N J Sept 13 1894. Graduated May 12 1898. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Naugatuck, Conn.

BAKER, WALTER S

Name in full

Walter S. Baker M. D.

P. O. Address in full

Cohoes Albany Co. N. Y.

Graduate (~~or Licentiate~~) of

Hom. College of N. York City

OFFICE OF Dr. Walter S. Baker,

No. 12 Clinton Street,

Newark, N. J., May 25th 1870

Office Hours, { 7 to 9, A. M., 1 to 3, P. M., 7 to 9, P. M

HOMŒOPATHIC MED. COLLEGE MAY 26 1870 NEW YORK

H. M. Smith

Dear Sir

A few days ago I received a circular from you requesting my address for a new directory of the Homeopathic physicians. As the blank which you enclosed has been misplaced I will give to send you my address without. Last year I was practicing Cohoes N. York, but in April removed to Newark N. J. I graduated at the New York Hom. Med. College in the spring of 1863. and have been in Cohoes nearly all the time since then, my address at present time you will find the printed heading of this page.

Yours truly,

W. S. Baker

BAKER, WILLIAM FRANKLIN

WILLIAM FRANKLIN BAKER, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in that city in 1876, son of Thomas Baker and Elizabeth Kennedy, his wife. He was educated at the Central High School of his native city, and was fitted for the practice of his profession at Hahnemann Medical College, graduating M. D. in 1898. His post-graduate studies were pursued first in Philadelphia, and afterward in Heidelberg, Germany, and London, England. He is lecturer on hydro and electro-therapeutics in Hahnemann Medical College, also clinical assistant to chair of practice. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Philadelphia County Homœopathic Medical Society and the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania.

King Vol IV

Born in Phila Oct 12 1876. Matriculated from Phila Sept 17 1895. Graduated May 12 1898. Member of Alumni Assoc. Held A.B. from Phila Central High School. Located 2131 E Cumberland St and 1425 Spruce St. Phila.

BAKER, WILLIAM HENRY

Dr. William H. Baker, '80, Hahnemann, Philadelphia, of Lynn, Mass., was unanimously elected Surgeon-General at the National Encampment, G.A.R., held at Philadelphia, September, 1899.

At the Thirty-third Annual Encampment of the Department of Massachusetts, held in Boston, February 16 and 17, 1899, Comrade Wm. H. Baker, of Post 5, of Lynn, was unanimously endorsed as a candidate for the office of Surgeon-General of the Grand Army of the Republic, and the representatives from Massachusetts to the National Encampment were instructed to use their votes and influence to fill an honorable office with an honorable man.

Comrade Baker was presented as a candidate for the office of Surgeon-General, not only because of the vote of this Department Encampment, but because of their own personal knowledge of his high standing as a citizen, his reputation as a skilful and successful physician, and his grand, good comradeship.

He was born in West Chester, Pa., June 7, 1844, and it is with a justifiable pride that we submit his record.

He was a resident of Pennsylvania until 1880; served in the Philadelphia Navy Yard from the close of the Civil War until 1875; then entered the Hahnemann Medical College in Philadelphia, graduating in 1880 with a prize for superior scholarship out of a class of seventy-five graduates.

Since 1880 he has been a citizen of the city of Lynn, Mass., of which he is the leading physician. He has been for years the President of the Board of United States Examining Surgeons, in which capacity he has never forgotten the "boys" who marched and sailed with him in the days when our country's life was in peril.

He enlisted as Private in Co. G, 2d Pa. Vols., April 19, '61, and was discharged Aug. 5, '61, by reason of expiration of service. Re-enlisted, Aug. 13, '62, in the U. S. Navy for three years, served on the *Water Witch* at the capture of the battery at St. John's Bluff, Florida, Oct. 1, '62. Transferred, Feb. 1, '63, to the U. S. S. *New Ironsides* and participated in all the engagements at the siege of Charleston, S. C., 18 in number. Was wounded in the head, Sept. 5, '63, in the engagement with Fort Moultrie and Battery B. Was also in the battles of Fort Fisher, Dec. 24 and 25, '64, with General Butler, and Jan. 12, 13, 14 and 16, '65, when it was captured by General Terry. Truly, a noble service on land and on sea.

In 1881 he joined Post 5, of Lynn, the largest Post in the Massachusetts Order. For the past 13 years he has been Surgeon of his Post, and though attending professionally his comrades during all that time has never received a dollar for his services, making it a custom at the close of each year to present the Post with a receipted bill for what was due him, said receipts amounting now to upwards of $4,000.00. He served as Medical Director of this Department in 1897 and 1898, and all in all, has wonderfully exemplified the principles of Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty.

He was presented to the Grand Army of the Republic just as he is, a kind-hearted, genial, good-natured gentleman, dignified when dignity is required, but a sociable and jovial comrade when the camp-fire is lighted and the cares of business are laid aside, and the Grand Army honored itself in honoring him with a unanimous election.

Hahn Mo Oct 1899

Born West Chester Pa June 7 1844. Matriculated from Phila May 15 1877. Graduated Mar 10 1880. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Washington St, Lynn, Mass.

DEATHS

Dr. William H. Baker.

Dr. William H. Baker, one of Lynn's oldest physicians, and a former army surgeon, died at his home, 115 Laighton street, yesterday, at the age of 74. He served duringthe civil war in both the army and navy, and for 10 years after the war was attached to the Philadelphia navy yard. He was born in West Chester, Pa., June 7, 1844. He enlisted in the 2d Pennsylvania Volunteers April 19, 1861, and served until Aug. 5, 1861, re-enlisting in the navy, serving on the Water Witch at the capture of St. John's Bluff, Fla. In 1862 he was transferred to the new Ironsides and participated in the engagement in connection with the siege of Charleston.

After his service in the Philadelphia navy yard he entered a medical college and came to Lynn as a physician in 1880. He joined post 5, G. A. R., and for 27 years was president of the board of examining surgeons of Lynn, resigning in April, 1912, due to failing health. He was a trustee of the state colony for the insane at Gardner, and of the Eliza Hahn Home for Aged Couples, of Lynn. He leaves a widow, Mary E., and one daughter, Eleanor K., wife of Louis B. Breer, with whom he lived. The funeral, with the Grand Army ritual, will take place Friday forenoon at 10, at his residence.

Boston Herald
Aug 23 1916

DR. WILLIAM H. BAKER.

Lynn — Paper

SURGEON GENERAL OF G.A.R.

Dr. William H. Baker, for 36 years a practicing physician here and formerly surgeon general of the Grand Army of Massachusetts, died at 4 o'clock this morning at his home, 115 Laighton street. He had been ill since April and the excessive heat of yesterday greatly weakened his condition.

Dr. Baker was a trustee of the state colony for the insane at Gardner since it was established. He was also trustee of the Eliza Hahn Home for Aged Couples on Washington street, and for a great many years was surgeon to General Lander post, 5, G. A. R.

For 30 years Dr. Baker has been prominent in the life of the city in all that pertained to its welfare. He was born in West Chester, Pa., June 7, 1844. He resided in Pennsylvania until 1880, when he began the practice of his profession here.

Dr. Baker's career was notable in many respects. He was proud to be numbered as one of the crew of the "New Ironsides," the ship which was in process of construction while the Monitor and Merrimac were engaged in their memorable battle. The ship, at that time, was the most formable piece of apparatus flying the Union flag. The doctor treasured a handsome picture of this boat, engaging Fort Sumter.

He enlisted as a private in Co. G, Second Pennsylvania volunteers, April 19, and was discharged at the expiration of his term of enlistment on Aug. 5 of the same year. He re-enlisted on Aug. 13, 1862, for a term of three years, and saw service on the Water Witch, at the capture of the battery at St. John's Bluff, Florida, in October, 1862. He was transferred Feb. 1, 1863, to the New Ironsides. He was wounded in the head Sept. 5, 1863, in the engagement with Fort Moultrie and Battery B. He also participated in other battles, among them Fort Fisher, Dec. 24 and 25, 1864, with General Butler, and Jan. 12, 13 and 14, 1865, when it was captured by General Terrey.

He served in the Philadelphia navy yard from the close of the Civil war until 1875, then entered the Hahnemann Medical college in Philadelphia, from which he graduated in 1879, with distinction for superior scholarship, in a class of 90. Since 1880 he has been a resident of Lynn, and joined Post 5 in 1881, acting as post surgeon for 20 years. He was medical director of the Massachusetts department during the years of 1897 and 1898 and surgeon general the following two years. He was president of the Massachusetts Association of National Aides de Camp for the years 1895 and 1896.

Dr. Baker preserved many curios of his war experiences, about which are woven many interesting tales which the physician could tell in a most vivid manner. For instance he had a daguerrotype of himself, as a member of the crew of the New Ironside. This was the ship for the destruction of which General Beauregard of the Confederacy offered a reward of $100,000. A queer shaped vessel set out to do the work, but only succeeded in badly damaging the ship and forcing her into dry dock for some time.

Dr. Baker's curios also include pictures of prominent Civil War leaders, and one which he valued most highly is a set of resolutions adopted by General Lander post, 5, in gratitude for the free services which he rendered the members of the post while he was serving as surgeon. The doctor, while surgeon of the post, made it a practice each year to present the post with a receipted bill for the money due him for services.

Dr. Baker is survived by his wife, Mrs. Mary E. Baker, a daughter, Eleanor K. Breer, wife of Louis B. Breer and grandson, William H. Baker, 2d, all of Lynn.

Rev. Lewis D. Malvern, D. D., will officiate at the services to take place at the Baker residence Friday at 10 a. m. Burial in Pine Grove cemetery will be private.

DR. WILLIAM H. BAKER FOR 36 YEARS PHYSICIAN HERE

FOR SURGEON-GENERAL

DR. WILLIAM H. BAKER,

Surgeon, Post 5, Lynn,

Department of Massachusetts, G.A.R.

BAKER, WILL H

WILL H. BAKER, Terre Haute, Indiana, born Byron, N. Y., October 13, 1858; educated in the common schools of Medina, N. Y., and Jersey City, N. J.; graduated M. D. from Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, 1882; practiced in Medina, N. Y., 1882-86; Rochester, N. Y., 1886-89; since then in Terre Haute; member International Hahnemannian Association and Indiana Institute of Homœopathy.

BAKER, WILLIAM S.

Dr. William S. Baker came to Cohoes in 1865. He had been practicing medicine a year or two in the city of New York before he removed to Cohoes. He remained in Cohoes four or five years, and then removed to Newark, N. J.

World's Convention. 1876. V.2.

EDWARD T. BALCH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Especial Attention to Chronic Diseases.

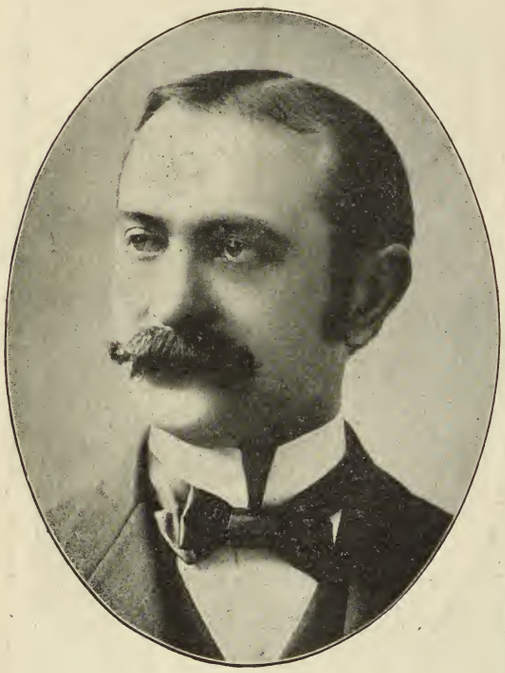
Hammonton, N. J., Aug. 12 1870

Dear Sir:

Please favor me with announcement for 70/71 to above address

Very Respectfully
E. T. Balch.

BALDINGER, A F



A. F. Baldinger, M D. Treasurer Local Committee.

IN MEMORIAM.

ARTHUR F. BALDINGER, M. D.

Dr. Arthur F. Baldinger, one of the most active and successful of the homeopathic physicians of Cleveland, died at the State Hospital, July 2nd, 1906, after an illness of two years. The funeral services were held on July 4th, and the remains were incinerated at the Glenville Crematory.

Dr. Arthur F. Baldinger was born in Ravenna, Ohio, January 13th, 1864. He obtained his preliminary education in the public schools of that city and entered upon the study of medicine in the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College in 1886, graduating in 1889. Later, he did considerable post-graduate work in this country and abroad.

He was an unusually successful physician and soon after his graduation, succeeded in building up an extensive practice among the best class of people in the city. He was quiet and unassuming in his manner and formed close and loyal friendships not only among his patients but with his professional colleagues.

Soon after graduation, he began his work in the college and at the time of his retirement from practice was Professor of Obstetrics. He was also Visiting Surgeon to the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital, Visiting Obstetrician to the Maternity Hospital and Medical Examiner for several Life Insurance Companies. He was always active in society work, being a member of the national, state and local organizations.

Beside his immediate family, his wife and son, Dr. Baldinger is survived by his father and sister.

Cleveland Med Surg ## Rep Aug 1906

ARTHUR F. BALDINGER, M. D.

The object of life is to do good; to lead useful lives. The man who plants a tree is a public benefactor. It is not only a thing of beauty; it casts a shade and is a shelter to the beasts of the field and the birds of the air. The physician is a greater benefactor than he who plants a tree, because he brings joy and gladness to the homes of those who are sick. He restores to health. His work is doing good. We have lost three young men, Dr. Baldinger, Dr. Jones and Dr. Livermore; all young men of promise. They had the attributes of the true physician. They honored the homes of their patients. It needs no monument for them. Because of their good works, they live in the hearts of those they have left behind.

H. F. Biggar.

Dr. Baldinger, one of the most active and successful of the homeopathic physicians of Cleveland, died at the State Hospital, July 2nd, 1906, after an illness of two years.

Dr. Arthur F. Baldinger was born in Ravenna, Ohio, January 13th, 1864. He obtained his preliminary education in the public schools of that city and entered upon the study of medicine in the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College in 1886, graduating in 1889. Later, he did considerable post-graduate work in this country and abroad.

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Beside his immediate family, his wife and son, Dr. Baldinger is survived by his father and sister.

Dr. Baldinger joined the Institute in 1896.

Clev. Med and Surg. Reporter.

A I H 1906

BALDWIN, ALVA MORSE

Matriculated from Groton, N Y Sept 24 1878. Graduated Mar 10 1880. Not member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Groton, N Y.

D. A. BALDWIN, M. D.,
ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

Dec. 3d. 1898

Dr. T. L. Bradford

Dear Doctor.

Your kind favor was duly recd. - and would have been sooner acknowledged, but for a renewed attack of Malaria -

I have been practising over forty years - and now with impaired health am gradually closing my work, whenever I may be able to sell my property here, which I have occupied twenty five years -

I have accumulated three or four hundred vols, of every description - old school & Hom. Electricity - Microscopic - chemical -

literary & miscellaneous - some of them recent - most of them older -

I could not think of putting you personally to any trouble in the matter, and will I suppose have to see some dealer in this class of Books - new & second hand

Thanking you heartily for your kind interest, I am

Sincerely Yrs

D. A. Baldwin

Englewood

N. Jersey

BALDWIN, EDWARD HILL

EDWARD HILL BALDWIN, Newark, New Jersey, was born on Christmas day in 1871, son of Samuel Hill Baldwin and Abby Henrietta Pierson, on his father's side being of English ancestors, who trace back to the early years of the seventeenth century, while on his mother's side his ancestors were among the early American colonists. His elementary and secondary education was acquired in the Newark public schools, 1885, and Newark Academy (scientific course) 1890; and his higher education in Princeton University—the John C. Green school of science. His professional education was acquired in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, where he graduated M. D. in 1895, and in the New York Ophthalmic Hospital College, where he came to the degree O. et A. Chir. in 1896. Dr. Baldwin has specialized his practice to the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, for which he qualified in his regular courses and also in post-graduate studies in the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, the New York Post-Graduate School of Medicine, and also in Dr. Knapp's aural and ophthalmic institute. He also was in attendance upon the clinics in Vienna, Austria, in 1902, under the masters Politzer and Urbautschetch. In connection with his active practice his hospital and clinical appointments include service as assistant surgeon and also lecturer on histology of the eye and refraction, in the New York Ophthalmic Hospital; eye, ear and throat surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic, New Jersey; same to Essex County Homœopathic Hospital, and to Bethany Home for Aged, Newark. He is a member of the state board of medical examiners of New Jersey, by appointment of Governors Voorhees and Murphy, his duties in that connection requiring him to examine in physiology and homœopathic materia medica and therapeutics. He is a member of the Princeton Club of Newark, the New Jersey Chiron Club (medical), the American Institute of Homœopathy, the American Homœopathic Ophthalmological, Otological and Laryngological Society, the New Jersey State Homœopathic Medical Society and the Essex County Homœopathic Medical Society. Dr. Baldwin married, November 11, 1896, Rosalind Grover Shepard.

King Vol IV

BALDWIN, HARRY D

H. D. Baldwin, M. D.,
Elyria, Ohio.

HARRY D. BALDWIN, Elyria, Ohio, was born in Montrose, Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania, September 27, 1852, son of Edmund and Jane (Dennison) Baldwin. He attended the high school of his native town and pursued his professional studies in the New York Homœopathic Medical College. His post-graduate courses comprised attendance at the Pratt orificial course, Chicago, and study in the New York Post-Graduate School of Medicine. He practiced for nineteen years in Montrose, one year in Syracuse, New York, and for ten years has been engaged in general practice, surgery and gynecology in Elyria. He was a member of the Broome County Homœopathic Medical Society and the Pennsylvania State Homœopathic Medical Society. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Cleveland and Ohio State Medical societies, and the Surgical and Gynecological Society of the American Institute of Homœopathy. He is a member of the Kozy Klub, a literary society of Elyria, and was its president three years. He married Rose Baldin, January 25, 1883.

King Vol IV

BALDWIN, JARED GROVER

BALDWIN, JARED G., M. D., of New York city, was born in Susquehanna county, Pa., July 18th, 1827. His father's family came from Lyme, Conn., and his mother, who was a Sherer, from New Hampshire. When he was about ten years old his father moved to New York city with his family, where they have since resided. At sixteen years of age he graduated at the Mechanics' Society School, then the largest and best of the private schools in New York. He was at once engaged by the retiring principal as teacher in a school which he established. He taught in this school more than a year, applying himself assiduously to the study of the Latin, Greek and French languages. Leaving this school, he entered the counting-room of a dry goods house as book-keeper, remaining with them about four years.

Becoming dissatisfied with mercantile life, and being resolved to study medicine, he resigned his position and accepted an appointment as teacher in one of the largest of the public schools of New York city. He continued to teach in this school about three years, and in the meantime entered his name as a student of medicine in the office of Dr. Alfred Freeman, one of the first and one of the most successful practitioners of homœopathy in New York city. He attended medical lectures one year at the New York Medical College, and two years at the Medical Department of the New York University, where he graduated in 1853.

After graduating he immediately engaged in business with his preceptor, Dr. Freeman, and remained with him until his death, in 1861. By close application to business, attended with great success, he was enabled not only to retain the whole of Dr. Freeman's extensive business, but so to increase it that he has now one of the largest and most lucrative practices in the city.

Although Dr. Baldwin devotes his time almost exclusively to his duties as a practitioner, writing but seldom for the journals, yet he cultivates and indulges a taste for general literature and natural history. He has collected an extensive library, especially rich in illustrated works and works on natural history, with many very old and rare books, some dating back to the fifteenth century, before the discovery of America.

JARED G. BALDWIN, New York city, was born in Montrose, Pennsylvania, July 18, 1827, of Nehemiah and Mary Sherer Baldwin, both of whom were of English ancestry. He was educated in the public schools of New York city, and also in the institution known as the School of Mechanics' Society. He pursued his medical studies in the New York University, graduating in 1853, and since that time he has practiced medicine continuously in New York city. He is a censor of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, and was elected to its chair of theory and practice, but owing to the demands of private practice he was compelled to decline. He is a consulting physician to the Hahnemann Hospital, a senior member of the American Institute of Homœopathy and a member of the New York State and the New York County Homœopathic Medical societies, the New York Medical Club and the Union League Club. Dr. Baldwin married, in 1854, Susan Theall. Their children are Jared G. and Alfred F. Baldwin.

King ~~Vol IV~~

MRS. SUSAN THEALL BALDWIN.

Mrs. Susan Theall Baldwin, the wife of Dr. Jared G. Baldwin, died suddenly yesterday at her home, No. 8 East Forty-first-st. The funeral will be held on Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

BALDWIN—Suddenly, Sunday, February 5, 1899, of angina pectoris, Susan Theall, beloved wife of Dr. Jared G. Baldwin.
Funeral services at her late residence, No. 8 East 41st-st., Wednesday, February 8, at 10:30 o'clock a. m.
Kindly omit flowers.

2ND OLDEST HOMEOPATH DOCTOR IN CITY IS DEAD

Dr. Jared Grover Baldwin, the second oldest homeopathic practitioner in this city, died to-day at his home, No. 8 East Forty-first street, after a short illness. Dr. Baldwin was eighty-six years old. He began practicing in 1853. Dr. Baldwin is survived by two sons.

NEW YORK

Gilbert Pub. Co. Phila.

J. G. Baldwin.

BALDWIN, JOHN HUTCHINSON

JOHN HUTCHINSON BALDWIN, Jeffersonville, Indiana, was born October 8, 1876, at New Albany, Indiana, son of Edward H. Baldwin and Susan Elizabeth Spitler, his wife. He attended the public schools of New Albany, graduating from the high school in 1894. He then entered the Southwestern Homœopathic College, whence he graduated M. D., with the highest honor in the class, in 1897. He immediately began the practice of medicine in Jeffersonville, and has continued there since. In 1904 he took post-graduate studies at the New York Homœopathic Medical College. His hospital and college appointments have been: 1897-98, interne and consulting physician to the Louisville (Kentucky) City Hospital; professor of practice and lecturer on the principles of surgery at the Southwestern Homœopathic Medical College, Louisville; on the staff of the Deaconess Hospital, Jeffersonville. In 1902 he was vice-president of the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy; in 1904 was vice-president of the Southern Homœopathic Association; is now president of the Jeffersonville and New Albany Chautauqua Association, and of the board of deacons of the First Presbyterian church of Jeffersonville. He also belongs to the Falls City Homœopathic Society, the Southern Homœopathic Association and the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy. He married Cora G. Peckinpaugh, January 23, 1900. Their children are Edward N. and Ruth E. Baldwin.

King ~~Vol IV~~

John H. Baldwin, M.D.

vol 2 Chap 10 (old no 9) P 10

BALDWIN, WILLIAM MONTGOMERY

My full name is Wm M Baldwin

I graduated at Cleveland Medical College, in the year 1868

My present address is Pataskala county of Licking

State of Ohio where I have resided since /

Previous to that time I practised in

I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1868 at Pataskala

WILLIAM MONTGOMERY BALDWIN, Jr., Newark, Ohio, born in that city, June 29, 1846; graduated, Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital College, 1869; post-graduate course, Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, 1875.

BALL, A R

Name in full

Alexander R. Ball

P. O. Address in full

Marshall. Mich

Graduate (~~or Licentiate~~) of

Western Homoeopathic College

ALONZO SPAFFORD BALL, M.D.,

Was born in Keene, N. H., February 11, 1800. When he was two years old his parents removed to Lowville, N. Y. He attended the Lowville Academy and having a fondness for public speaking chose law as his profession and was preparing to enter Hamilton College when the death of his mother caused him to change his plans.

Deciding to study medicine he entered the office of Dr. Sylvester Miller in Lowville in 1821 and in 1824 attended lectures at Fairfield College. In 1825 he came to New York to attend lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, but a sickness of six weeks with pneumonia, made such inroads in his limited funds and used up so much of the college term that, acting on the advice of his physicians and preceptors, Drs. Kearney Rogers and Thomas Cock, he took only a partial course. He obtained a license from the Lewis County Medical Society and began practice at Salina (afterward a part of Syracuse) in 1815, where he remained ten years, removing to New York in 1825. In 1838 he was introduced to Dr. Federal Vanderburgh, the physician of his pastor, the Rev. Dr. Patton, with whose views on Homœopathy he did not agree. Dr. Cock had given him a work on the new medical dogma and spoken highly of Dr. Curtis, a student of Dr. Gram. There were but few practitioners of Homœopathy, which was regarded as a "German humbug," that no physician of reputation could countenance, and there were strong reasons why a young physician, depending on the practice of his profession for a living, should not array himself against the accepted practice of the day.

From conversations with Dr. Curtis, Dr. Ball became enamoured with the idea of curing diseases with small doses as also with the statement that the therapeutic resources of the New School were greater than those of the Old. Having a case of chronic laryngitis, a lady forty years of age whom he had treated for three months with all the resources of the Old School without being able even to afford any palliation, and the consulting physician, Dr. Thos. Cock, declaring that she could not live three months, he thought this was a case that would afford a thorough test of the new system. Dr. Curtis saw the case with him, and after a careful examination thought it was formidable, and the result doubtful but that the remedies of the New School were worthy of trial. He prescribed Belladonna, a dose

at night and one the next morning. In speaking of it, Dr. Ball said "On my visit the next day she remarked that she would take no more of THAT medicine as it increased her sufferings; I told her to stop it and without a word of encouragement left the house; indeed, I had been told too often by her that she was worse, to feel particularly encouraged by it. However I called again the next day but one, when she met me at the door of her room with the astounding declaration, 'Why, doctor, I don't know but that I am cured. On the morning following your last visit I found my throat better, and from that time it has been improving steadily until it really seems as if I was almost well.' So astonished was I at this statement—not a little provoked with myself too, that three or four pellets should have done more in a few hours for my patient than all my pills, boluses and blisters for six months—so astonished was I, that I sat down beside her and entered into a careful examination of her symptoms, which resulted in the conviction that her statement was true. She asserted that at no time within the year had she been thus relieved. The improvement continued and she was discharged entirely cured about the time that Dr. Cock had predicted her death."

The result of this and other trials soon made him an enthusiastic advocate of the Homœopathic practice. A neighbor of his was Dr. Alfred Freeman, whom he induced to make trial of Homœopathic remedies which resulted in Dr. Freeman adopting the practice also. When attending a religious meeting at Newark, he met Dr. Isaac M. Ward, with whom he dined and the conversation turning on the subject of Homœopathy, Dr. Ball left him some remedies and wrote out the prominent symptoms indicating their use. With these Dr. Ward was much pleased and after frequent consultations with Dr. B. became an avowed Homœopathist. Through the influence of Dr. Ball, Drs. Walter C. Palmer and Hudson Kinsley adopted Homœopathy. With a view of taking Dr. Rosenstein's practice, Dr. Ball visited Albany, but concluded not to change his residence and induced Dr. Ward to open an office there.

Dr. Ball was one of the original members of the Institute, having attended the first meeting in 1844. He was elected Treasurer in 1854. He was an active member of many other Homœopathic societies, one of the founders of many.

His only daughter was married to Dr. Edward G. Bartlett, with whom he entered into partnership in practice and to whom he resigned his practice several years ago. In the spring of 1893 he left New York and resided in Saratoga where he died December 17, 1893. Am. Inst. Hom. 1894.

Dr. Alonzo S. Ball was born at Keene, N. H. He studied law, and was preparing to enter Hamilton College when his mother's death caused a change of plan. In 1821 he became a student of Dr. Miller, of Louisville. In 1824 he attended lectures at Fairfield College, and the following year came to New York to attend lectures and graduate at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. A sickness lessened his income so much that he only took a partial course, and returned to Syracuse. He had spent much of his time in the New York Hospital and Eye Infirmary. He afterwards received a license from the Lewis County Medical Society. He returned to New York in 1838, and became acquainted with Dr. Vanderburgh, but was opposed to his dogmas. Shortly after his old preceptor gave him a work on homœopathy, which pleased him. Having a case of laryngitis, he called on Dr. J. T. Curtis *by night*, not wishing to be seen entering the office of a homœopath. Under Dr. Curtis's prescription the patient got well, and the doctor, commencing to experiment further, has continued it to this day. Dr. Ball is still in active practice in New York city.*

(World's Convention. 1876. V.2.)

Dr. Alonzo S. Ball was born at Keene, N. H. When he was two years old his parents removed to Lowville, N. Y. Having a fondness for public speaking he studied law, and was preparing to enter Hamilton College, when the death of his mother caused a change in his plans. In 1821, he became a student of Dr. Sylvester Miller, of Lowville. In 1824, he attended lectures at Fairfield college, and the following year came to New York to attend lectures at the college of Physicians and Surgeons, and graduate. A sickness of six weeks with pneumonia made such inroads in his funds, which were just sufficient to pay his board and college fees, and so much of the term had expired, that with the advice of his preceptors and physicians, Drs. Kearney Rogers and Thomas Cock, he attended a partial course only and went back to Syracuse, expecting to return the following year and obtain his degree. He had spent much of his time in the New York Hospital and Eye Infirmary; he afterward received a license from the Lewis County Medical Society. He returned to New York in 1838, and was introduced by his pastor, the Rev. Dr. Patton, to his family physician, Dr. Vanderberg, with whose views, however, he was not favorably impressed.

Shortly after, his former preceptor, Dr. Thomas Cock, an old school physician of high standing, gave him a work on homœopathy to read, with which he was much pleased. Having a case of laryngitis, he called on Dr. J. T. Curtis, who had been spoken of by Dr.

Cock as an intelligent physician. He called by night, not wishing to be seen entering the office of a homœopath. Under Curtis's prescriptions the patient got well, and Dr. Ball was induced to experiment further. He resolved to try the homœopathic treatment six months; he has continued the trial up to the present.

Dr. Ball visited Albany with a view of taking Dr. Rosenstein's practice, but concluding not to change his residence, he induced Dr. Ward to open an office there. Dr. Ball was likewise the means of converting Drs. Palmer and Kinsley. He is still in active practice in this city, and takes a lively interest in everything pertaining to our school.

N.E.Med.Gaz.April. 1871.

DR. ALONZO SPOFFORD BALL.

Dr. Alonzo Spofford Ball died at Saratoga on Sunday, after being ill two days. He was born at Keene, N. H., February 11, 1800. He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and practised his profession at Salina, N. Y., from 1825 to 1835, when he removed to this city. Dr. Ball retired from active life about fifteen years ago. He married in 1826 Miss Eliza Watson Morton, and leaves two children—Dr. A. B. Ball, of No. 42 West Thirty-sixth-st., and Mrs. E. G. Bartlett.

Dr. Ball's life was one of constant activity; he was always a zealous worker in the cause of Christianity, was a prominent and a consistent temperance man, and an earnest Abolitionist during the days of slavery. Until two days before his death he retained all his faculties, and showed an interest in affairs of the day. About six months ago he went to Saratoga, where he soon became identified with church work.

He was president of the New-York State Homoeopathic Society in 1855, and an associate member of the Homoeopathic Society of the County of New-York.

The funeral will be held in the University Place Presbyterian Church at 10 o'clock this morning.

Dr. Alonzo S. Ball, one of the oldest physicians in the city, passed to a higher life Dec. 17, at the ripe age of ninety-three years and ten months. Dr. Ball retired from general practice nearly ten years ago, but was active in church and charitable work until his last illness, which was of only short duration. Dr. Ball was one of the little band of abolitionists in the early days of the movement, and a most earnest and active worker in the cause of Christianity. He was an earnest advocate of temperance, the rights of man and equal justice to all. Dr. Ball was one of the oldest graduates of the College of Physicians Surgeons.

N Y Med Times Jan 1894

N Am Jl Hom Feb 1894

OBITUARY.—Dr. Alonzo Spafford Ball, of New York, died at Saratoga, N. Y., on Sunday, December 17th, 1893, in the ninety-fourth year of his age. Doctor Ball was at the time of his death the oldest homœopathist in New York. He was born at Keene, N. H., February 11th, 1800. In 1824 he began the study of medicine at Fairfield College, coming to New York in 1825 to study at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Ill health compelled him to abandon the course and he returned to Syracuse, ultimately obtaining a diploma from the Medical Society of Lewis County. Dr. Ball became a convert to homœopathy in 1838 while living in New York, and was ever afterward an enthusiastic disciple of Hahnemann. He was one of the original members of the American Institute, joining in 1844. In 1854 he was its Treasurer. He was one of the founders of the New York State Homœopathic Society and its President in 1853. He was a charter member of the New York County Society, founded in 1857,

Ball, Alonzo S

A S Ball

E. HASBROUCK, M. D.
369 NINTH STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Jan. 7th 1894

JAN 8 1894

Dear Dr. Smith:-

Thanks for your help regarding Dr. Ball - I wrote to his Son, Dr. A.B. Ball, hoping he would help me out - Enclosed is his letter. I then learned that my son in law, Dr. F.P. Jenks - had formed the acquaintance of Dr. A.S. Ball, and I prevailed upon him to write an ~~obituary~~ Necrological notice which I think will do for the State Society.

Yours truly
E. Hasbrouck

Ball, Alonzo S

A S Ball

E. HASBROUCK, M. D.
369 NINTH STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Feb. 8th 1894

FEB 10 1894

Dear Dr. Smith:-

Thanks for the opportunity to read your report regarding Dr. Ball. With the document you previously sent me together with some points received from Dr. W. K. Ball and personal reminiscences of my son-in-law, Dr F. P. Jenks, he was enabled to write for the State society a report which embodies about all the points you state in your report. As you are to report to the American Institute - perhaps, it will be well for me to Dr. Jenks article

stand as written, so I return your notes.

My necrological report to the State Society will cover the deaths of Drs. S. N. Brayton – H. D. Paine – Levi Shafer and A. S. Ball.

Very truly Yours &c
E. Hasbrouck

Ball, Alonzo S

A S Ball

—Dr. Alonzo S. Ball, of New York city, was one of the first converts to homeopathy, and one of the first members of the American Institute of Homeopathy in 1844. He was ninety-three the 11th of February. He graduated in medicine in 1834. Dr. Louis Hallock, now in practice, is in his ninetieth year and graduated in 1826. Am Hon't Feb 15 1893

New York May 3d

Dr Smith

Dear Sir

In filling your paper giving my professional history — my connection with Homeopathy has caused it to cross my mind to look the liberty of giving a hasty sketch thereof, if possible that it might be then prepared for the press, if it be worthy of publication. The only question now is whether

is a call at this late
day for such testimony
in behalf of its truth
& importance. My impression
is that such personal
testimony of history is
not now called for —
I submit this entirely
to the judgement of
those whose business
it is to decide —

Yours very truly
J. L. Pace

48. M 53d St

trial for six months & then decide. The trial was a success & I was then not only willing to be known as a Homeopathist but began even to rejoice in the knowledge of the truth.

Name (in full,) Alonzo S Ball d. at Saratoga Dec. 17. '93

Date and Place of Birth Feb 11th 1800. Keene N.H.

If Graduate in Liberal Arts, Educated Lowville Academy

Medical Studies. Began the study of medicine 1822 — in Lowville N.Y. with the office of Dr. Forrest Miller

a. Name and Residence of preceptor

b. Medical Colleges attended and when.
Fairfield Medical College N.Y. in 1825

c. College and Date of Diploma. In 1825 The college of Physicians & Surgeons. New York City

Places and Dates of Practice. I began practice in Sept 1825 in Salina now Syracuse Onondaga Co. N.Y.
In consequence of an attack of Pneumonia which confined me 6 weeks the Professors advised me to take the tickets of Anatomy, Therapeutics & Obstetrics & they gave me the place of a Walker on the Surgical side furnished both a subject for the study of anatomy — & prolonged my studies for three months & took a course of Lectures in Eye & Ear Infirmary.

REMARKS:

Professional, political, or civil positions held, papers or reports written, or special work done.

I then returned to Lowville N.Y. & took a Diploma from the Medical Society Lewis County Lowville N.Y. The Homeopathic College of the City of New York — conferred upon me, some years since the honorary degree of M.D. 1876

(OVER)

I practiced my profession in Salina for ten years & then in 1835 I moved to the City. Here for the first I learned from intercourse with those who then had just began to practice Homœopathy. ~~In my other experience of the system~~ that the law or principle of Homœopathy secured the cure of ~~medicine~~ disease with little medicine. This feature of the new system arrested my attention as I had often found with all my caution in the old school treatment of disease aggravation of symptoms & consequent unnecessary sufferings & the cure delayed if not wholly prevented. The few Physicians then in practice were students having then just graduated & of course were not in any profession of professional influence in the City. The profession took then regarding it as a German Humbug. Not no physician of reputation & professional standing could countenance it for a moment. Not Dr Gram who had just come from Germany without reputation or character in the profession you can readily see how strong was the influence especially for the Physician who came to the City wholly dependant upon his profession for a living to fall into the popular current & pronounce it an arrant Humbug with the profession ignorant of it altogether. The impression that to cure disease with small or minute doses would be a godsend had its influence in permitting me to

that to cede discon with smale or
minute doses would be God sends had its
influence in permitting me to listen to
the their arguments & testimony in favor
of Homoeopathy
Dr Curtis. then a student of Dr Gram a
young man of logical mind said
in conversation on the subject the resources
of Homoeopathy are really superior to the
old School. for the obvious reason that
drugs that act on the similar law
are more numerous than those that act either
Antipathically or Allopathically. I found
this statement to be true & it had its
weight in the process of my conversion
About this time there came to me a patient
with Chronic Laryngitis, having been
under treatment some six months in the
care of Dr Smith. She came to me being
discouraged as she was no better. her age
40. a mother of several children & a delicate
constitution. The case was clearly marked
as Laryngitis. Larynx enlarged & painful &
especially to the touch. difficulty in swallowing
voice hoarse & nothing difficult.
I treated this case to the best of my
knowledge in the old School not only
without improvement but steadily getting
worse. I then called the best counsel in the
City Dr Cook. He continued in counsel for
two months not only without improvement
but she began now to suffer with all the
constitutional symptoms of Phthisis. Emaciation
hectic fever. Night sweats, cough
of pus. pulse 120. In this condition

Dr Cook, said "I shall discontinue my visits as she can not live more than two months" In this condition of my patient with the light I then had on the subject of Homeopathy I regarded myself justified in putting my patient for treatment into the hands of Homeopathy. As I intended not wish to be known publicly as to my this step I sought the most private way possible as Dr Bagley was then in the office of Dr Gram I called upon him & introduced myself & requested that he would visit my patient with me. He readily consented & yet I had said nothing of Homeopathy to my patient.

On careful enquiry of the history of the case & the present condition of the patient he said "it is very doubtful if any treatment can cure this case, but as Homeopathy furnishes remedies not more specific in relation to the throat. they are worthy of trial" I shall prescribe Bell. as most Homeopathic to the present symptoms. He put 12 pellets 2d dilution. 1/3 tumbler water. 1 teaspoonful at night & 1 in morning. call next day if aggravation of throat symptoms. no more medicine. call third day if improvement. no more medicine as long as improvement continues. Improvement local & constitutional for 10 days. Then got so well in throat. When Dr Curtis made 2d visit. when he prescribed Hepar Sulphur ~~in the~~ ~~day~~ but as there was no aggravation it was continued 30 or 40 days. Continued improvement for two or three weeks, when he prescribed Phos alone. one remedy at a time & finally he gave Sulphur as the last remedy. This treatment occupied 2 months when she was discharged cured. She lived 10 years & then died of an other disease. The aggravation by the small dose of Bell was a demonstration of the homopathic relation to the disease. It was an exhibition of the power of medicine over disease that I had not seen. Dr Curtis said "you may not see such a case again in 40 years." In the light I then had I said I would make a private way to visit

42 West 36th Street,
New York.

Dec. 23. 1893

E. Hasbrouck, M.D.

Dear Sir,

I shall be most happy to give you any information that I possess in regard to my father's life, but the obituary notice for the American Institute of Homoeopathy, it seems to me, should be written by some homoeopathic physician who was in touch with him as regard his medical beliefs -

My father was not a graduate of the College of Physicians & Surgeons of New York. He attended only a part of one course of lectures, having been attacked with pneumonia soon after beginning the course - On his recovery, Dr John Kearney Rogers, with much kindness, gave him a private course in dissection - He was licensed to practice medicine by the Lewis County Medical Society

in 1825. The exact date of his presidency of the Homoeopathic State Medical Society of New York I cannot give you. It was about 1855. The Society Reports will probably give you the desired information.

The last six months of his life were spent in Saratoga, New York where he died Dec. 17. 1893. With the exception of some muscular weakness, he was in excellent health up to two days before his death. The preservation of his mental faculties was very remarkable for his years. For several months he had been in the habit of addressing religious meetings once or twice a week. His death was due to a "grip" pneumonia, which was unattended by pain or even serious discomfort. He retired from active practice about fifteen years ago.

If there is any further information that I can give you, I shall be most happy to do so.

Very truly Yours

A. B. Ball

ted May 12
lantic City N J

BALL, ARTHUR WILLIAM

Born Nov 10 1874 at
Matriculated from Phila Oct 11 1893. Graduated May 12
1897. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Atlantic City N J

BALL, HALSEY JAY

HALSEY JAY BALL, Cortland, New York, was born in that city August 12, 1868, son of Jay Ball, M. D., and Jennie L. (McConnell) Ball. He received his literary education in the State Normal School at Cortland, graduating from the academic department in 1887. He then entered the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, and graduated in April, 1890. From 1890 until 1891 he was interne of the Ward's Island Homœopathic Hospital (now the Metropolitan Hospital). From 1891 to 1894 he was engaged in private and dispensary practice and as medical inspector for the board of health of New York city. He located in the town of Scott, Cortland county, New York, in 1894, and until 1903 was engaged in private practice and also served as health officer. In 1903 he took a practitioner's course in the New York Homœopathic College and Hospital, and then resumed his career in the town of his birth. Dr. Ball is a member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of New York, of the Medico-Chirurgical Society of Central New York, the Cortland County Homœopathic Medical Society and of many other professional and social societies. He married Jennie M. Niles on May 20, 1891. They have one child, Jennie Louise Ball.

King Vol IV

BALL, JAMES

Name in full James Ball

P. O. Address in full Wayland, Mich.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of Allopatha, Licentiate
Changed to Homopathy

BALL, JAMES

JAMES BALL, Melvern, Kansas, born Keokuk county, Iowa; literary education at Kansas State Normal School; graduated M. D. from the Kansas City Homœopathic Medical College, 1893.

BALL, JAY

My full name is Jay Ball
I graduated at University Medical College, in the year 1848
My present address is Cortland county of Cortland
State of New York where I have resided since 1858
Previous to that time I practised in Homer & Virgil
I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1848 at Virgil

BALL, JOSEPH HARRIS

DR. J. H. BALL
Registrar

JOSEPH HARRIS BALL, Bay City, Michigan, born Dexter, Mich., June 16, 1873; graduated, homœopathic department, University of Michigan, 1898; under-graduate assistant to chair of ophthalmology, otology and laryngology, 1897-1898; graduate assistant, 1898-1899; member of the American Institute of Homœopathy; general secretary, 1901, Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Michigan; member board of censors, Ophthalmological and Laryngological Society, 1903; acting hospital steward, 1st Regt., M. N. G., 1896-1898.

Inter.Hahn.Assoc.1892. Hom.Phys.Jan.1892

IN MEMORIAM—EDGAR ABBOTT BALLARD, M. D.

DIED NOV. 6TH, 1891, AT HIS RESIDENCE, NO. 97 37TH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

Edgar Abbott Ballard was born at Williamsburg (now Brooklyn, E. D.) New York, March 8th, 1838. His early years were passed in Massachusetts, where he received the limited instruction afforded by the district schools of that time. With this limited education he went to New York City and there for a time engaged in mercantile pursuits. Later he adopted the theatrical profession, and acquired quite a reputation as a comedian, playing in various parts of the country. During an engagement in Memphis, Tenn., in 1859 he was prostrated by inflammation of the bowels, following an attack of dysentery which brought him to death's door, and he was sent home December 2d, 1859, in a most precarious condition. He became the charge of the late Dr. George E. Shipman, of Chicago, receiving from him his first dose of the homœopathic remedy, and, as he tersely stated it, " was snatched from the grave of disease and allœopathy, *principally the latter.*"

The rapid improvement following Dr. Shipman's treatment, and the rational doctrines and principles which he inculcated made so deep an impression on the patient that he immediately devoted his entire energies and ability to master the science and art of healing. With Dr. Shipman as his preceptor he entered the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, from which he was graduated in 1863. With the exception of about eighteen months he has since practiced his profession in Chicago.

In 1870, after having diligently studied the question of the high potencies, feeling dissatisfied with the results obtained by the use of the lower ones, he adopted them exclusively, and has since then conscientiously used them with a comprehension of their powers and a knowledge of their effects seldom attained and rarely excelled. *Apropos* of a recent discussion he lately wrote " I am a living lie to the statement that Homœ-

opathy is incapable of mastering malaria, for I have successfully treated congestive chills from the swamps of Louisiana and have yet to give my first dose of quinine."

Dr. Ballard was one of the few consistent followers of Hahnemann who ever with might and main fought against the encroachment on pure scientific treatment of the empirical methods of the allœopathic and eclectic schools of medicine, and he spoke with no uncertain voice, nor did he seek to palliate one iota the force of his words when their keen incisiveness seemed harsh against those who assumed to practice according to homœopathic principles yet constantly resorted to un-homœopathic measures, and sought conciliation with the empirical physico-chemical schools. Thus in 1880, when the American Institute of Homœopathy had so far departed from its original purposes that Homœopathy was all but eliminated from its proceedings, he was one of the few who withdrew from it, and organized the International Hahnemannian Association. This Association has now become the hope and salvation of Homœopathy, and it recognized in Dr. Ballard one of its strongest supports. He was its Secretary for 1887–88, when failing health compelled him to resign further duties, and in 1889 the members of the Association at its meeting in Toronto, Canada, presented him with an elegant testimonial in appreciation of his personal worth and his long and ardent services in behalf of pure Homœopathy in Chicago, and in 1890, at the meeting of the Association at Watch Hill, Dr. Ballard was enrolled with Dr. P. P. Wells, of Brooklyn, at the head of the list of Honorable Seniors of that body.

By the death of Dr. Ballard the Association loses one of its most ardent friends and earnest supporters, and the profession one of its most able members, whose place will be hard to fill.

In 1864 he married Miss Elizabeth B. Huntley, who survives him, with a daughter and son. His brothers, Henry E. and W. A. Ballard, and sister, Mrs. C. O. Wilder, also his aged mother, are still living. For many years he was a great sufferer, and finally, in 1880, he was obliged to submit to amputation of his left foot and since then never fully recovered his strength.

Resolutions adopted at the quarterly meeting of the Central New York Homœopathic Medical Society, in March 1892, respecting the death of E. A. Ballard, M. D., Chicago, Ill:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove Dr. Ballard from our midst, by death,

Resolved, That as in him we had a faithful student, an energetic teacher of the law in writing and practice, a staunch practitioner of Hahnemannian Homœopathy, we recognize through him a great loss to its support.

Resolved, That we have pride in acknowledging the result of his labors, the widespread recognition and appreciation of his ability, the liberality and sympathy which won him many friends.

Resolved, That the Central New York Homœopathic Medical Society extend its warmest sympathy to his family and friends in their bereavement.

Resolved, That in honor of his memory and characteristics, these resolutions be enrolled upon the records of this society, and sent to the homœopathic journals.

Med Adv May 1892

Signed by Com.

STEPHEN SEWARD, M. D.

In private life Dr. Ballard was one of the most companionable of men. His quick wit and ready repartee were sure to enliven the spirits and quicken the thoughts of those about him. He was broad and liberal-minded. A humanitarian in the widest sense, kind and sympathetic to the suffering, ready and willing at all times to give aid and counsel, a true friend indeed. Not alone will he be missed at the family fireside, but hundreds of those whose sufferings he had assuaged, those who have met him in social intercourse, his professional brethren, who loved him not less for himself than for his superior abilities, will sincerely mourn their loss and keenly feel the absence of his cheery voice and kindly eye. "HITCHOCK."

Name in full Edgar Abbott Ballard

P. O. Address in full 1354 State St. Chicago, Ill.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of Hahnemann Med. College of Chicago

Miss Estelle Ballard, daughter of the late Dr. E. A. Ballard, was united in marriage with Mr. Cyrus Davis of 7501 Ford avenue, Chicago, on Wednesday evening, February 1. The ceremony was performed at the home of her mother, 99-37th street, this city, in the presence of about fifty intimate friends of the contracting parties. She will be followed to her new home by the best wishes of the many friends of her father.

Med Adv. Mar 1893

DEATHS.

Dr. Edgar Abbott Ballard of Chicago died Nov. 6th, at his home, 97 Thirty-seventh street, aged sixty-three years. For more than a quarter of a century Dr. Ballard practiced medicine in Chicago. His early education was received at the public schools of Massachusetts. He embarked as a merchant in New York city in early life, and soon removed to Memphis, Tenn. While there he was seized with what appeared to be an incurable malady, and after all hopes of his attending physician were lost for his recovery, Dr. Ballard came to Chicago and placed himself under the care of Dr. George E. Shipman. Upon his recovery Dr. Ballard decided to devote himself to the study and practice of medicine. He was one of the principal organizers, and afterwards secretary of the International Hahnemannian Association. He leaves a wife, a daughter, and a son. N W Jl Hom Nov 1891

BALLARD, EDGAR A

Med Advance ~~Nov 1891~~

IN MEMORIAM.

Edgar A. Ballard, M. D., was born in Brooklyn, E. D., N. Y., March 8th, 1838, and died at his residence, 97 37th St., Chicago, Nov. 6th, 1891. His early years were passed in Massachusetts, where he received the educational advantages afforded by the district school, and, with this limited education, he went to New York, and for a time engaged in mercantile pursuits. Like many others, his first homœopathic experience was of a personal nature. While in Memphis, Tenn., in 1859, he suffered from a severe attack of dysentery, so severe that with the bungling treatment which he received, it came near being fatal. However, he succeeded in reaching home, where he, under the care of Dr. George E. Shipman, of Chicago, received his first dose of homœopathic medicine, and, as he tersely stated it, "was snatched from the grave of disease and allopathy."

The rapid improvement following Dr. Shipman's treatment and the rational doctrines and principles which he inculcated, made so deep an impression on the patient that he immediately devoted his entire energies and ability to master the science and art of healing. With Dr. Shipman as his perceptor, he entered the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, from which he was graduated in 1863. With the exception of about eighteen months he has since practiced his profession in Chicago.

Dr. Ballard was an earnest and enthusiastic homœopath. He was a firm believer in the methods of the Master, but only after he had put them to the crucial test of practical experiment at the bedside and found them to be reliable. He took no man's word for a statement of fact, not even Hahnemann's, when it was possible to verify it by the clinical test. But after a thorough trial of the principles of practice enunciated in the Organon, he adopted them in his practice, and was ever ready to give a reason for the faith that was in him. He was, without doubt, the ablest expounder of the principles of the Organon in Chicago or the West. He was a positive man in everything as well as in Homœopathy. For him, principle and truth were synonymous; he could go forward or backward if necessary, in search of it, but he could not conceive of a position in which it was necessary to deviate to the right or left to obtain even a temporary advantage.

He was present at Milwaukee in 1880 as one of the founders of the I. H. A., and was Secretary of the Association in 1887-88, when failing health compelled him to resign yet he was devotedly attached to its principles. In early life for some monor ailment he was severely salivated by a "scientific" physician and from itseffects he never recovered. In 1880 he was obliged to submit to an amputation of the left foot the direct effect of the mercury.

In 1864 he married Miss Elizabeth B Huntly who, with a son and daughter, survive him.

Med Advance Nov 1891

BALLARD, J STOWE

Matriculated from San Francisco Oct 4 1886. Graduated Apr 4 1889. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 3303 Clay St. San Francisco. Has degree of Ph.B.

BALLARD, LAURA A

Dr. Laura A. Stow Ballard, to whose death on December 8th, in Berkeley, Cal., brief reference was made in our last issue, was born in Sheffield, Ohio, in 1839. She was a graduate of the Hahnemann of Chicago (1875), and immediately after the completion of her studies and graduation began practice in this city. Dr. Ballard early won for herself a position of prominence as a practitioner, and at one time counted among her clients a large number of the best and oldest families of San Francisco. She was actively interested in those days in whatever concerned the profession and gave a considerable portion of her time to the work of the various societies representing homœopathy. She was a leader in many directions and rendered valuable aid in the establishment of the first homœopathic clinic in this city. During the last fifteen years ill-health forced her into retirement, from which she rarely emerged. Her memory is tenderly cherished by those who knew her in life as that of a true woman and a true, successful physician.

Pac C Jl Hom Jan 1907

,BALLARD, MANLON BLAKESLEE

Matriculated from Troy, Pa, Sept 25 1891. Graduated May 8 1894. Member of Alumni Assoc. High School Graduate, Located at Troy, Pa

BALLENTINE, ALLEN DE BOW

DR. BALLENTINE

The Great Homoeopath

TWELVE HUNDRED AND NINETEEN SICK PEOPLE TREATED AT THEIR HOUSES.

Four Hundred and Three Receive Advice and Examination in His Office.

Seven Hundred and Eleven Old Patients Discharged Cured.

Not one Penny Asked or Received by This Eminent Physician For the Wonderful Results Accomplished.

Although the demand for Dr. Ballentine and his associates and the work done by them during the past week has never been equaled by any medical company or corps of physicians, not one sufferer who asked for their services or a single patient was refused or compelled to wait more than a few hours for the assistance required.

Hundreds have been treated and cured of disease. Yet, not one penny has been asked or received for the services of these eminent specialists. It is surprising, then, that Doctor Ballentine has met with the most remarkable success ever known in the medical world and that thousands who do not need his services purchase his true medicines of their druggists and use them to cure all their ailments instead of experimenting on guess work cures and quack doctors. If you think so, send for or call on Dr. Ballentine and you will soon be convinced, as others have been, that true medicines and true physicians cure more disease than all other methods combined.

Dr. Ballentine's No. 30 cures Rheumatism in all forms.

No. 20, Dyspepsia; 48, General Debility; 38, Catarrh; 14, Coughs and Colds; 56, Nerve and Lost Vitality; 54, Kidney Troubles; 78 cures La Grippe.

Ask your druggist for a list of these famous cures, take the one required and get well.

Dr. Ballentine's Remedies for all diseases can be procured in Philadelphia at the following first-class drug stores at 25 cents a bottle:

GEORGE B. EVANS, 1106 Chestnut street, N. E. Cor. Eighth and Arch and 2230 North Front street.
MILLER'S Drug Store, 15 N. 11th street.
LONG & NEELY, N. W. cor 12th and Chestnut.
LODER'S, 16th and Chestnut streets.
JUNGMANN'S, S. W. Cor. 4th and Noble, N. E. Cor. 6th and Green, 220 Vine street.
EBERLY BROS., 2500 Oxford street and 2601 Columbia avenue.
MERRILL'S, 19th street and Fairmount avenue.
D. F. SHULL & CO., 3928 Market street.
JESSE W. PECHIN, 13th and Columbia avenue.
WILLIAM J. PECHIN, 20th and Columbia ave.
A. WILSON, S. W. Cor. Front and Berks sts.
HOFFECKER & KLINGLER, Ridge Ave. cor. Brown street.
B. A. HERTSCH, 4164 Germantown avenue; also Germantown avenue and Broad.
LIT'S CENTRAL PHARMACY, Frankford avenue and Sellers street.
J. R. ELFRETH, 17th and Diamond streets.
SEE WHITE ABOUT IT, 18th and Cumberland.
H. E. JONES, 8th and Montgomery avenue.
THEO. CAMPBELL, 15th and South streets.
GEO. HOLLAND, 603 Gray's Ferry road.
W. FRED. STEINMETZ, 2838 Girard avenue.
PILE & SON, Passyunk ave. and Catharine st.
HERTEL'S PHARMACY, 8th and Girard ave.
FINK'S PHARMACY, 208 Girard avenue.
MUSSELMAN'S, 20th and Parrish.
W. L. CLIFFE, 2778 Kensington avenue.
GEO. P. CONNER, 830 Chestnut street.
WILKINSON, 17th and Wharton.
W. H. GANO, 17th and Columbia avenue.
N. D. STREETER, 2600 North 12th street.
J. J. PARKER, Memphis and Norris.
B. J. MURRAY, 3286 Ridge avenue.
E. F. MENGER, 10th and York streets.
R. J. BURTON, 1306 Girard avenue.
GEO. L. CARNAN, 2201 Hunting Park avenue and 4420 Germantown avenue.
DOERR'S 3133 Ridge avenue.
GEO. D. BLOMER, 6th and Dickinson.
R. T. MARSHALL & CO., 112 Market street.
M. B. FRETZ, 2967 Frankford avenue.
N. PENNYPACKER, Fifth and Callowhill sts.
C. GRUHLER, 6th and Race streets.
WEISNER'S PHARMACY, 2353 Gtn. ave.
PERRENOT, 3849 and 4834 Lancaster Ave.
JOHN P. FREY, 15th and Moore, and 16th and Tasker.
GEORGE B. EVANS, Roxborough.
F. P. RIDENAUER'S, Germantown.
WM. COWGILL'S, 518 Federal street and 913 Broadway, Camden, N. J.

DR. A. D. BALLENTINE

Philadelphia, Pa. 1124 Walnut St.

Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.; 2 to 5, 7 to 9 P. M.

THE HOMES OF THE SICK

VISITED BY THE BALLENTINE FREE PHYSICIANS.

The Grandest Medical Work of the Century.

PUBLIC INTEREST IN THE PLAN INCREASES

As the Statistical Reports of Cures Are Published.

1221 Patients Cured in the Seven Days Ending Last Night.

AN INCREASE OF 270 OVER LAST WEEK

The reports of the Corps of Free Doctors filed with Doctor Ballentine at 7 o'clock last evening show that for the seven days ending last evening the total number of patients discharged as cured under The Great Homoeopath's plan is 1221. When it is taken into consideration that this shows an increase of 270 over the number discharged as cured the preceding week, the seven days ending Saturday, February 23 (95), some conception of the wonderful benefits of the Ballentine plan can be gathered.

When it is remembered that of all these people not one cent was paid for physician's services, nor the slightest obligation was incurred, some idea of the vast benevolence of the plan may be gathered. When it is remembered that the number reported cured represents only a part of those treated (for many are still under treatment for serious and distressing difficulties that can be overcome only in time), that the number of applications for free physicians increases every day, taxing even the vast resources of Doctor Ballentine's office and force, some idea of the magnitude of the work can be obtained.

This accounts in great part for the wonderful public interest over the plan. This explains the reason why the Ballentine Remedies, a few months ago comparatively unknown, have become the best selling preparations in the hands of the druggists, and why that people are willing to pay full price for them when hundreds of other so-called cures are offered at half rates.

Vast as is the benevolence resulting from the generous plan of Free Doctors, it is not to be inferred that it is other than a stupendous business project.

Does the Ballentine's plan mean that the sick are visited by physicians at their homes and treated until cured, free?

Can it be that fathers may have the services of skillful physicians for their children who are sick without any cost whatever?

Is it true that families in which sickness has stricken one or more members may have the most skillful medical attendance in Philadelphia without any cost?

Can it be possible that doctors' bills are no longer to burden those whose homes are blighted by serious illness?

Yes, this is the golden glorious truth which the Ballentine plan has brought forth.

Yes, Doctor Ballentine means just what he says. Don't come to the office and ask if it is really true. Don't write to him and ask him if he means what he says.

The great Homoeopath is not used to being doubted. If you are ill the physicians are ready at your call. If any member of your family is sick the physicians will respond gladly, and you will find them at the bedside of the sick ones, patient, skillful and courteous.

BY SENDING DOCTOR BALLENTINE A REQUEST BY POSTAL OR LETTER YOU MAY SECURE, ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE, THE SERVICES OF A TRAINED PHYSICIAN AT THE BEDSIDE OF THE SICK IN YOUR OWN HOME.

The Ballentine Corps of Free Physicians are regular Homoeopathic graduates, trained and experienced physicians, sent out to educate the public regarding True Homoeopathy, gladly sent to your home for the sake of giving an object lesson by curing you or any of your dear ones who are sick.

Dr. Ballentine's No. 30 cures Rheumatism; No. 20, Dyspepsia; 48, General Debility; 38, Catarrh; 14, Coughs and Colds; 56, Nerve and Lost Vitality; 54, Kidney Troubles. Dr. Ballentine's Remedies for all diseases can be procured from the majority of druggists. They are regularly on sale at 25 cents a bottle.

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Address all calls for physicians to

DR. A. D. BALLENTINE

Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.; 2 to 5, 7 to 9 P. M.

Philadelphia, Pa. 1124 Walnut St.

Press, Sunday March 8, 96

The Great Doctor Ballentine Matriculated from Frankford Pa Oct 9 1884. Graduated Mar 31 1886. Not a member of the Alumni Assoc. At 95 Halsey St Newark, N J. and also Phila. Calls "WILLIAM" Hahnemann the Founder of Homoeopathy

DOCTOR BALLENTINE'S LITTLE BOOK ON HOME CURES

HOW TO SAVE DOCTOR BILLS

not a member of
ark, N J. and also
Founder of Homoeopathy

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DR. BALLENTINE'S

True Homœopathic Remedies.

The Cause which led to this Distinguished Doctor's placing his Famous Prescriptions in the Hands of the Druggists for the Benefit of the Public.

For the first time in the history of medicine, an eminent physician, after obtaining an immense private practice through his perfect knowledge of disease and ability to cure it, has felt it his duty to step outside the beaten path followed so long by the medical profession and become an advertiser in the daily press. Not only this, but at the same time he announces his intention of establishing in every city a corps of regular doctors who will visit the sick at their homes, give them advice absolutely free of charge, and prescribe medicines which have been used so long and successfully by him in private practice. Furthermore, these prescriptions are to be placed in the hands of the druggists to sell at only 25 cents each. Such a radical change by the doctor has created great excitement in the profession and requires an explanation on his part.

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THE DOCTOR'S REASON.

During the past ten years such great advances have been made in the treatment of disease and the manufacture of medicines that one might naturally suppose less sickness would prevail, but such is not the case. The death rate increases every year and the health of the general public is not so good by a large percentage as formerly. The cause has been sought for by many of the leading medical men in our country, and among them Dr. Ballentine, who after months of careful investigation found that this was almost entirely due to PATENT MEDICINES and IGNORANT DOCTORS. The first of these two evils, Patent Nostrums, he discovered was the cause of more than half the chronic diseases of the Stomach, Kidneys, Liver and Nerves, which have become so prevalent among the American people. Two-thirds of the above mentioned ailments which came under his observation he traced directly to the use of advertised cure-alls. In fact, so thoroughly convinced did he become of the dangers which threatened the public health in the constant use of these so-called cures, he determined at any cost to show the people that their only safeguard against disease, their only hope of permanent health and happiness, lies in the avoidance of all medicines except those compounded by an intelligent and reputable physician, and a rigid adherence to the rules laid down by him for their use. How to accomplish this desired result was the next question.

Dr. Ballentine, knowing, as every thoroughly competent doctor does, that more sick people are cured through the use of genuine Homœopathic Remedies in one month, than by all patent medicines during a whole year, concluded he must first convince the public of this fact, but in order to do so found himself compelled to resort to the same means employed by the proprietors of so-called cure-quick, cure-alls, and advertise in the daily papers. This fact opened a very serious question for the doctor to decide. Such a move on his part meant his withdrawal from all association with his fellow physicians, the giving up of his large

and remunerative practice; and for what? Would the people appreciate this sacrifice for their good? His friends and co-laborers in the profession used all their influence to dissuade him from taking this step, but after weeks of careful thought, during which time he again and again came in contact with suffering and disease resulting from the use of poisonous drugs and guess-work medicines, love for the future welfare and happiness of his fellow-men prevailed, and to-day thousands are enjoying their freedom from pain and their escape from the thraldom of patent nostrums, nauseating doses and poisonous drugs.

After preparing his famous prescriptions in such a manner as to insure their proper use by the public, the doctor made the discovery that not one person out of five really knew from what disease they were suffering, and soon became convinced that his efforts to give invalids a method by which they could treat themselves would not be successful unless some way was devised by which they could diagnose their ailments. His little book on "Home Treatment" was very plain, but many people were found who were afraid to risk their own judgment and sought the advice of some other physician. This decided the doctor to employ a number of competent graduates in medicine, and give their services free to all who required them, thus saving the patient the expense of a medical attendant, and at the same time teaching him the use of his remedies.

This is how Dr. Ballentine came to make such a revolution in the practice of medicine, and although he has incurred the enmity of ignorant doctors and manufacturers of patent nostrums he feels amply repaid already by the great improvement which his new method has made in the general health of the public.

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SOMETHING ABOUT HOMŒOPATHY.

Homœopathy is the true science of medicine. It is to medicine what the law of gravitation is to astronomy, the basis on which it is founded. Homœopathy does not mean small doses. Should the old school physician use drops and grains instead of scruples and drachms he would be an Allopath still; and were the Homœopath to prescribe ounces he would still be a Homœopath. Why? Because Homœopathy refers to the principle of selection, not to quantity. But if drops are found to cure why use ounces? The old school doctor will tell you that Homœopathy is all imagination, that we cure by faith. Ask him how it is that nine out of every ten of the large stables in the country, many of which contain upwards of 300 horses, use nothing but Homœopathic remedies for the treatment of these dumb animals, and then let him explain how imagination effects a cure with the horses. Another stock argument of these old fogy physicians, who have wrecked more lives by the use of strong drugs than they have saved, is this, "Small doses cannot effect great cures." To this we answer, Power does not always depend on size, or quality on quantity. Electricity has an almost irresistible force, yet the most delicate balance of the chemist cannot perceive its weight. A mass of iron weighing thousands of pounds will move rapidly upwards towards another small bent piece of metal of the same kind only a foot long encircled with the galvanic current; a very visible effect by an invisible agent. You may have a case of small-pox in the house, and in a distant room from the patient you pen a letter to some friend in London; it is written upon glazed paper and every care is taken to prevent contagion, but the simple fact of your friends opening this missive in the presence of his family is enough to impregnate every member with this dread disease, yet nothing is visible to the human eye. We could continue indefinitely to give convincing proof of the power of infinitesimal and invisible objects, yet will take but one more, and this only to show the utter absurdity of the position taken by old school

physicians. Every person who reads the daily press has learned long before this that these selfsame individuals to-day claim that all disease originates from microbes, so small as to require the help of a most powerful microscope to distinguish them. Furthermore, they have discovered that a great many diseases, such as diphtheria, small-pox, and others of an equally dangerous character, can be prevented and cured by inoculating the patient with these same little germs of disease, thus proving themselves beyond all doubt that SMALL DOSES DO EFFECT GREAT CURES and that the law of Homœopathy, as expressed in these word "Similia similibus curantur,—Like cures like" is true.

Homœopathy always gains by comparison. It is more successful than the old method, as is found by the great increase in the numbers of its followers, 70 people to-day using Homœopathy where ten years ago but one could be found. It is gentle in action, agreeable, quick, pleasant, safe and leaves no ill effects.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR THOSE UNDER TREATMENT.

Get sufficient sleep to meet nature's demands. Regulate the amount of clothing according to the temperature of the air. Take exercise in accordance with the needs of the body.

Restrict within the narrowest possible limits injurious habits, such as the use of tobacco in any form, or alcoholic drinks, although the moderate use of either to persons accustomed to them may not be detrimental to the action of these medicines.

Let the diet be plain and wholesome. Indian meal, oatmeal, farina, milk toast and boiled rice, all thoroughly cooked. Apples or other fruits baked or stewed. For drink—Toast water, rice water and drinks made of fruits or jellies. As the patient recovers the diet may be enlarged. Feeble persons need meat

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soups, beef tea, fish and fowl; sometimes wine and other stimulants, but always in moderation. Lemonade is allowable in fevers and rheumatism. Cocoa and black tea are permitted where persons have become habituated to their use and suffer from their deprivation.

THE INJURIOUS EFFECT OF STRONG DRUGS.

Physicians of the old school acknowledge the inefficiency and the harmfulness of their methods. Prof. Barker of the New York Medical College says: "The drugs which are administered for scarlet fever kill far more patients than the disease itself." Dr. Jno. Mason Good, M. D., F. R. S., once remarked "Strong drugs have destroyed more lives than war, pestilence and famine combined."

Speaking of cough mixtures such as are used by Allopathic Doctors, the "Charlotte Medical Journal" has this to say: "The great harm these products produce is almost unlimited and should be regarded as a relic of ancient and unscientific methods of practice." Cough mixtures as a general rule do more harm than good, and their reckless and indiscriminate use should be carefully considered by physicians. A patient comes to the doctor with a cough. The first thing he does is to prescribe a cough mixture, and nine times out of ten the principal ingredient is opium. 'Tis true opium may lessen the tendency to cough, but it does a great damage by arresting the normal secretions, and the system becomes affected by the poisons from the kidneys, the skin, stomach, intestines, the pulmonary structures, and the mucous membrane lining the upper air passages. They might as well varnish the patient all over as to fill him up with cough mixture. Death is almost as certain from one as the other, and yet the patient recovers often in spite of the cough mixture. Not only do these preparations arrest every secretion in the body, but also show their deteriorating effect through the stomach and tend to disorder and derange digestion.

Any one who takes interest enough in medicine to peruse the columns of prominent journals will find such expressions of dissatisfaction with the present method of doctoring appearing continually. He will also note a tendency on the part of Allopathic physicians to adopt Homœopathic methods, at least so far as doses are concerned. You seldom find them prescribing calomel in such large quantities as formerly. Instead of twenty grains they now give one-twelfth of a grain every hour, and the same wonderful decrease is noticed in almost everything they use. Many of them acknowledge that the Homœopathic method of making tinctures is far superior to theirs, and are adopting it in their practice. There is not a class graduated from any Homœopathic college in this country that does not have among its numbers many old school physicians who have seen the great advantages of Homœopathy over the old style of doctoring, and become converts to the same. It is predicted by the most learned medical men in the world that it is only a question of time when all physicians who have the welfare of their patients at heart will adopt this safe and effective way of treating disease.

IMPROVED HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES

To anyone who has any knowledge whatever of True Homœopathy, the above name as applied to any medicine of this school is sufficient to prove the dense ignorance of the party who coined the expression.

For the benefit of others, we will say "THERE IS NO SUCH A THING," and such preparations stand in the same light to True Homœopathy as do advertised cure-alls to the old school of medicine—patent Nostrums, pure and simple, manufactured by persons who know nothing whatever of medicines of any description.

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Important to...

Invalids.

If you do not notice a marked change for the better after using these cures for a few days,

You are not taking the proper remedy,

and should send at once for Doctor Ballentine's physicians, who will examine or prescribe for you

Absolutely Free of Charge,

either at your home or in his office.

Persons residing outside of the city can send for a symptom blank, which will enable the doctor to intelligently diagnose your case, and prescribe the proper remedies.

Address,
BALLENTINE REMEDY CO.,
1124 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ASTHMA CURE.

SYMPTOMS.—Asthma appears in attacks of quick, short, difficult respiration, with wheezing, frequent cough, oppression of the chest and threatening suffocation.

TREATMENT AND CURE.—The patient should be kept in an upright position, as lying down aggravates all the symptoms. Take six pellets of DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 42 or Asthma Cure, which will afford quick relief and cure in a short time.

Price, 25 cents.

BLADDER CURE.

SYMPTOMS.—Frequent desire to make water; difficulty in urination, with burning, aching or sharp pain in bladder; spasms at the neck of the bladder; thick, turbid and muddy urine; mucus, passing gravel and other sediment in the urine, and a feeling of distension in the bladder.

CURE.—BALLENTINE'S NO. 60 is a positive cure for all diseases of the Bladder, acute or chronic, if taken according to directions on the bottle.

Price, 25 cents.

BLOOD AND SCROFULA CURE.

BALLENTINE'S Blood Cure will positively cure all forms of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Pimples, Blotches, Liver Spots, Tetter, and all impurities of the blood.

SYMPTOMS.—Generally weakened condition of the patient; bloodless appearance of the face; pimples, eruptions and a tired, stupid, languid feeling at all times.

TREATMENT.—If the blood becomes thin from nervous prostration, occasioned by constant worry and anxiety, alternate the Blood Cure, No. 46, with the Nerve Cure, No. 48. If from difficulty in the assimilation of food, the Dyspepsia Cure, No. 20, can be alternated with Blood Cure.

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babies and relieves nervousness and pains of teething. Colic generally results from some stomach disorder or from inactivity of the liver. A child with colic has the same symptoms as an adult with cramps. No. 6 has never been known to fail.

COUGHS AND COLDS.

A cold generally comes on with sneezing, dryness of the nose and throat, followed by a cough, which at first is dry, but afterwards the sputa becomes thick and yellowish as the cold breaks up. With the cough comes soreness of the breast and pain in the limbs and head. Sometimes the cold is accompanied by feverish symptoms, quick pulse, irritable cough, and at other times with dryness in the throat producing pain and difficult swallowing.

CURE.—Use No. 14 and No. 2 in alternation.

CROUP CURE.

Croup is indicated by hoarseness, quickly followed by a rattling, ringing cough, and rasping, difficult breathing, which increases until the child seems on the point of suffocation.

DR. BALLENLINE'S NO. 26 is always sufficient in simple cases, but in severe cases No. 2 Fever Cure should be given alternately with No. 26, and will speedily cure. When a child is subject to Croup a few doses of No. 26 given before retiring will prevent these attacks. It should always be kept in the house.

DIARRHŒA CURE.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 8 will be found invaluable for looseness of the bowels, summer complaint, Cholera Infantum or Diarrhœa of any character; diarrhœa caused by indigestion, sudden change of diet, overloading the stomach, diarrhœa of feeble children accompanied by colic and vomiting.

DROPSY CURE.

Dropsy is simply a collection of water in different parts of the body. In itself, it is less a disease than the result of some morbid process or disease.

SYMPTOMS.—Dropsy is usually noticeable in the face at first, which is slightly swollen; from the face the swelling extends to the limbs and body; the skin over the parts affected is generally hard, firm and springy to the touch; it generally pits to pressure; pains in the back are present, and the lower region is sensitive to the touch; the urine is frothy and discolored.

CURE.—DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 50 is a positive cure in minor cases and will relieve the most obstinate.

DYSENTERY.

SYMPTOMS.—Frequent stools of slimy or bloody mucus, colic, griping and straining, twisting pain in the bowels, soreness and tenderness in the abdomen, fever, thirst and nausea.

CURE.—DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 10 will give immediate relief and cure in a short time.

DYSPEPSIA AND STOMACH CURE.

SYMPTOMS.—Bad taste in the mouth, furred tongue, offensive breath, belching of wind, distress before or after eating, faintness, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, headache, heartburn, blurred vision, colic, imperfect circulation, the mind becomes affected, low spirits, fretfulness and irritability follow and insanity often results.

CURE.—BALLENTINE'S NO. 20 cures all forms of stomach trouble and indigestion. It invigorates, soothes and heals stomachs where the lining has been impaired by physic and strong drugs.

If the disorder of the stomach arises from overwork use BALLENTINE'S NO. 48 for the nerves. If from liver trouble take No. 74 alternating with No. 20. You will obtain immediate relief by the use of these cures, and produce a permanent cure in a short time.

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EPILEPSY.

SYMPTOMS.—Sudden loss of consciousness preceded by a strange cry, convulsed face and limbs, grinding of teeth, biting of tongue and foaming at the mouth, purplish flushed face and strangling breathing; in slight cases, momentary loss of consciousness, turning of the face to one side, muscular twitchings and vertigo.

CURE.—DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 66 is undoubtedly the best known remedy for this disease and should be taken regularly until the attacks cease altogether.

FEMALE DISORDER CURE.

Women suffer from many symptoms of the most distressing character as a result of disease of the womb and ovaries.

SYMPTOMS.—Dragging down pains in small of back, scant flow with clots, or excessive flow, irregular menstruation, leucorrhœa or whites, tired and all-gone feeling, feeling more tired in the morning than when retiring, headache, pain in top of head, sensation as of a ball rising in the throat that causes sensation of choking, scant or frequent desire to pass water that sometimes causes scalding.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 22 is generally adapted for the speedy and permanent cure of all diseases peculiar to women. It not only quiets and soothes the deranged parts, but tones and builds up the entire system and by this means improves the general health and restores the generative organs to a normal and healthy condition.

FEVER CURE.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 2 should be used in all cases where fever is indicated, and if taken immediately will soon allay the fever and give rest and comfort to the patient.

In Typhoid, Typhus, Scarlet and all other dangerous fevers a physician should be called at once. If none

are at hand dissolve twelve pellets in twenty teaspoonfuls of water and give a teaspoonful ever hour.

BILIOUS OR GASTRIC FEVERS.—Take six pellets of No. 2 every half hour, and six pellets of No. 20 every hour.

GENERAL DEBILITY OR NERVE CURE.

A nervous condition generally results from mental strain, troubles, anxiety, overwork, or from some diseased organ acting upon the nervous system.

SYMPTOMS.--Difficulty in concentrating the thoughts, irritability, crossness, peevishness, changeableness, feeling of apprehension, the feet, legs, hands and arms get numb and go to sleep; any sudden jar or noise is a source of irritation, the mental faculties suffer, there is pricking and twisting in the muscles of the eyes and face.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 48 is particularly adapted for all nervous and debilitated conditions of the body. It invigorates the whole system, soothes the overstrained nerves and restores them to their normal condition.

HAY FEVER CURE.

Hay Fever is an acute influenza to which a great many people are susceptible, and which attacks them annually, generally between the 10th of August and 1st of October.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 76 gives immediate relief and is especially recommended in cases of Hay Asthma.

HEADACHE CURE.

BALLENTINE'S NO. 18 is a positive cure for headaches, no matter from what cause.

After the headache has ceased the sufferer should seek permanent relief by removing the cause. If from Biliousness take the Liver Cure, No. 74; if from Stomach troubles take No. 20; if caused by nervousness and restless nights, use No. 48.

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HEART CURE.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 82 is without doubt the safest and most effective remedy ever given for diseases of the heart, such as palpitation, irregular, tumultuous or violent throbbing, chronic palpitation, weak irregular action of the heart, quick uneven pulse, painful spasms through the heart and chest accompanied with sinking, death-like sensations. It must be remembered that nine people out of ten who think they have heart disease are only suffering from some stomach trouble. If the food does not digest properly it ferments in the stomach and generates gases which press against the heart, interfering with its action and producing the above symptoms. When these symptoms are due to indigestion they can be cured by the use of No. 20.

KIDNEY CURE.

Kidney troubles are undoubtedly the cause of more deaths than any other disease, for the reason that their approach is slow and gradual and, as a rule, unaccompanied by warning symptoms. The kidneys relieve the system of all poisonous material, and discharge it through the urine. When they become diseased the poison remains in the blood, gradually increasing by minute quantities until the system can no longer resist its effects. The heart becomes affected, its action fails and dropsy appears. The nervous system is poisoned and convulsions are followed by death.

SYMPTOMS.—The urine shows many changes ; its quantity may be increased or diminished ; sometimes it is pale and thin ; sometimes thick and milky, depositing a sediment. There are pains in the back, loins or groins, puffy appearance of the face, especially under the eyes, swelling of the feet and legs, frequent desire to pass urine, drowsiness, loss of mental faculties and blood poisoning.

CURE.—BALLENTINE'S NO. 54 acts directly on the kidneys, restores their tissues, removes the poison in the blood, imparts new life to these organs and restores them to a healthy and natural condition.

LA GRIPPE CURE.

SYMPTOMS.—Pain in the head, back, chest or limbs of the most sudden neuralgic character, cerebral excitement in some cases so great as to produce delirium. Extreme prostration, languor or debility, depression of the mind even after the first violence of the attack has passed away.

Bronchitis and Pneumonia often follow La Grippe.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 78 is the best remedy known. The relief is prompt, the cure certain.

LIVER CURE.

Over half the suicides in this country can be traced to a disordered liver. In fact, there is no other disease that has such a depressing effect on the patient as disease of the liver. Thousands of people are to-day doctoring for some imaginary ailment, who, if their livers were working in a healthy manner, would be in perfect health. The liver acts as a purifier of the blood, and above all other members of the body, should be attended to carefully.

SYMPTOMS.—Yellowish hue of the eyes and cheeks, a frequent rising of a bitter substance, leaving a bad taste in the mouth, a dull heavy headache, coated tongue, highly colored urine, wind in the stomach, pain and soreness in the right side under the lower ribs, sick headache, dull spirits and restless nights.

CURE.—BALLENTINE'S NO. 74, Liver Cure, is a guaranteed cure for all diseases of the liver. It acts immediately and leaves none of the bad effects that result from calomel and other poisonous drugs.

LEUCORRHŒA CURE,

(THE WHITES.)

Leucorrhœa consists of a discharge of mucus from the genital organs, of different color, generally yellowish or white, sometimes reddish, mostly mild but often acrid, generally most profuse after menstrual period.

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Sometimes the discharge is slight, while at other times it is copious, exhausting the system and bringing other evils more serious than itself.

CURE.—DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 24 will give almost instant relief if used as directed, and will cure the disease in a short time.

NERVE CURE,

(LOST VITALITY.)

No remedy has ever been offered to the public for the relief and cure of nervous debility, youthful indiscretions, vital losses or mental overwork that has proved as potent as DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 56. Thousands owe to its use the vigor, energy and mental enjoyment with which they are now able to engage in the business and pleasures of life.

SYMPTOMS.—Impaired memory, irresolution, avoidance of society, love of solitude, depression, repugnance to exercise, involuntary discharges, with or without dreams, followed by prostration, pollutions from relaxed organs, mental despondency and melancholia.

CURE.—DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 56 will restore the organs to their normal condition and make life worth living for those who are suffering from this condition.

NEURALGIA CURE.

Certain forms of Neuralgia come from thin blood, others from indigestion or from diseased teeth. In coming and going Neuralgia takes the appearance of malaria. It is sometimes produced by malarial influences. At other times the sciatic nerve is affected and pain in the hips and legs results. We also have neuralgic pains of the heart, stomach, womb, bladder and intestines.

Persons subject to neuralgic attacks, or who have been run down by overwork, or a weakened condition of the system, should take No. 16 and tone up their condition.

BALLENTINE'S NEURALGIA CURE, NO. 16, will relieve the most obstinate cases in a very short time.

PILE OINTMENT.

There are many different kinds of Piles, as for instance, Protruding, Bleeding, Blind, or Internal Piles. They are produced by congestion or enlargement of the veins. They really consist of little tumors around the outlet of the bowels.

DR. BALLENTINE'S PILE OINTMENT NO. 72 cures in a short time, stops the itching, instantly allays all inflammation and gives relief at once to the parts affected. No. 34 Pile Cure should be taken internally. It prevents constipation, strengthens the weakened veins, allays all internal irritations and prevents the re-occurrence of Piles after they have been cured by the ointment.

RHEUMATISM CURE.

In the majority of cases rheumatism is due to derangement of the kidneys, impoverished condition of the blood, or sudden cold.

SYMPTOMS.—Pain, soreness, stiffness and lameness in the neck, shoulders, back, loins, limbs or feet.

ACUTE CASES are accompanied with high fever, redness and swelling of parts affected, scanty secretions.

CHRONIC CASES are designated by lameness, stiffness, pain, aching and distortion of the limbs.

LUMBAGO.—Pain with sudden catch in the small of the back, worse on rising from bed or chair; or constant dull pains in the back or loins.

SCIATICA.—Severe shooting, drawing pain or continuous dull heavy aching in the hip, thigh, leg or foot, sometimes accompanied with numbness.

BALLENTINE NO. 30 will cure Rheumatism in any part of the body. Acute or muscular Rheumatism cured in from one to five days; Chronic Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, are relieved in a short time and permanently cured in a few days. When it is

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found that Rheumatism comes from the Kidneys, No. 54 should be taken in alternation with No. 30. No. 46 must be given in connectiod with No. 30 if the blood is in an impoverished condition.

SEA SICKNESS CURE.

No. 52 is a sure cure for sea-sickness in all its forms and a boon to travelers by carriage or railway. Taken before sailing and continued for the first few days of a voyage it arrests and prevents sickness of the stomach, nausea and vomiting.

SORE THROAT CURE.

Sore throats of every description are promptly cured by the use of DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 68.

SYMPTOMS.—Diphtheritic sore throat is indicated by high fever, red face, swelling of the glands of the neck and great prostration, dirty, greyish patches on the tonsils, ulcerated sore throat by painful and impeded swallowing, offensive breath and mucus discharge from the throat, coated tongue, swollen neck glands, fever and headache.

In the above diseases the use of No. 2, in connection with No. 68, will greatly hasten the recovery of the patient.

WHOOPING COUGH CURE.

SYMPTOMS. — Whooping Cough generally commences as an ordinary cold. The cough soon takes on the characteristic whoop and appears in spasmodic attacks. DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 40 given early arrests the development of the disease and averts the whooping stage. Later it moderates the cough and shortens its duration.

WORM CURE.

SYMPTOMS.—Pains in the bowels, picking of the nose, itching of the anus, alternate constipation and

diarrhœa, mucus in the stools, foul breath, changeable appetite, sallow complexion, dry cough, spasms, dark circles under the eyes, restlessness, grinding the teeth, moaning, bad dreams and convulsions.

DR. BALLENTINE'S NO. 4 removes the worms at once and is a splendid tonic for weak children.

Tape Worms are the most difficult to detect, and are indicated by an abnormal appetite, palpitation of the heart, spots before the eyes, swimming of the head and confused thoughts. By watching the stools, tape-like sections of the worm will be occasionally found. In such cases use the Worm Cure No. 4 as directed on the bottle, and after the worm has passed tone up the system with General Debility Cure No. 48.

Sold by

ALL DRUGGISTS

and Dealers in

MEDICINES

EVERYWHERE.

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Tabulated Symptoms of Disease.

Head, Throat, Nose, Stomach, Bronchial Tubes, Nerves and Skin.

Hosts of people suffer from the various malignant poisons in their blood, which produce or result from catarrh. Many other persons suffer from nervous diseases, liver diseases, kidney diseases and skin diseases, as the result of sharp and irritating crystal poisons in the blood.

A majority of all such sufferers do not have a correct or definite understanding of the nature and cause of their affliction.

The following symptoms have been carefully arranged by Dr. Ballentine, which will enable sufferers to understand just what it is that ails them.

SYMPTOMS OF Rheumatism.

"Are your joints swollen and painful?"
"Is the pain increased on pressure?"
"Have you a stiffness across the shoulders?"
"Have you pains in the small of the back?"
"Have you pains in the region of the heart?"
"Are the joints sore to the touch?"
"Is it difficult to arise from bed or chair?"
"Are your kidneys irritable?"
"Have you a heavy, dull pain in the back and loins?"
"Is the urine highly colored?"
"Have you a shooting, drawing or heavy aching pain in hips and thighs?"
"Is the skin reddened and inflamed?"
"Have you a crick in the back or neck?"
"Is there a numbness in your limbs?"
"Have you a dull, weighty feeling over region of the kidneys?"
"Are your muscles sore all over the body?"

In Acute Rheumatism the above symptoms are accompanied with fever.

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CATARRH OF THE HEAD AND THROAT.

This is the most prevalent form of catarrh, and results from neglected colds in a person whose blood contains certain poisons.

"Is your voice husky?"
"Does your nose itch?"
"Do you spit up slime?"
"Are your eyes watery?"
"Does your nose feel full?"
"Does your nose discharge?"
"Do you sneeze a good deal?"
"Do crusts form in the nose?"
"Does your nose bleed easily?"
"Is your nose sore and tender?"
"Does the nose itch and burn?"
"Do you have pain across eyes?"
"Is your throat dry in mornings?"
"Does your nose feel stopped up?"
"Does your breath smell offensive?"
"Is your hearing beginning to fail?"
"Do you have pain in back of head?"
"Are you losing your sense of taste?"
"Are you losing your sense of smell?"
"Do you hawk up phlegm in morning?"
"Do you have tickling in your throat?"
"Is dropping worse when lying in bed?"
"Does your nose stop up toward night?"
"Do creepy chills run down your back?"
"Are there buzzing noises in your ears?"
"Is throat husky and dry toward night?"
"Do you have pain across front of head?"
"Do noises in your ears keep you awake?"
"Do you feel dropping in back part of throat?"
"When you go to bed does first one side of nose and then the other stop up?"
"Do you get up in the morning feeling more tired than when you went to bed?"

If you have any of the above symptoms you have catarrh of the head and throat, and must use Dr. Ballentine's No. 38 (constitutional), and No. 70 for local treatment.

CATARRH OF THE EARS.

Catarrh extends from the throat along the Eustachian tubes into the ears, causing defective hearing, and should be treated the same as catarrh of head and throat—No. 38, constitutional, and No. 70, local.

"Is your hearing failing?"
"Do your ears discharge?"
"Do the ears itch and burn?"
"Are the ears dry and scaly?"
"Have you pain behind ears?"
"Is the wax dry in the ears?"
"Is there a throbbing in ears?"
"Are you gradually getting deaf?"
"Is there a buzzing sound heard?"
"Do you have ringing in the ears?"
"Is your hearing bad cloudy days?"
"Do you have earache occasionally?"
"Are there crackling sounds heard?"
"Are there sounds like steam escaping?"
"Do you constantly hear noises in the ears?"
"Do you hear better some days than others?"
"Do your ears hurt when you blow the nose?"
"Do the noises in your ears keep you awake?"
"When you blow your nose do the ears crack?"
"Is your hearing worse when you have a cold?"
"Is there a roaring like a waterfall in the head?"

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DISEASES OF THE BRONCHIAL TUBES.

Coughs and Colds.

When catarrh of the head and throat is left unchecked it extends down the windpipe into the bronchial tubes and in time attacks the lungs.

"Have you a cough?"
"Are you losing flesh?"
"Do you cough at night?"
"Have you pain in side?"
"Do you take cold easily?"
"Is your appetite variable?"
"Have you stitches in side?"
"Do you cough until you gag?"
"Do you raise frothy material?"
"Are you low-spirited at times?"
"Do you spit up yellow matter?"
"Do you cough on going to bed?"
"Do you cough in the morning?"
"Is your cough short and hacking?"
"Do you spit up little cheesy lumps?"
"Have you a disgust for fatty foods?"
"Is there a tickling behind the palate?"
"Do you feel you are growing weaker?"
"Is there a burning pain in the throat?"
"Have you pain behind the breastbone?"
"Do you cough worse night and morning?"
"Do you have to sit up at night to get breath?"

If you have any of the above symptoms use Dr. Ballentine's No. 14. If accompanied with fever, alternate with No. 2.

DISEASE OF THE STOMACH.

"Is the face flushed?"
"Do you belch up gas?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Is your tongue cracked?"
"Do you hawk up phlegm?"
"Are your bowels irregular?"
"Do you suffer from nausea?"
"Do you belch up your food?"
"Are you drowsy after meals?"
"Is your flesh soft and flabby?'
"Do you have sick headaches?"
"Is your tongue sore or furred?"
"Are your hands and feet cold?"
"Do you at times have diarrhœa?"
"Do you feel bloated after eating?"
"Are you bloated up in the bowels?"
"Have you rumbling in the bowels?"
"Have you palpitation of the heart?"
"Has your eyesight become blurred?"
"Do you spit up your food or vomit?"
"Do you have rush of blood to head?"
"Do you feel languid in the morning?"
"Do you have pain just after eating?"
"Do you have pain in pit of stomach?"
"Does sight of breakfast disgust you?"
"Does the saliva in mouth feel slimy?"
"Do you raise watery fluid in the throat?"
"Do you have chilly and then hot flushes?"
"Do you have a desire for improper food?"
"Is there a sour or sweet taste in mouth?"
"Do you always have bad taste in mouth?"
"Is there a gnawing sensation in stomach?"
"Does your stomach feel full when empty?"
"Do you feel as if you had lead in stomach?"
"Do you feel faint when stomach is empty?"
"Do you see specks floating before your eyes?"
"Have you feeling of emptiness in morning?"
"Have you a burning in back part of throat called heartburn?"

If you have any of the above symptoms you are suffering from stomach trouble, and should use Dr. Ballentine's No. 20, which can be obtained of your druggist for 25c.

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Syphilis

....Cure.

"Do eruptions occur on the body?"
"Are they in the form of pimples?"
"Do they appear as blotches?"
"Do they appear as copper-colored patches?"
"Do you have sores in the mouth?"
"Does the hair get thin and fall out?"
"Do the eyebrows fall out?"
"Do wandering pains occur in the body?"
"Do your bones ache at night?"
"Is your general health run down?"
"Is your system weak?"
"Is your appetite poor?"
"Do sores occur on the bones?"

Dr. Ballentine's No. 80

is without doubt, the best and only true cure for the above disease ever placed in the hands of the druggists. It can be relied on to give the best results, if taken at any stage of the disease.

LIST OF CURES.

Price, 25c. Each

No. 42—Asthma Cure.
No. 60—Bladder Cure.
No. 46—Blood Purifier and Scrofula Cure.
No. 14—Cough and Cold Cure.
No. 38—Catarrh Cure (Constitutional).
No. 70—Catarrh Tablets (Local).
No. 6—Colic Cure.
No. 12—Cholera Morbus Cure.
No. 26—Croup Cure.
No. 32—Chills and Fever Cure (Malaria).
No. 64—Climacteric Cure (Change of Life).
No. 20—Dyspepsia Cure.
No. 8—Diarrhœa Cure.
No. 10—Dysentery Cure.
No. 50—Dropsy Cure.
No. 66—Epilepsy Cure (Fits).
No. 2—Fever Cure.
No. 22—Female Disorder Cure.
No. 48—General Debility Cure.
No. 18—Headache Cure.
No. 82—Heart Cure.
No. 76—Hay Fever Cure.
No. 54—Kidney Cure.
No. 24—Leucorrhœa Cure.
No. 74—Liver Cure (Laxative).
No. 78—La Grippe Cure.
No. 56—Nerve Cure (Lost Vitality).
No. 16—Neuralgia Cure.
No. 34—Pile Cure (Internal).
No. 72—Pile Ointment.
No. 0—Rheumatism Cure.
No. 68—Sore Throat Cure.
No. 28—Skin Cure.
No. 52—Seasickness Cure.
No. 80—Syphilis Cure.
No. 4—Worm Cure.
No. 40—Whooping Cough Cure.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Ballentine Remedy Company,
1124 WALNUT STREET,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Press. Nov. 3. '95

DR. BALLENTINE'S

GLORIOUS VICTORY

HIS TRUE DOCTORS AND TRUE MEDICINES WIN.

Hundreds Testify That They Have Been Cured.

BY A VISIT FROM THIS EMINENT PHYSICIAN WHICH COSTS NOTHING.

And One of His Famous Prescriptions Purchased of Their Druggists for 25 Cents.

No More Doctor's Bills, Poisonous Drugs, Nauseating Doses or Uncertain Patent Medicines for Those People.

WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT IT

That the Public are beginning to realize the truth of Dr. Ballentine's statements, in which he says more diseases are cured in one month by the True Medicines and True Physicians than by all other ways or methods in a year, is shown from the fact that nine thousand three hundred bottles of his famous prescriptions have been sold since Monday. Heretofore every one of these people would have been obliged to pay his or her doctor at least a dollar for advice and spend 50 cents or more for medicines, not only this, but would take them three or four days to recover from the effects of the powerful drugs prescribed by most physicians. If Dr. Ballentine can thus save the sick and suffering in Philadelphia over nine thousand dollars in one week and at the same time cure them of disease, those who are in need of medical advice and still persist in the old style of doctoring or trust to uncertain patent curealls, deserve to suffer and be laughed at by their more sensible neighbor, who obtains free treatment from Dr. Ballentine and pays but 25 cents for medicine that cures.

Mr. James McConaghy, the well-known Plumber and Gas Fitter, who resides at 720 North Thirty-sixth Street, has the following to say regarding the wonderfully curative properties of Doctor Ballentine's True Homoeopathic Specifics:—

"I had been suffering for months with an intense pain in the small of my back, owing to a wrench caused by heavy lifting. I tried liniments and plasters and consulted physicians without relief. Mr. Bowman, the manager of the Backus Manufacturing Company, told me how he had been cured by using Dr. Ballentine's Remedies, and I bought a bottle of No. 30, the cure for Rheumatism. The relief was instantaneous, and in a few days I was entirely cured. It is now two months since I have taken the medicine, and I have never had any return of the trouble."

One of the most popular Tonsorial Artists in Philadelphia is Mr. Ed. Hoffmann, whose place of business is 49 North Tenth Street. There is probably no class of men whose work is more arduous and trying than that of a barber. Obliged to stand constantly is a severe strain on the strength. Mr. Hoffmann had been troubled with kidney and bladder trouble for years. He had tried physicians innumerable, with only temporary relief. As a last resort he purchased a bottle of Dr. Ballentine's Specific for Kidney Trouble, No. 54. He experienced its wonderful efficacy after taking the first dose. The pain in his back and head disappeared immediately. In fact, it acted like magic.

Mr. Hoffmann is enthusiastic over the wonderful results of Doctor Ballentine's True Homoeopathic Specifics, and recommends them to all of his friends, no matter what disease they are troubled with.

Dr. Ballentine's No. 30 cures Rheumatism in all forms. No. 20, Dyspepsia; 48, General Debility; 38 Catarrh; 14, Coughs and Colds; 56, Nerve and Lost Vitality; 54, Kidney Troubles. Ask your druggist for a list of these famous cures, take the one required and get well.

Dr. Ballentine's Remedies for all diseases can be procured in Philadelphia at the following first-class drug stores at 25 cents a bottle.

GEORGE B. EVANS, 1106 Chestnut street, N. E. Cor. Eighth and Arch, and 2230 North Front street.
MILLER'S Drug Store, 15 N. 11th street.
LONG & NEELY, N. W. Cor. 12th and Chestnut streets.
LODER'S, 16th and Chestnut streets.
JUNGMANN'S, S. W. Cor. 4th and Noble, N. E. Cor. 6th and Green, 220 Vine street.
EBERLY BROS., 2500 Oxford street, and 2601 Columbia avenue.
MERRELL'S, 19th street and Fairmount ave.
D. F. SHULL & CO., 3928 Market street.
JOE M'KEE'S, 4031 Lancaster avenue.
JESSE W. PECHIN, 13th and Columbia ave.
E. D. Mac NAIR & BRO., Passyunk avenue and Moore street.
WILLIAM J. PECHIN, 20th and Columbia ave.
A. WILSON, S. W. Cor. Front and Berks sts.
HOFFECKER & KLINGLER, Ridge avenue, Cor. Brown street.
B. A. HERTSCH, 4164 Germantown ave.; also Germantown avenue and Broad.
E. R. GATCHELL, Tenth and Spring Garden.
LITS' CENTRAL PHARMACY, Frankford ave. and Sellers street.
J. R. ELFRETH, 17th and Diamond streets.
See WHITE ABOVE, 18th and Cumberland.
H. E. JONES, 8th and Montgomery avenue.
THEO. CAMPBELL, 15th and South streets.
GEO. HOLLAND, 603 Gray's Ferry road.
W. FRED. STEINMETZ, 2838 Girard avenue.
PILE & SON, Passyunk and Catharine sts.
HERTEL'S PHARMACY, 8th and Girard ave.
FINKS' PHARMACY, 208 Girard avenue.
MUSSELMAN'S, 20th and Parrish streets.
W. L. CLIFFE, 2778 Kensington avenue.
GEO. P. CONNER, 830 Chestnut.
WILKINSON, 17th and Wharton.
W. H. GANO, 17th and Columbia avenue.
E. E. WILSON, 153 W. Huntingdon street.
N. D. STREETER, 2600 North 12th street.
J. J. PARKER, Memphis and Norris.
B. J. MURRAY, 3286 Ridge avenue.
H. F. VOSHAGE, 29th and Herman streets.
E. F. MENGER, 10th and York streets.
R. J. BURTON, 1306 Girard avenue.
GEORGE B. EVANS, Roxborough.
F. P. RIDENAUER'S, Germantown.
WM. COWGILL'S, 518 Federal street and 913 Broadway, Camden, N. J.
M. H. BICKLEY, Market and 4th streets, Chester.

Address all calls for physicians to

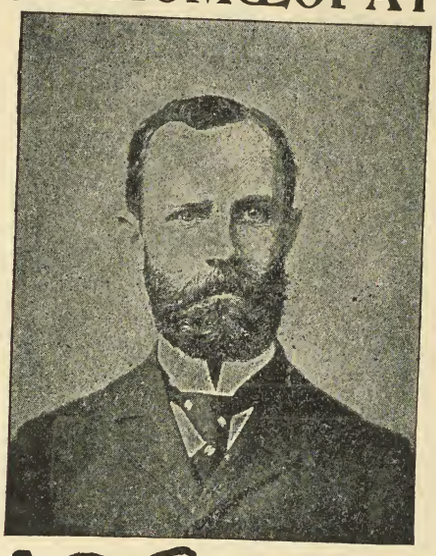
DR. A. D. BALLENTINE

Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.; 2 to 5, 7 to 9 P. M.

Philadelphia, Pa. 1124 Walnut St.

DOCTOR BALLENTINE'S BOOK ON TRUE HOMŒOPATHY

TRUE HOMŒOPATHIC



SPECIFICS, 25 CENTS

Dr J. P. Ballentine

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF.

A LIST OF CURES FOR ALL DISEASES.

Never mind how many doctors have failed to cure you; get a bottle of Doctor Ballentine's Pellets from your druggist for

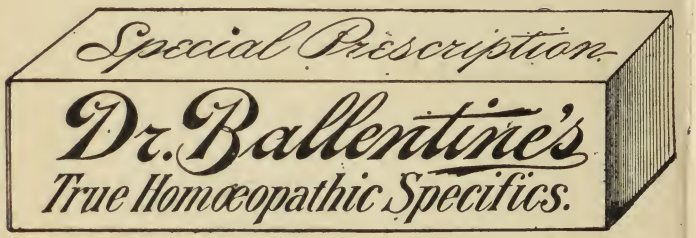
25 CENTS.

DOCTOR BALLENTINE'S

True Homœopathic Specifics.

For the Cure of all Diseases. Put up under the personal supervision of

Dr. A. D. Ballentine



Price, 25 Cents.

The above cuts are facsimiles of the bottle and package surrounding it, of Doctor A. D. Ballentine's True Homœopathic Specifics. In order to be sure you are getting the genuine see that the seal with the proper signature of Doctor A. D. Ballentine is intact.

1124 Walnut Street,

Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF

WITH THE AID OF

DOCTOR BALLENTINE'S

True Homœopathic Specifics.

A Little Work on Home Treatment,

BY

DOCTOR A. D. BALLENTINE,

Formerly of The Hahnemann Homœopathic Medical College of Philadelphia, the greatest homœopathic medical school in the world.

EVERYONE THEIR OWN DOCTOR.

How to Cure Yourself of Any Disease without Paying a Doctor.

The world at large is indebted to Doctor A. D. Ballentine for having formulated an improved method for the cure of all curable diseases, which

JOHN J. PARKER, Apothecary,
Dealer in Pure Drugs, Fine Chemicals, Patent Medicines,
NORRIS and MEMPHIS STS.
Don't let Drugs get the best of you, but get the best of Drugs. You not only get the best of Drugs at **Parker's Drug Store**, but the best of prices. We not only keep the best of Drugs, but pay the best attention to Physicians' Prescriptions, using the best Medicines, therefore guaranteeing the best results. High grade and low prices tell the story. *Ballentine's Specifics, 25c.*

absolutely does away with the necessity of a doctor and thus saves the sufferer from paying doctors' bills.

These remedies are the prescriptions of a great specialist. Doctor Ballentine is more than an ordinary doctor. He is a great specialist in the treatment of disease, and he gives the people the benefit of his vast experience in the shape of his

pleasant little pellets. By the use of Doctor Ballentine's Specifics *every one can be their own doctor.* For instance, if you are suffering from Rheumatism, instead of calling in a doctor go to your druggist and get a twenty-five cent bottle of Doctor Ballentine's special prescription *Number 30* and take the medicine according to the directions and it will cure you, no matter what you may have done for your trouble and failed.

If the remedy fails to relieve you, you are mis-

OUR STORE
differs from some other stores inasmuch as you couldn't buy a poor quality here if you wished to.
A full line of Ballentine's True Homœopathic Remedies.

taken as to your trouble, and in that case you would be taking the wrong specific. In this event you should either call on or write to Doctor Ballentine. If you live out of town, write for Doctor Ballentine's symptom blank for home treatment.

Remember this, you can consult Doctor Ballentine, either in person or by letter, at his offices, 1124 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, absolutely Free of Charge.

REAL VERSUS BOGUS
HOMŒOPATHY

Doctor Ballentine's experience in the treatment of homœopathic principles covers a long period. He has practiced his profession in Philadelphia for years, and his name has become a household word in many hundreds of homes where his special prescriptions can be found on many a mantel-piece or in many a medicine-chest or bureau drawer.

No Scheming Here.

Honest prices in all lines. Patents at cut rates; Prescriptions also—what cannot be said of many stores.

Ballentine's Specifics kept here.

It was through Doctor Ballentine's vast hospital experience and his enormous private practice that he conceived the idea of putting a plan before the masses for the inexpensive cure of all chronic diseases.

It is one thing for a doctor regularly graduated, who has studied and practiced medicine for years,

to prescribe for the sick, and it is another for a man to cater to the wants of the afflicted who is not a doctor. It is a doctor's duty to help the sick, aside from any pecuniary benefit he may derive from so doing. It is nothing short of a crime for a man unread in medicine to juggle with science and offer for sale medicines, claiming they are cure-alls.

Homœopathy is even a greater science than the old doctrines of medicine of the severe school known as Allopathy, for the reason that Homœopathy is an advanced study whose practice has

It is a mistake

To think that stores paying big rents can sell you goods as reasonable as we can.

Ballentine's Specifics for sale.

proven that disease can be cured without pain, by the use of harmless remedies that are not unpleasant to take, as in the case of the more heroic treatment of disease of the old school.

William Hahnemann was the founder of Homœopathy. He was the most profound medical man that ever lived. It is in his honor that the greatest medical school in the world was named The Hahnemann Medical College, the school from

which Doctor Ballentine graduated, and with which he was long connected.

The teachings of Homœopathy prove beyond question that it is the true treatment for all diseases, and a man who has the effrontery and ignorant audaciousness to claim that his homœopathic treatment is different from and superior to the regular school of homœopathy, is simply convicting himself of defying all the laws of science laid down by the learned men of the world.

If quality, price and good treatment are inducements, then we deserve your patronage.

Ballentine's Remedies for sale.

The people are confronted with two kinds of homœopathy. One is *True Homœopathy* as practiced by Doctor Ballentine and all the great homœopathic doctors of the world; the other is called homœopathy, but is practiced not as a science but simply in a commercial sense, and means nothing; this is *Bogus Homœopathy.*

The Medical and Surgical Journal of the United States, the leading authority, defines Homœopathy as follows:

"The doctrine or theory of curing diseases with very minute doses of medicine, by producing in the patient affections similar to those of the disease."

How can a man who is not a doctor, who has not made a life study of disease and its treatment, prescribe for the sick?

There is no need of saying anything derogatory to the old school of medicine. Allopathy was all right in its day, just as the car horse was before the

Your neighbors use

Parker's Pectoral Balsam.

Ask them what they think of it. If you have Cough or Cold, nothing better.

Price, 25 Cents.

☞ *We sell them—Ballentine's Specifics.*

trolley came. Homœopathy, as practiced and prescribed by Doctor Ballentine, makes everyone their own doctor and puts the cost of medical treatment so low that anybody can afford to be cured, no matter how poor they may be. Be sure and get True Homœopathic Remedies as prescribed by Doctor Ballentine—medicines that are indorsed by the Homœopathic School of the whole world.

Doctor Ballentine has received thousands of letters of gratitude from persons who have been

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cured by his special prescriptions. He will be glad to send the names and addresses of persons who have been cured to any one who wishes them.

If the remedy you are taking fails to relieve you, you are mistaken as to your trouble, and in that case you would be taking the wrong specific. In this event you should either call on or write to Doctor Ballentine. If you live out of town, write for Doctor Ballentine's symptom blank for home treatment.

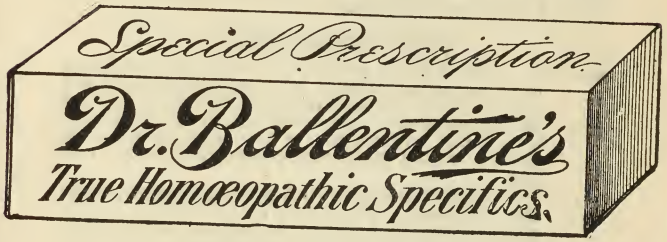
If Father, Mother, Brother or Sister (even your Mother-in-law), get sick, the first consideration is a good doctor. You need be as particular about your Druggist. We have every facility for prescription compounding. *Ballentine's Specifics for Sale.*

Remember this, you can consult Doctor Ballentine, either in person or by letter, at his offices, 1124 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, absolutely Free of Charge.

LIST OF CURES

PUT UP BY

DR. A. D. BALLENTINE.



PRICE, 25 CENTS.

The above cuts are facsimiles of the bottle and package surrounding it, of Dr. A. D. Ballentine's True Homœopathic Specifics. In order to be sure you are getting the genuine see that the seal with the proper signature of Dr. A. D. Ballentine is intact.

1124 WALNUT STREET,

Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A.

Doctor A. D. Ballentine's true Homœopathic Specifics are put up under the personal directon of Dr. A. D. Ballentine late of the Hahnemann Homœopathic Medical College of Philadelphia, the greatest Homœopathic Medical School in the world. Homœopathy is the Science of Therapeutics. It is simply the new science—as we claim, the perfect science of giving medicine. Up to the administration of remedies Homœopathy occupies and covers the same scientific field as the old school, through physiology, pathology and hygeine, through the study of the body and organs of the life. Dr. Ballentine prepares Specifics for all diseases; these Specifics which his many years of experience have proved the best to cure the various diseases for which they are prepared, can be purchased at any drug store. If you find that your druggist does not keep these remedies you can procure them by addressing Dr. A. D. Ballentine, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A. These Specifics are invaluable and should be in every household. If the disease is an obscure one it can be properly diagnosed by Dr. Ballentine, either by a visit to the doctor's office or by means of symptom blanks, which will be sent to to any address upon application.

FOR RHEUMATISM.

No. 30. Characterized by painful swellings, lameness, soreness, severe piercing pains in the muscles and joints. To be used according to label upon the bottle. Dr Ballentine's No. 30, never fails to cure Rheumatism in any form, no matter how long the case has existed or what the doctors or your friends have told you

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

No. 20. Characterized by inactivity of the liver, deranged stomach, constipation, bloating and palpitation of the heart, etc. To be taken according to the label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

FOR HEADACHE.

No. 18. Characterized by pains in the temples, front and back of the head, vertigo, congested and bilious headaches. To be used according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

No. 14. Characterized by soreness, sticking pains in the chest, cough, pains, running from front to back, bronchitis and sore throat. Directions for use are upon each bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

FOR CATARRH AND LAGRIPPE.

No. 38. Characterized by acute or chronic watery discharge with sneezing. Dry, hard and offensive mucus. To be taken according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY.

No. 56. The characteristics of which are weakness of sexual organs, lost manhood, etc. To be taken according to directions on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 9. *FOR FEVERS,* where there is inflammation of the skin with heat and pain.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 4. *FOR WORMS,* indicated by fever, colic, abnormal appetite, picking at nose, tickling in the throat and swelling of the abdomen. Should be given according to the label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 6. *FOR DISEASES OF INFANTS, (Crying Babies).* Characterized by wind colic, where the child is restless, fretful, peevish, sleepless; and in affections of teething children. To be given according to label upon the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 8. *FOR DIARRHŒA and SUMMER COMPLAINT.* Characterized by thin watery stools and cholera infantum. To be taken according to the label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 10. *FOR DYSENTERY.* Characterized by colic, severe griping pains in the stomach and abdomen, nausea, vomiting and bilious colic. Label gives full directions for its use.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 12. *FOR CHOLERA MORBUS.* Characterized by nausea, vomiting, severe cramps and griping pains. To be taken according to label.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 16. *FOR NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE AND NERVOUS PAINS AND SEVERE CONGESTED HEADACHES.* To be given according to directions on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No 22. *FOR MENSTRUAL IRREGULARITIES.* Characterized by scanty, delayed or painful menses. To be used according to label upon the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 24. *FOR LEUCORRHŒA OR WHITES*, or too profuse menstruation. To be used according to label upon the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 26. *FOR CROUP*. Characterized by hoarse, hard cough, difficult breathing. The most severe case of Croup can be relieved by giving three pellets every half hour.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 28. *FOR SKIN ERUPTIONS*, such as Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, all forms of Eczema and face pimples. To be used according to label upon the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 32. *FOR FEVER AND AGUE AND MALARIA*. To be used according to the label upon bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 34. *FOR PILES OR HEMORRHOIDS*, either external, internal, blind or bleeding piles. To be used according to label.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 36. *FOR OPHTHALMIA*. Indicated by inflamed eyes or eye lids. Burning and stinging pains in the eyes. To be taken according to label on bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 40. *FOR WHOOPING COUGH*, spasmodic or convulsive. To be taken according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 42. *FOR ASTHMA, DIFFICULT BREATHING*, gasping for breath, cough, chronic bronchitis. To be given according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 44. *FOR DISCHARGE FROM THE EAR. EARACHE, NOISES IN THE EAR AND DEAFNESS*. To be used according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 46. *FOR SCROFULA, CHRONIC TONSILLITIS AND ENLARGED GLANDS*. To be taken according to directions on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 48. *FOR GENERAL DEBILITY and NERVOUS WEAKNESS.* To be taken according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 50. *FOR DROPSY.* The characteristics of which are swelling of the feet and legs, aching and burning pains and scanty secretions. To be taken according to the label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 52. *FOR SEASICKNESS.* Sickness caused by riding in the cars or on the water. This remedy never fails to relieve and cure. No one should start on a journey either by water or rail without a bottle of Dr. Ballentine's No. 52.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 54. *FOR KIDNEY DISEASE.* The characteristics of which are painful urination, gravel, etc. To be taken according to the label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 58. *FOR SORE MOUTH.* The characteristics of which are canker, ulcerated lips, etc.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 60. *INABILITY TO RETAIN THE URINE.* Indicated by frequent, painful or scanty urination.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 62. *PAINFUL MENSES, SPASMS,* Hysteria, burning and itching.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 64. *CLIMACTERIC TROUBLES.* Irregularities, flushes of heat, etc. This specific will relieve the worst of disorders of this kind. To be taken according to directions on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 66. *FOR EPILEPSY.* Characterized by chronic spasms and convulsions.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

No. 68. *FOR DIPHTHERIA.* Sore Throat. To be taken according to label on the bottle.

This remedy will cure you if you are suffering from the above disease. If the remedy fails to relieve the symptoms, you are mistaken as to your ailment and are taking the wrong Specific, and you should call on or write to Dr. Ballentine describing your disease and ask for his opinion—he will set you right free of charge.

A dozen selected from these specifics in a neat box for family use, $2.50.

These Specifics must not be confounded with so-called Homœopathic remedies, which have been advertised as such by certain individuals, styling themselves "Professors" or "Healers". Doctor A. D. Ballentine's Medicines are true Homœopathic remedies, prepared under the personal direction of a true homœopathic physician. If you are a purchaser of these remedies you have the right of a free consultation with Doctor Ballentine and his professional advice, either by letter or in person, at any time you may desire.

Unsolicited evidence from patients who have been cured with name and address appears each week in the daily papers. Read these, call upon the authors if possible, and you must be convinced that ***Dr. Ballentine's Remedies cure.***

When all other remedies fail, try Dr. Ballentine's True Homœopathic Specifics and get well.

A FEW OF OUR PRICES.

Hood's Sarsaparilla,	$ .67
Paine's Celery Compound,	.67
Lydia Pinkham's Compound,	.67
Castoria,	.25
Jayne's Expectorant,	.65
Wampole's Tasteless Cod Liver Oil,	.67
Liquid Beef Peptinoids,	.75
Delavau's Whooping Cough Remedy,	.35
Chase's Nerve and Brain Food,	35c., 3 for 1.00
Green Tree Remedy,	.67
Syrup of Figs,	35c., 3 for 1.00

A Full Line of Doctor Ballentine's Specifics for Sale—25c.

OUR SPECIALTY.

Quality is of first importance in Medicine.

Bring us your Prescriptions, no matter by what physician written; we will dispense them for you at moderate prices at all hours, day or night, by competent clerks, with pure ingredients and fresh medicines.

MY PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT is under the personal supervision of myself, or a competent and qualified person during my absence.

MY PRESCRIPTION BUSINESS is gradually increasing.

We spare no trouble to make everything complete and first-class.

Nothing omitted on account of its high cost or trouble in procuring it.

Nothing substituted. Our stock is replete with rare Foreign and Domestic Drugs and Chemicals.

We also carry a large and well selected stock of Toilet Articles, such as Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumes, Bay Rum, Toilet Powders, Sponges, etc., in fact, everything kept in a first-class Drug Store.

We can supply you equally as well by mail and express from any of our departments, if you are not in easy access to our store.

Delivered free to any part of the city. A trial will convince you of the truth of the above statement. Very respectfully,

JOHN J. PARKER,
Norris and Memphis Sts.

Ballentine's Remedies in stock.

DOCTOR BALLENTINE'S CURES.

Number	30.	Rheumatism Cure,	25 Cents
"	20.	Dyspepsia Cure,	25 Cents
"	18.	Headache Cure,	25 Cents
"	14.	Cough Cure,	25 Cents
"	38.	Catarrh Cure,	25 Cents
"	56.	Nerve Cure,	25 Cents
"	2.	Fever Cure,	25 Cents
"	4.	Worm Cure,	25 Cents
"	6.	Colic Cure,	25 Cents
"	8.	Diarrhœa Cure,	25 Cents
"	10.	Dysentery Cure,	25 Cents
"	12.	Cholera Morbus Cure,	25 Cents
"	16.	Neuralgia Cure,	25 Cents
"	22.	Menstrual Cure,	25 Cents
"	24.	Leucorrhœa Cure,	25 Cents
"	26.	Croup Cure,	25 Cents
"	28.	Skin Cure,	25 Cents
"	32.	Chills and Fever Cure,	25 Cents
"	34.	Pile Cure,	25 Cents
"	36.	Ophthalmia Cure,	25 Cents
"	40.	Whooping Cough Cure,	25 Cents
"	42.	Asthma Cure,	25 Cents
"	44.	Earache Cure,	25 Cents
"	46.	Scrofula Cure,	25 Cents
"	48.	General Debility Cure,	25 Cents
"	50.	Dropsy Cure,	25 Cents
"	52.	Seasickness Cure,	25 Cents
"	54.	Kidney Cure,	25 Cents
"	58.	Sore Mouth Cure,	25 Cents
"	60.	Urine Cure,	25 Cents
"	62.	Spasm Cure,	25 Cents
"	64.	Climacteric Cure,	25 Cents
"	66.	Epilepsy Cure,	25 Cents
"	68.	Diphtheria Cure,	25 Cents

If you cannot get these remedies at your druggist's, send to Doctor BALLENTINE and upon receipt of price he will send any of them free of all charges.

BALLIET, LORENZO D

Matriculated from Milton, Pa Sept 28 1878. Graduated Mar 10 1880. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Atlantic City.

Obituaries

Balliett, Lorenzo Dow, Atlantic City, N. J.; Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1880; aged 81; senior member of the American Institute of Homeopathy, died, April 1, at the Atlantic City Hospital, following an operation for carcinoma of the bladder. 1928.

BALLOU LUCINDA B

LUCINDA B. BALLOU, M. D., died in this city, Thursday, June 13th, a few hours after undergoing an operation for the removal of a sarcoma of the kidney. Dr. Ballou was a graduate of the B. U. S. of M., class of 1881, and at the time of her death had a large and successful practice in Concord, Mass. She was born in Rowe, Mass., in 1835. Her maiden name was Bullard. In 1854 she was married ty Stephen J. Ballou, a publisher and journalist, after whose death, in 1878, her ambition to maintain a comfortable independence for herself and her children decided her to study medicine, upon the practice of which, in the town of Concord, she entered, immediately after her graduation at the date given above. Dr. Ballou was a woman of strong intelligence, and exceptional earnestness and faithfulness of character, which won and maintained for her the respect and confidence of a large circle of patients. Her loss is a most deep and irreparable one to the family, whose never-failing stay and centre she was, and will be sincerely mourned by many and close friends.

N E Med Gaz July 1889

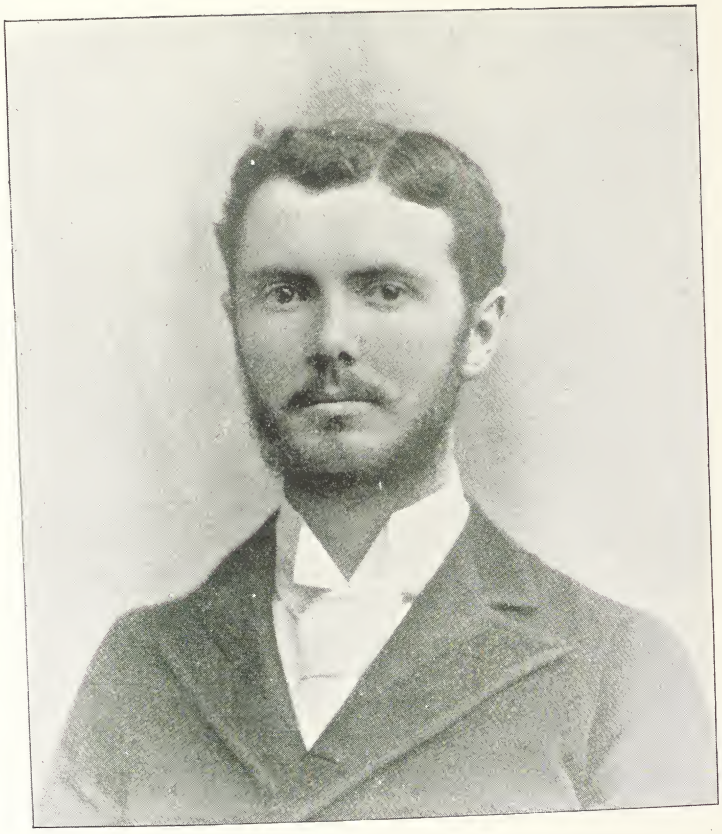
BALYEAT, EDMUND ALONZO

BALYEAT, EDMOND A., M.D., of Kalamazoo, Michigan, was born at Van Wert, Ohio, August 15, 1859.

After receiving a common-school education he attended college at Hillsdale. He then decided to take up medicine and entered the Chicago Homœopathic Medical College in the fall of 1879, receiving his diploma in the spring of 1882. After graduating he practiced with Dr. Clark, of Three Rivers, Michigan, for three years, then removed to Kalamazoo in the fall of 1885, and in a short time established a paying practice. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, Michigan Homœopathic Medical Society and Southwestern Michigan Homœopathic Medical Society. He was married June 12, 1888, to Mary E. Walton, of Three Rirves, Mich.

EDMUND ALONZO BALYEAT, Kalamazoo, Michigan, born Van Wert, Ohio, August 15, 1859; educated at Hillsdale College; graduated, Chicago Homœopathic Medical College, 1882; member of the American Institute of Homœopathy; ex-president of late Southwestern Michigan Homœopathic Medical Society.

BAMBER, O STEWART



O. STEWART BAMBER, M. D.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Supplement to
THE AMERICAN HOMEOPATHIST,
November 1, 1893.

BAMBERGER, FRANKLIN ENDRESS

Born May 21 1866 at
Matriculated gfrom Lebanon, Pa Oct 4 1896. Graduated
May 15 1902. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Lebanon,
Pa. Common Schoäs and Palatinate College.

BANCROFT, A AUGUSTINE

BANCROFT, A. AUGUSTINE, M. D., now of Lansing, Mich., was born in Nelson, O., April 26th, 1836. His father, David Bancroft, was one of the pioneers of the State, having emigrated from Granville, Mass., in 1809. Having passed successfully through his preparatory studies at Nelson Academy, he completed his academic course at Western Reserve College. He commenced his medical studies under the allopathic tutorship of Dr. John W. Hughes, of Cleveland, O., with whom he studied two years, when he became a convert to homœopathy. He graduated from the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, in 1869.

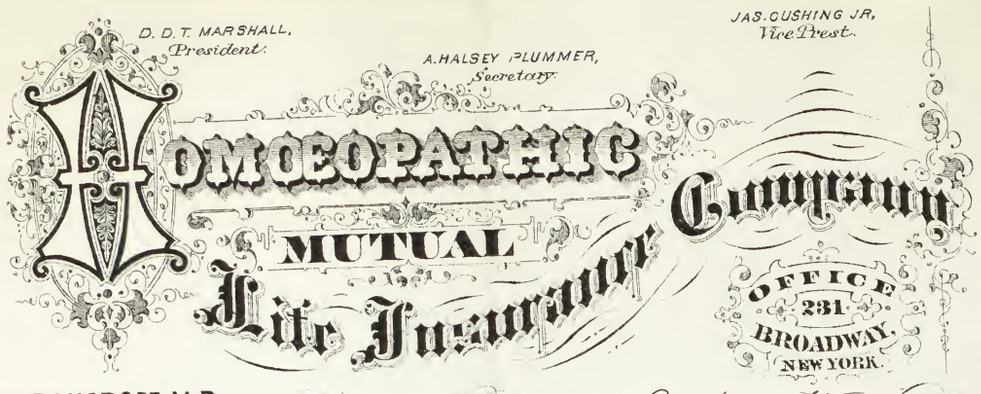
Dr. Bancroft is held in high esteem as a practitioner, and a gentleman of standing and ability in his profession. His social position ranks high, and his character is without stain or reproach. Although a young man, he enjoys a large and valuable practice, in which his success is proportionate. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, and of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Michigan.

Born Nelson, Ohio Apr 26 1836. Matriculated from Clinton, Mich Oct 1867. Graduated Feb 27 1869 from Homoeopathic Medical College of Penna. Alumni Assoc. member. Western Reserve College. Located at Lansing, Mich

Name in full

P. O. Address in full

Graduate (or Licentiate) of



A. A. BANCROFT, M D.
Gen'l Agent.

Lansing, Mich. Oct 16th 1871

Richard Koch M.D.

Dear Doctor

It is my desire to attende this course of lectures at the Hahnemann College this winter but it will be impossible to get away before the Middle of next month or 1st of Dec having a Diploma from the old College I suppose I am entitled to attende without further charge my influence is & shall be for the Hahnemann College let me hear from you and send me a catalogue. what can I get board for &c

Very Respectfully
A. A. Bancroft
Lansing
Michigan

BANCROFT. GEORGE

Boston Jan. 27th 1870

Dr. J. T. Talbot -

Dear Sir -

Yours containing circulars is recd. The act of incorporation was passd. May 19 - 1855. The organization under it was Sept. 12 - 1855. The officers last elected were Prest. Chas. B. Hall Vice Prests. Jacob Sleeper. John H. Wilkins. A. W. Thayer. F. B. Fay. Twenty Trs. Geo. Bancroft Secy. Simon G. Cheever Tr.

It seems to me that for the credit of the friends of practitioners of Homoeopathy in Mass. I should not push into the Directory the date of the Charter, the officers or present condition of the Corporation. All I should be inclined to say is, that an act of incorporation had been obtained & accepted, but is not yet in working condition. Yours truly

Geo. Bancroft

450

BANCROFT, EPHRAIM K

Matriculated from Phila Oct 12 1863. Graduated Mar 4 1865. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

BANCROFT, WALTON

Name in full

Walton Bancroft

P. O. Address in full

La Salle Ills

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Hom Med Col of Missouri

M.D. 1899 6 NEW YORK

WILLIAM J. BANER, M.D., New York City, N. Y.

This worthy physician was born in Springborough, Warren county, Ohio, in 1821. His family was of Swedish origin and among the early settlers of New Jersey, having come to this country with William Penn, by whom they had been converted to the Quaker belief.

He was one of a family of four children who were all brought up in strict conformity with the customs of the Society of Friends, and received a thoroughly sound education in the schools of the neighborhood.

About 1840, he went to New York City, where for some years he was engaged as a publisher, but at length decided to adopt medicine as a profession, and became a student in the office of Drs. John F. Gray & A. Gerald Hull. In the spring of 1857, he graduated from the New York Medical College, but continued as an associate in the office of his former preceptor, Dr. Gray,—Dr. Hull having, in the meanwhile, separated from Dr. Gray—until about 1858, when he set up by himself, and has ever since, until the very hour of his death, been unremittingly engaged in an extensive practice, embracing an unusual proportion of cultivated and distinguished patients.

For a year or two past, his strength had seemed to be somewhat impaired, and he was often obliged to rest in the course of his daily duties. A troublesome cough and shortness of breathing after exertion, with other symptoms, gave rise to apprehension of incipient phthisis, which, however, the most careful physical examinations did not confirm. Some symptoms suggested aortic aneurism, but the absence of characteristic signs rendered the case an obscure one. On the 6th of November last, while engaged in his office consultations, as usual, he suddenly felt so ill that he was obliged to retire to his room, said he thought he was dying, and almost immediately expired. An autopsy disclosed a large aneurism of the ascending aorta, which had ruptured and discharged its contents into the pericardium.

Thus, in the midst of his usefulness and in the enjoyment

of an enviable and well-earned reputation, has been suddenly removed from our fellowship one of our most valued members, who was himself without guile and universally respected and beloved by his colleagues in the profession.

Dr. Baner became a member of this Institute in 1866, was for years one of the medical staff of the Homœopathic Charity Hospital on Ward's Island, and also of the Hahnemann Hospital. He was one of the original members of the Union League Club, of New York, and continued a member until his death.

His contributions to medical literature have been composed chiefly of valuable monographs on practical subjects, read before various societies, many of which have been published in their respective Transactions.

Dr. Baner had a firm conviction of the demonstrated truth of the law of "similia similibus curantur," as one of the rules in therapeutics, and usually selected his remedies in conformity therewith. He, however, did not reject any therapeutic measures that seemed reasonable and which accomplished desired ends.

In 1848, Dr. Baner married Miss Martha Howe Fowler, daughter of Horace Fowler, Esq., of New York, who survives him. He leaves an only son, who is a graduate in medicine, and, at present one of the staff of Charity Hospital, New York City. A. I. H. 1886

Name in full

William J. Baner

P. O. Address in full

234 4th avenue, New York

Graduate ~~or Licentiate~~ of

New York Medical College.

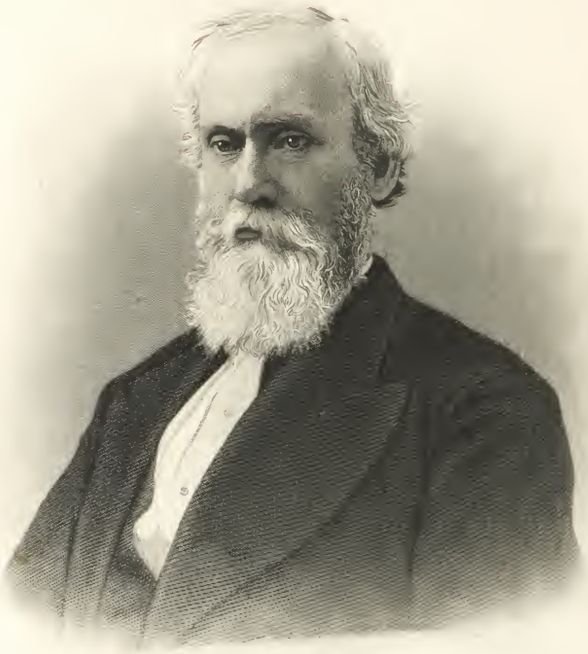
HENRY M. SMITH M.D. NEW YORK

WM. J. BANER, M.D.

Wm. J. Baner, an old and esteemed physician, died, at his residence in this city, Nov. 6th, of aneurism of the aorta, in the sixty-fifth year of his age. Dr. Baner was engaged in professional work on the morning of his death, when he was suddenly seized with oppression of breathing, and died in a few moments from rupture of the aneurism.

An excellent citizen, a conscientious, sympathetic and intelligent physician, he had no enemies in the profession, and had endeared himself to a large circle of our best citizens as a skilful medical adviser and a valued friend. For several years Dr. Baner was one of the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Charity Hospital Ward's Island and also a member of the medical staff of Hahnemann Hospital.

N Y Med Time. Dec 1885



Gilbert Pub. Co. Philada.

Wm. J. Baner

Ne

BA[illegible]R, WILLIAM J., M. D., of New York city, was born in Springborough, Warren county, O.; his father, Isaac Bauer, belonging to the Society of Friends, of which Dr. Bauer is also a member. After the completion of his education he went to New York, where he was for some time engaged in the stereotyping and publishing business, which he relinquished, and entered upon the study of medicine in the office of Drs. John F. Gray and A. Gerald Hull.

He graduated from the New York Medical College (old school) in March, 1857. After receiving his diploma he became associated in practice with Drs. Gray and Warner, continuing so until 1863, when he commenced by himself. His practice is composed of a highly cultivated class, and is very extensive —in such degree that it has obliged him to decline all proffered honors of professional preferment.

In his medical views he is, although a believer in the law of homœopathy, independent and liberal, not hesitating to accept real truth on account of its source. He is a member of various scientific societies, medical and otherwise, and his productions bespeak a quick, comprehensive mind and trenchant mode of expression.

In 1848, he married Martha H., daughter of Horace Fowler and sister to Drs. E. P. Fowler and A. L. Fowler-Ormsbee, and has now living one child, a promising boy of eleven years.

In personal appearance Dr. Bauer is a man about six feet in height, possessed of much presence and dignity, with a venerable looking head of white hair and beard, which surround a face still young and fresh. Nature has been liberal in moulding him to the ideal of his profession.

At a special meeting of the medical board of the Hahnemann Hospital held on Thursday evening, December 17th, 1885, Drs. Hallock and Thompson were appointed a committee to suitably express the regret of the staff with regard to the death of Wm. J. Baner, M.D., one of its members.

The committee drafted the following preamble and resolutions:

"Whereas, In the order of Divine Providence our colleague, Wm. J. Baner, M.D., has been removed by death from duty on this staff and from a large and important professional work, to all of which he devoted himself with untiring energy, integrity and perseverance for many years, thereby endearing himself in a marked degree to his patients and professional associates; therefore

"*Resolved*, That in the death of Wm. J. Baner, M.D., the medical profession of this city has sustained the loss of one of its most prominent practitioners, and the medical board of the Hahnemann Hospital one of its most esteemed members.

"*Resolved*, That the Medical Board of the Hahnemann Hospital extend to the family of Dr. Baner their heartfelt sympathy in this sudden bereavement.

"*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family, also that they be spread upon the minutes of the staff and published in the *New York Medical Times* and North American Journal of Homœopathy.

"(Signed) John H. Thompson, M.D.,
Chairman.
"Lewis Hallock, M.D."

N Am Jl Hom Feb 1886

Dr. William J. Baner died suddenly at his residence, No. 20 West Forty-seventh Street, on Friday, November 6th. He was of Quaker parentage, a native of Springburgh, Ohio, where he was born in 1821. Since 1850 he had practised as a homœopathic physician in New York, and had built up a large and lucrative business. He was a member of the Medico-Chirurgical Society and of the Homœopathic State and County Societies. He was a kind hearted and genial man and many friends deplore his death.

N Am Jl Hom Jan 1886

At a special meeting of the medical board of the Hahnemann Hospital held on Thursday evening, December 17th, 1885, Drs. Hallock and Thompson were appointed a committee to suitably express the regret of the staff with regard to the death of Wm. J. Baner, M.D., one of its members.

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"Whereas, In the order of Divine Providence our colleague, Wm. J. Baner, M.D., has been removed by death from duty on this staff and from a large and important professional work, to all of which he devoted himself with untiring energy, integrity and perseverance for many years, thereby endearing himself in a marked degree to his patients and professional associates; therefore

"*Resolved*, That in the death of Wm. J. Baner, M.D., the medical profession of this city has sustained the loss of one of its most prominent practitioners, and the medical board of the Hahnemann Hospital one of its most esteemed members.

"*Resolved*, That the Medical Board of the Hahnemann Hospital extend to the family of Dr. Baner their heartfelt sympathy in this sudden bereavement.

"*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family, also that they be spread upon the minutes of the staff and published in the *New York Medical Times* and North American Journal of Homœopathy.

"(Signed) John H. Thompson, M.D.,
Chairman.
"Lewis Hallock, M.D."

N Am Jl Hom Feb 1886

Resolutions on Dr. Baner's death:

WHEREAS, It has pleased God, in His infinite wisdom, to remove from our midst our late associate and honored co-worker, Dr. WM. J. BANER;

Resolved, That we, the members of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of New York, desire to make public recognition of our loss and to place on record this slight testimonial of our appreciation of his worth as an upright gentleman, a conscientious physician and a true friend.

Resolved, That we, as individuals and as a Society, tender our heartfelt sympathy to the family and relatives of the late Dr. BANER in the bereavement they have sustained, together with the hope that they, as well as we, may derive consolation from his merited professional eminence, his long life of usefulness, his unblemished character and his private virtues.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be incorporated in the minutes of the Society, and that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

7456

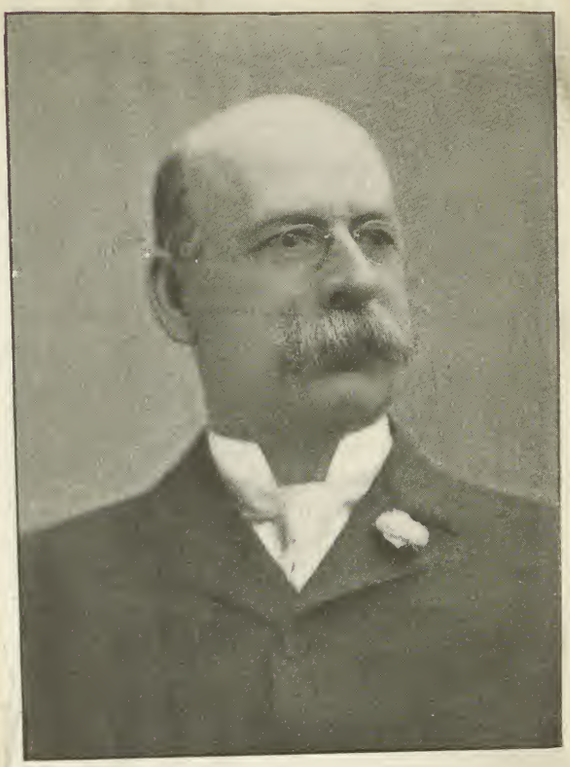
CLARENCE E. BEEBE,
CHAS. A. BACON,
J. M. SCHLEY,
} *Committee.*

BANGS, FREDERICK HERBERT

Dr. Frederick Herbert Bangs of San Jose, passed away March 13th, at his residence in that city. Born October 31st, 1859, in Jackson, Michigan, his graduation took place from the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College in 1880. Coming to California in 1884, he registered in this State and settled for a short time in Arcata, where he married Miss Isabelle May. In 1890 he removed to San Jose and for these past 26 years has been in active practice, and for part of that time running a private sanitarium and also finding time to devote to public life, among other things having been for eight years a trustee of the Agnews Hospital. Pac Coast Jl Hom Apr 1916

———o———

BANKER, PIERRE A



PIERRE A. BANKER, M. D.,
Elizabeth, N. J.

BANKER, WILLIAM W

Name in full

W. W. Banker

P. O. Address in full

No 128 Baxter near Chester St

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

N. Y. Homeop College
20th & 3rd Av. N. Y.

Banker, Wm W 1865

BANKS, JAMES O H,

Matriculated from Phila Oct 9 1871. Graduated Mar 10
1873. Not member of Alumni Assoc. Died at
Apr 29 1907 aet 78
Was a student of H N Guernsey.

BANNERJEE, S C

Sitamarhi
D. 10. Augt. 09.

RECEIVED B. & T.
SEP 8 - 1909

Dear Gentlemen

Be good enough to insert the accompanying papers in the next issue of your valuable journal (the Homoeopathic Record) and oblige thereby.

Yours most truly
S. C. Banerjee

B & T.
SEP 8 - 1909

BANNING, CARRIE BELLE CARPENTER

CARRIE BELLE CARPENTER BANNING, Fort Wayne, Indiana, was born February 11, 1857, in Phelps, Ontario county, New York, daughter of Calvin H. and Jennette K. (DeLano) Carpenter. Her father was a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York, and also spent a year in the medical department of the University of Michigan. During the civil war he was assistant surgeon of the 148th New York infantry and had charge of the hospital boats on the James river. Later he was surgeon of the 18th army corps. He was a pioneer in the movement to permit members of the New York State Medical Society (old school) to consult with homœopathic practitioners. Dr. Banning attended private schools, spent a year in the Geneva Union and Classical School at Geneva, New York, and graduated in 1877 from the University of Wisconsin, with the degree of B. S. From 1891 until 1894 she was a student in the Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery, where she received her professional degree, and after practicing in Willoughby Ohio, four years, she opened an office in Fort Wayne in 1898. While in college she was connected with the Good Samaritan Dispensary, Cleveland, two years. Dr. Banning is a member of the Indiana Institute of Homœopathy, the Allen County Homœopathic Medical Society, of which she was corresponding secretary, the Ohio State Homœopathic Medical Society, the Homœopathic Society of Northeastern Ohio, the Women's Club League and the Daughters of the American Revolution. She became the wife of Dr. E. P. Banning, February 11, 1879, and their children are Carina Carpenter, Florida Jennette and Dahlgren Banning. King V 4

BANNISTER, CHARLES BYRON, M. D., of Eagle, Wis., was born April 6th, 1817, in the town of Pownal, Bennington county, Vt., where his father, Dr. Thomas Bannister, who died in 1824. had been for many years a successful practitioner. It was Mr. Bannister's early desire to practise medicine, but he was overruled by his mother, and persuaded to learn a trade. He essayed blacksmithing; but, aided by the heels of a vicious colt, soon arrived at the conclusion that his talents lay in some other direction. He then, for a few months, worked on a farm, after which he attended, first, the common school taught by Dr. Gardiner, and then the Academy at East Bennington. After finishing his course of studies at the latter place, he was for several years engaged in various pursuits, teaching school, farming, trading, etc., but without great pecuniary success. At last he commenced the study of medicine with Dr. Samuel Fuller, of Chittenango, N. Y.; but indoor confinement and a sedentary life did not agree with him, and he soon left study and went into the grocery business; and, at about the same time, he married Miss Maria W. Lawrence, of Saratoga county, N. Y. After spending a little time in the grocery business, and working one season on a farm, he moved to Mukwonago, Wis., where he purchased a farm and worked it until 1856, when his health failing, he taught school. While teaching, he became acquainted with a homœopathic physician, from whom he derived some knowledge of the system, and then purchased a domestic work and a case of medicines, and commenced practice in a small way. In 1865, he went to Eagle, and opened an office as a general practitioner, and has met with such success as compensates him for his effort.

Name in full

Charles B. Bannister

P. O. Address in full

Eagle, Waukesha Co. Wis.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Licensed

Was present at the meeting of the

its evolution into medical use, and its pharmaceutical preparation. Then I take the cases of poisoning, if there are any, as the rough work or the foundation of its action, extracting what there is characteristic or distinctive of the drug in this violent action and learning what tissues it reaches and upon which its explosive forces are spent. From this, a general idea of the drug is gained in the rough, and the next step is the analysis of the provings. These, not being so violent in character as the cases of poisoning, introduce many symptoms that are new and extend the range of action, enlarging the whole view of the drug and at the same time accentuating the significant individuality of the drug already outlined in the cases of poisoning. The next step is to make the special significant symptoms most prominent and dwell upon them until the class is familiar with the marked keynotes, which, like the landmarks in a landscape, serve to map out in an intelligent manner the view. From the physiological affinities of the drug I strive to point out the reason why these symptoms are present and the origin of them. So far as possible the soul of the drug is exposed in its symptomology and its body in the physiological form and the two united make a perfect acquaintance with the drug, so that the minor symptoms and the detail fall into place without confusing the mind of the student. In the examinations at the close of the term the answers indicated a much more extensive knowledge of the medicines than the questions really demanded, and a knowledge which indicated a good working control of all the drugs upon which questions were asked.

Med Current Sept 1894

Obituary.

Dr. Benson Banton, whose death we noticed in our last issue, was born in Knox, Maine, January 20, 1828. His boyhood and early manhood days were spent among the hills and valleys of the Granite state, and when a little past thirty years of age he moved to Iowa and studied medicine at Dyersburg, Dubuque county. He afterward attended Rush Medical College, Chicago, graduating therefrom Feb. 15, 1876. He also took a course in physical diagnosis in Cook county hospital. After coming to Waterloo he took a prominent

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position among the physicians of his school of medicine and June 9, 1878, he became a member of the Cedar Valley Hahnemann Medical Association. He was president of the Hahnemann Medical Association of Iowa for one term, about six years ago. He served very acceptably upon several of the most important committees of that association. At the time of his death he was a member of the university committee of the association and was for some fifteen years one of the permanent examiners of the homœopathic medical department of the University. He was also for a time member of the committee on legislation of the Hahnemann Association of Iowa. In addition to being a graduate of Rush Medical College, he attended the Chicago Homœopathic Medical College.

The following resolutions were passed at a called meeting of the Des Moines Homœopathic Medical Society. They show the high esteem in which Dr. Banton was held by all those who knew him best.

WHEREAS, The Great Physician has in His infinite wisdom seen fit to call Dr. Banton to his rest;

Resolved, That we learn with unfeigned sorrow that our friend has been removed from among us by death. From many years association with him as friend and physician, we have learned to honor him for his manly virtues, to love him for his Christian character, his firm friendship and unwavering rectitude.

We have always found him the able and faithful physician, the wise counselor, first and foremost in all good works. Especially shall we miss his familiar face in our state gatherings, where he was always an honored and welcomed attendant.

Though separated from us for a time, his memory will always be cherished by those with whom he has been so long associated. "He rests from his labors and his works do follow him."

May the benison of many to whom he has been a minister of hope and life, follow him to his resting place.

Resolved, That two delegates represent this society at the the funeral.

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolutions, together with our heartfelt sympathies be forwarded to the family of our diseased friend and brother.

W. H. DICKINSON,
GEORGE ROYAL,
Committee.

BENSON BANTON, M.D.,

Was present at the meeting of the Institute at Minnetonka Beach, in 1889; was elected a member and participated in the discussion on obstetrics. He was the son of Joseph Benson and Clarissa Ranlett Banton, and was born in Knox, Waldo county, Maine, January 20, 1828. In 1844 the family removed to Ontario county, N. Y.; where he worked on a farm. Here he married Miss Mary Daggett, by whom he had two sons, one, William, who died at Cedar Falls, Iowa, a physician. His wife died here; and in 1864 or 1865 he removed with Dr. Clark, with whom he studied medicine, to Iowa, where he began practice. He first settled in Dyersville, thence he removed to Raymond, and afterwards to Waterloo. While at Raymond he married Mrs. Smith, who died in 1893, leaving one son. Dr. Banton graduated from Rush Medical College, Chicago, in 1876. In a few years he acquired a wide reputation and a large practice. He was a prominent member of the Cedar Valley Homœopathic Medical Association and other organizations. He died, July 27, 1894, while on a visit to Bangor, Me.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom. 1895.

1575

BARBEE, BENJAMIN IRVING

BENJAMIN IRVING BARBEE, Columbus, Ohio, was born near that city, April 18, 1852, son of William Hand and Eliza (Rowles) Barbee. He was graduated from Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati, in 1880, and engaged in general practice at Richmond until 1889. He spent one term, 1889-90, in the New York Homœopathic eye, ear, nose and throat clinic, one term in the New York Polyclinic, studying diseases of the nose and throat, and one term in Kappe Eye and Ear clinic. Since 1890 he has practiced in Columbus, devoting his attention to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy and of the American Homœopathic Ophthalmological, Otological and Laryngological Society. He married Emma Cora Bulen, April 2, 1880.

King ~~Vol~~ IV

BARBER, FRANK

Born at Kenna, N Y, Jan 29 1883. Matriculated from Rochester, N Y Sept 19 1903. Graduated May 24 1907. Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated at Rochester High School Located at 46 Clinton Ave, Rochester, N Y.

Hiram A. Barber, M. D., Husting, Michigan. Graduated from Hahnemann of Chicago in 1881. Practiced in Husting, Mich. Died February 19, 1916.
C. H. B.

Y a CH
Dec 1916

Hiram A. Barber, M. D., Husting, Michigan. Graduated from Hahnemann of Chicago in 1881. Practiced in Husting, Mich. Died February 19, 1916.
C. H. B.

BARBER, ISAAC AMBROSE

Matriculated from Salem, N J, Oct 25 1870. Graduated Mar 11 1872. Not member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Easton, Md. Died at Easton Mar 1 1909 aet 57.

Med Surg Rep
May 1909

ISSAC AMBROSE BARBER, M. D. Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, 1872; president of the Farmers' and Merchants National Bank of Easton; a member of the state legislature in 1895; and member of congress from the first congressional district of Maryland in 1896; died suddenly at his home in Easton, March 1, from cerebral hemorrhage, aged 57.

BARBER, OSCAR M

OSCAR M. BARBER, M. D.

Dr. Oscar M. Barber, of Mystic, Conn., was born in Ashaway, R. I., June 25, 1837, and was the son of Franklin Barber and Lydia Maxson Barber. When quite young he removed with his parents to Mystic, where his father engaged in the manufacturing business.

He passed through the village high school. His desire for a profession was strong, and he chose that of medicine. He entered the New York Homœopathic Medical College, graduating in 1869.

Shortly thereafter he returned to Mystic and continued his professional studies with Dr. Brown, one of the old members of the medical profession, whose practice he purchased in 1870.

Here he practised continually until about two years ago, when he practically retired, but, as his circle of patrons held him in such high esteem, there were continued demands upon his services.

He had a thorough knowledge of medicine and received many calls to consult in serious cases with nearby physicians.

He was a man of quiet and unassuming manners, and led the life of a Christian, which he lived in deeds as well as words.

He was of unquestioned character and possessed friends in legions.

He was very active in the public affairs of the village, being one of the prominent members of the board of trade.

He was trustee of the Elm Grove Cemetery Association and a director of the Mystic Oral School.

Dr. Barber became a member of the American Institute in 1888.

For several years he was health officer of the town of Stonington.

Dr. Barber was a member of the Seventh Day Baptist Church.

He never married, but lived with his brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Leander Barber.

Dr. Barber was an extensive traveler, being well acquainted with his own country and England, having traversed them many times.

He died April 3, 1909. Am Inst Hom 1910

BARBER, SAMUEL LE ROY

Born July 1879 at
Matriculated from West Chester Pa Aug 21 1897. Graduated
May 15 1901. Member Alumni Assoc. Located in West Chester.

BARBOUR, JULIUS E

JULIUS E. BARBOUR, Bristol, Indiana, born Romeo, Michigan, October 26, 1848; graduated from Pontiac High School, 1868; Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, 1878; coroner of Elk county, 1895-1896; trustee Washington township, 1897-98; secretary of board of health continuously since 1898.

BARBOUR, NATHAN R

Born ## Aug 26 1853 at Calif.
Matriculated from Suissun, Calif. Sept 16 1878. Graduated Mar 10 1881. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Cranes, New Mex: Suissen, Calif: Vacaville, Calif: Lockeford, Calif.

BARCLAY, HUGH BAILEY

Born Nov 26 1878 at
Matriculated from Bedford, Pa Sept 23 1897. Graduated May 15 1901. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Strathmore, Alberta, Canada.

BARCLAY, LANCEY H

Dr. De Lancey H. Barclay, a Well-Known Homœopathist of This City.

Dr. De Lancey H. Barclay died late Monday night, at the Miller Sanitarium, 1734 St. Paul street. He had been in bad health for the last three years. He continued his practice until June 21st. On the 23d he was operated on for kidney trouble. Dr. Barclay was born June 19, 1854, in this city. He was the son of Walter Channing and Grace Douglass Barclay. Dr. Barclay was educated in the North and Graduated from the New York Homoeopathic Medical College, in 1876. Since that time he had been practicing in this city. Dr. Barclay enjoyed a very large practice. He was one of the best homoeopathic physicians in this city. Dr. Barclay was known in social as well as medical circles. At one time he was an oarsman of local reputation. He was formerly a commodore in the Ariel Boat Club. He was a member of the Maryland Homoeopathic and the Maryland Historical Societies. Deceased is survived by a widow and two daughters—Misses Grace Douglass and Louise Barclay.

Baltimore American
July 11, 1900.

.Hahn Mo **Dr. DeLancey H. Barclay Dead.** Aug 1900

Dr. DeLancey H. Barclay, 46 years old, died Monday night, July 9, 1900, at Dr. Irving Miller's sanatorium, 1732 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, where he had been under treatment for about three weeks. On June 21st he became ill, and was operated on by Dr. Miller two days later for stone in the kidney. This operation was successful, but a few days later an embolism of the right femoral artery occurred, which was the indirect cause of his death nine days later.

Born in Baltimore, a son of the late Walter Channing and Grace Douglas Barclay, Dr. Barclay was educated in schools in the North. In 1876 he was graduated from the New York Homœopathic Medical College, after which he commenced practicing in South Baltimore. About four years ago he removed to his late residence, 220 West Monument Street, continuing his large practice in all sections of the city. He had been in poor health for the past three years, but continued his practice, which included the position of consulting physician at Dr. Miller's sanatorium and as a specialist in diseases of the stomach.

Dr. Barclay was a member of the Maryland Homœopathic Association, and of the Maryland Historical Society. He leaves a widow, who was Miss Sophie Saulsbury, of Baltimore, and two little daughters, Grace Douglas and Louise.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Delancey H. Barclay.

Dr. Delancey H. Barclay, 46 years old, died Monday night at Dr. Irving Miller's sanatorium, 1732 St. Paul street, where he had been under treatment for about three weeks. On June 21 he became ill and was operated on by Dr. Miller two days later for stone in the kidney. This operation was successful, but a few days later an embolism of the right femoral artery occurred, which was the indirect cause of his death nine days later.

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Dr. Barclay was a member of the Maryland Homœopathic Association and of the Maryland Historical Society. He leaves a widow, who was Miss Sophie Saulsbury, of Baltimore, and two little daughters, Grace Douglas and Louise.

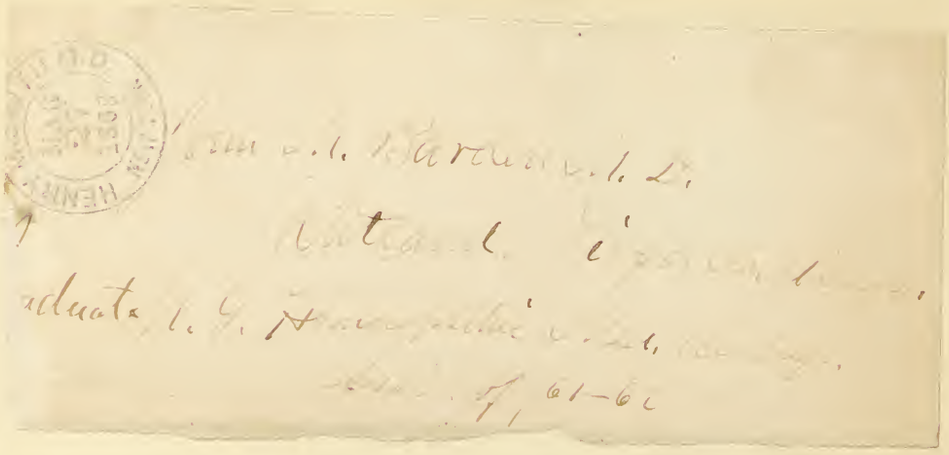
Hom Recorder Aug 1900

BARD, GEORGE PERCIVAL

GEORGE PERCIVAL BARD, Stafford Springs, Connecticut, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, June 9, 1872, the son of George F. and Minerva (Placethus) Bard, and is of English descent. He was educated in the public and high schools of his native place, and also attended the Norwich Free Academy, 1891. He studied medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. E. H. Linnell of Norwich, and matriculated in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, graduating in 1900. He served as interne in the Rochester Homœopathic Hospital, Rochester, New York, and has been in active practice in Stafford Springs since May, 1902. Dr. Bard is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Connecticut Homœopathic Medical Society, the New York County Homœopathic Medical Society, the Homœopathic Medical Society of Western Massachusetts, Ionic Lodge, F. & A. M., Orient Chapter, R. A. M., St. John's Commandery, K. T., and Sphinx Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. He also is a member of the alumni association of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and of the Alpha Sigma fraternity. Dr. Bard is unmarried.

King ~~Vol~~ IV

BARDEN, JOHN M



BARDEN, OLIVER PARKER

OLIVER P. BARDEN, M.D.

Dr. Oliver Parker Barden died of pneumonia supervening an attack of la grippe, at his home in Tioga, Pa., January 25, 1892. The Doctor was born in Benton, Gates county, N. Y., October 1, 1839. He came to Mansfield, Pa., with his father when thirteen years old, and received his early education at the Mansfield Classical Seminary. In 1861 he enlisted in Company F, Eleventh Pennsylvania Cavalry for three years, serving his full term of enlistment. He returned home with health impaired and constitution undermined by the hardships and exposures of his army life, and from that time he was always a sufferer from asthma and chronic bronchitis, which led up to a serious heart trouble. After his return from the army he commenced reading medicine in the office of his father, the late Dr. William M. Barden, of Mansfield, Pa., and attended lectures at the old Hahnemann Medical College, of Philadelphia, where he graduated with credit in 1868. He located in Tioga, where he continuously resided until his death. As a practitioner, believing in the law of the master, he was pre-eminently successful. He was a man of quick perception and excellent judgment. He was a member of the Southern Tier Homœopathic Medical Association of New York, in which he had been secretary and treasurer for several years. H.M. Apr. '92.

O. P. Barden.

Graduate of "The Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, Session of 1867 & 1868.

Located at Tioga. Pa.

Matriculated from Tioga, Pa, Sept 1867.
Graduated Feb 28 1868 (Hom Med College Penna)
Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

New York, June, 1870.

Dear Doctor:

Will you assist me in compiling a correct list of Homœopathic Physicians in the United States, by filling up and returning to me, *at once*, the following blank, if you have not already filled up a similar one.

I will be much obliged to you for any information relative to the introduction of Homœopathy in your neighborhood, together with a sketch of your personal connection therewith.

Yours truly,

HENRY M. SMITH, M.D.,

107 Fourth Avenue.

My full name is Oliver P. Barden

I graduated at Homœopathic Medical College, of Penna in the year 1868

My present address is Tioga county of Tioga

State of Pennsylvania where I have resided since 1867

Previous to that time I practised in

I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1867 at Tioga Pa.

William M. Barden, M.D., settled in Mansfield about the year 1850, since which time he has acquired and maintained a large and successful practice in Tioga and adjoining counties. Previous to his locating in Mansfield he was an allopathic practitioner at Pen Yan, New York, but from observation and experimenting was converted to, and adopted, homœopathy.

Name in full

William McBardene M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Mansfield Tioga Co. Penna

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

N. Y. Infirm 1836 & 1837

Alumni Association of Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

BENJ. K. FLETCHER, M. D., *Secretary*
319 S. 16th St., Phila., Pa.

May 23, 1918

Dear Dr.Bradford,

Thank you for the letter from Dr.Barden. He has been a member of the Alumni Association since 1891,so does not need to join. However,I have written to him, and hope to see him at the meeting, and can then explain anything he does not understand.

Very truly yours

Benj K Fletcher

BARDEN, WILLIAM WALLACE (M D)

atriculated from Pen Yan, N Y, Sept 1868. Graduated
eb 27 1869 (Hom Med College Penna). Member of Alumni Assoc.
ocated at Brooklyn (88 2d Place).

W. W. BARDEN, M. D.,
88 SECOND PLACE, BROOKLYN.

℞

Earl Moriz - 18

Dr Bradford

Dear Sir

The Feb. No of the "Recorder" brings the sad news of the sudden passing of Dr Hustitz editor in Chief of the "Recorder" for many years. I have never had the pleasure of his acquaintance but have whiled away many a leisure hour reading "Old New & forgotten Remedies" - every page of which is replete with interest & instruction.

Would be pleased to have

"Therapeutics
By-ways"

a Copy of his later work when ready for publication. I hope to have the pleasure of seeing you some time this Spring. I guess not many are left of the class of 69 when we attended lectures at the old College on Filbert st.

Dr Raber president of the State Med Com. Soc has notified me of the meeting on April 9th. I hope to be able to attend & perhaps may see you there.

With best wishes for yourself & the "Recorder" & old Wahoo

Am Yours Truly, Wm Wallace Barber

By the way - I wish you would gently jog the president or secretary of the Alumnae association of the College & mention that I am waiting patiently to hear from them in regard to my my Certificate of membership. Have written them once or twice but see no reply. Why is it? I hope to hear from them at next meeting of the association & would be greatly obliged if you would kindly call their attention to it.

Yours

Please send copy of the "Envoy" with next No. of the Recorder &c. &c. &c. —

C. J. Ada (at Broom)

Chardon Ohio

1881

Earl. Yates Co. N.Y. Sept 14. 16

Dr Thos. L. Bradford
Dear Sir

Yours of July 19th is at hand - Have returned recently from a tour of the North-West. Find your letter of inquiry awaiting me
Have answered to the best of my knowledge & recollection.
All of my College notes including diploma were destroyed by fire a few years ago - on that account am unable to give exact dates in some things.

Brooklyn 188

The illness & death of a near relative called me home from Brklyn some 2 years ago & hope to be able to arrange business matters so as to be able to return the coming year.

May be in New York next month & if so will try & run down to Phila & have the pleasure of seeing old Hahnemann once more.

I rec'd letter from Dr Pearson just before leaving for the West & will answer at earliest convenience.

Thanking you for your kindly remembrance of me I am yours truly

Wm Wallace. Random Mich.

Expect to be in Brooklyn after next January.

In the year 1854 Coatesville was made a colony to Homoeopathy, under the leadership of Dr. D. R. Bardin, from whom we will receive his own account. He writes, in 1861: "I graduated at the University of New York City, on the 8th of March, 1848, and settled here (in Coatesville), to practice medicine, in October following. I commenced with all confidence in the Old School of medicine, and thought Homoeopathy a great humbug, &c. I continued to practice Allopathic medicine for six years. During that time I learned, to my entire satisfaction, that there was no science in the Old School; in fact, I had lost all confidence in it, as a System, and had concluded to abandon the profession, and turn my attention to some other business. But, before doing so, I would investigate the Homoeopathic system of medicine; and, accordingly, I bought Hull's Jahr, and a few other works on Homoeopathy, together with a case of medicines, and some of the leading remedies, in the form of the mother tinctures. I soon became interested in it, as a system of medicine, and introduced it into my practice; and, fortunately, some of the first patients treated by it were attended with great success, and thus confirming my belief in it as a science; and I at once found a guiding principle in giving medicine, which I sought for in the Old School, but found not. I had a moderate business while I practiced the Allopathic system, but soon after I introduced the New School of medicine, my business increased very fast, and now it is not too much to say that two-thirds, or three-fourths of the families, within four or five miles of this place, are Homoeopathic."

Dr. Bardin remained in Coatesville until the Fall of 1866, when he disposed of his interest to Dr. George C. Williams, and moved to West Philadelphia, where he is now practicing.

Hom. in Chester Co. Jones.

OBITUARY.

Dr. Dennison R. Bardin.

Dr. Dennison Robinson Bardin, a well known homeopathic physician, formerly located at 331 North Fortieth street, died on Thursday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. E. Lamborn, Avondale. Death was due to Bright's disease.

Dr. Bardin was born in Massachusetts February 10, 1820. After graduating from the New York University in 1842, he located at Coatesville, Pa., where he engaged in contracting, and for many years furnished wood for the locomotives of the Pennsylvania Railroad prior to the use of coal. Mr. Bardin also did a large business in the transportation of merchandise at that time. In 1852 he became a student at the Hahnemann College, from which he graduated in 1856. He came to this city in 1866, and soon established a successful practice, which he relinquished about a year ago on account of his advanced age and declining health.

Dr. Bardin was among the oldest readers of the "Public Ledger," and had been a continuous subscriber for over forty years. He is survived by a widow, one son, Harry B. Bardin, of Norristown, and a daughter, the wife of Dr. C. E. Lamborn, of Avondale.

Ledger. Jan 5. 1901

BARDIN, D R

In the year 1854 Coatesville was made a homœopathic colony under the leadership of Dr. D. R. Bardin, from whom we will receive his own account. He writes in 1861: "I graduated at the University of New York City, on the 8th of March, 1848, and settled here (in Coatesville) to practice medicine, in October following. I commenced with all confidence in the old school of medicine, and, thinking homœopathy a great humbug, continued to practice allopathic medicine for six years. During that time I learned, to my entire satisfaction, that there was no science in the old school; in fact, I had lost all confidence in it, as a system, and had concluded to abandon the profession, and turn my attention to some other business; but, before doing so, I investigated the homœopathic system of medicine. Soon becoming interested therein, I introduced it into my practice; and fortunately, some of the first patients were treated with great success, thus confirming my belief in it as a science."

Dr. Bardin remained in Coatesville until the fall of 1866, when he disposed of his interest to Dr. George C. Williams, and moved to West Philadelphia, where he is now practicing.

Name in full D. R. Bardin

P. O. Address in full 129 North 10th St. Phila.

Graduate (or Licentiate) of University of New York, N.Y.

W. SMITH M.D. NEW YORK 1860

BARKER, C F

Caleb Barker, Jr., M. D., 1878-1917. [Additional to Oct. JOURNAL.] Dr. Barker had built up a large practice among best people of New Rochelle, N. Y. He was born in Brooklyn in 1878 and died in a Mt. Vernon Hospital, August 1, 1917; a graduate from the New York Homeopathic Medical College, a member of the Alpha Sigma Fraternity.

J1 A I H Nov 1917

Obituary. Biographical Sketch of the late Dr. JOHN BARKER. By CARROLL DUNHAM, M. D.

Of the physicians of our school whom death has taken from among us during the current year, few have been so sincerely lamented by a wide circle of personal friends and clients, as Dr. John Barker, of Brooklyn.

Occupying no position which brought him before the public, either personally or by his pen, busied exclusively in the discharge of his professional duties, he was yet so widely known and so generally esteemed, in the city of his residence, that he was said to be "Next to Henry Ward Beecher, the most popular man in Brooklyn."

Dr. Barker was born in Wallingford, Conn., June 2, 1823. His childhood and a portion of his youth were spent in Connecticut; but most of the latter in Atwater, Ohio, where, at the age of about twenty-two, he began the study of medicine under the guidance of Dr. Friend Cook, (an uncle by marriage.) He attended one course of lectures at Cleveland, and subsequently one or more at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, during which attendance he was a pupil of Dr. L. A. Sayre.

About this time his health began to fail, and, without graduating, he went to Wisconsin, where he practiced a few months and then, with a view to the re-establishment of his health, undertook and accomplished, in 1849, the overland journey to California. An accident which befell him at the age of eighteen, involving a fracture of the right thigh, had resulted in necrosis of the femur and abscesses, by reason of which he had become much enfeebled.

During the journey to California and a brief residence in that State, the discharge ceased and the sinuses healed. It was supposed that he had entirely recovered, but, as subsequent events proved, the mischief still lurked in his system, to be aroused at a later period of his life into that storm which hurried him from the scene of his useful labors.

After remaining two years in California, engaged more or less constantly in the practice of medicine, Dr. Barker returned to New York, attended another course of lectures at the "College of Physicians and Surgeons," and graduated at that institution in 1852.

While he was in California, his attention had been directed to the subject of homœopathy, and he had satisfied himself, by observation, that it is the true science of therapeutics. Accordingly,

on his graduation, he at once embarked in the practice of homœopathy, entering in 1853, in partnership with the late Dr. A. C. Hull, of Brooklyn.

This connection was severed in 1854. From this period until that of his death, April 18, 1868, Dr. Barker was uninterruptedly engaged in practice on his own account in the city of Brooklyn. His success in business was uniform and quite remarkable. Commencing with no special advantages of consanguinity, connection or introduction, he rapidly advanced to the front rank in the profession, and unquestionably, for several years before his death, he enjoyed a larger and choicer practice, than any physician in Brooklyn, of whatever school.

It is not easy to say, what are the qualities and requirements of mind and body, or how proportioned, which constitute the successful and acceptable physician. He must, of course, be well grounded in the science and expert in the art of medicine, and his knowledge must lie ready in his mind for instant application. He must possess presence of mind to confront with steady self-possession an unanticipated danger, and courage to counteract it, at every legitimate risk, and calmness to await the issue.

Blended with these must be that other quality, which the metaphysician cannot define, but which even the day laborer instantly recognizes—tact, whereby the disposition and morale of the patient and his friends are instantly appreciated, and the physician's adopted to correspond with them.

Tempering and governing all must a genial, benevolent, heartiness of speech, manner and action, which shall satisfy the patient that his interests are held of the highest importance in the physician's mind, and are the subject of profound and friendly consideration—a quality which can hardly exist except as the outgrowth of a Christian's consecration of his life to the duties of his humane profession.

In all of these respects, Dr. Barker was eminently qualified for the successful career which he so lately finished. There have been many who surpassed him in familiarity with books and the records of science, but very few have so completely at command, in the sick room and council chamber, the practical knowledge gained by study, by experience and by intercourse with their minds. He had a clear apprehension and a retentive memory which seized upon every fact that came within reach and stored it in an appropriate nook of the mind ready for instant use.

That his deportment commanded the confidence and won the love of his patients, the crowds that thronged his offices and solicited his attendance, as well as the mourning hundreds who pressed to pay the last tribute of respect to his remains, abundantly testify.

Towards his professional brethren, Dr. Barker was always courteous and generous; ever ready in difficult cases to seek aid for his patients from the counsels of his colleagues. He never appeared apprehensive of injury or loss from so doing, conscious that his own conduct, under such circumstances, would be upright and free from guile.

Though frank and fearless in expressing his opinion in matters of doctrine and practice, he made no enemies in consequence; so modest were his utterances and so free from imputations upon the capacities or motives of his opponents.

In the embarrassing cases of the transfer of their patronage by patients from a neighbor to himself, he always adopted the manly course of frankly speaking of the matter to his colleague. In a word, his conduct towards patients and brethren appears to have been governed by a wise and loving observance of that golden rule which is the foundation of ethics, medical as well as social: "As ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

In this earnest, conscientious and most successful devotion to the duties of his profession, he persevered, after excessive labor had undermined his health, until a fresh outbreak of his old disease hurried him to a premature grave.

Trans.N.Y.State Hom.Soc.V.Vl.p 350.

OBITUARY.

John Barker, M.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Born, June 2d, 1823. Died, April 18th, 1868. Of the many physicians of our school, whom death has taken from our midst, during the current year, few have been so sincerely lamented, and by so wide a circle of personal friends and clients, as Dr. John Barker, of Brooklyn.

Occupying no position which brought him, *ex-officio*, before the public, whether personally or by his pen; busied exclusively in the exercise of his professional duties, he was yet so widely known, and so generally esteemed and beloved, in the city of his residence, that he was truly said to be, "next to Henry Ward Beecher, the most popular man in Brooklyn."

Dr. Barker was born in Wallingford, Conn., June 2nd, 1823. His childhood, and a portion of his youth, were spent in Connecticut, but most of the latter in Atwater, Ohio, where, at about the age of twenty-two, he began the study of medicine, under the guidance of Dr. Friend Cooke (an uncle by marriage).

He attended one course of lectures at Cleveland, and, subsequently, one or more at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, during which attendance he was a pupil of Dr. Lewis A. Sayre. About this time his health began to fail, and, without graduating, he went to Wisconsin, where he practiced a few months, and then, with a view to the re-establishment of his health, undertook and accomplished, in 1849, the overland journey to California. An accident which befell him, at the age of eighteen, involving a fracture of the right thigh, had resulted in necrosis of the femur, and abscesses, by reason of which he had become much enfeebled.

During the journey to California, and a brief residence in that State, the discharge ceased, and the sinuses healed. It was supposed that he had entirely recovered; but, as subsequent events proved, the mischief still lurked in his system, to be aroused at a later period of his life, when he was reduced by excessive professional labors, into the storm which carried him off.

After remaining two years in California, engaged, more or less constantly, in the practice of medicine, Dr. Barker returned to New York, attended another course of lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and graduated at that Institution in 1852.

While in California his attention had been turned to the subject of Homœopathy, and he had satisfied himself, by observation and study, that it is the true science of therapeutics. Accordingly, on his graduation, he at once embarked in the practice of Homœopathy, entering, in 1853, into partnership with the late Dr. A. C. Hull, of Brooklyn. This connection was severed in 1854, from which period, until that of his death, Dr. Barker was uninterruptedly engaged in practice, on his own account, in the city of Brooklyn.

His success in business was uniform and quite remarkable. Commencing with no especial advantages of consanguinity, connection or introduction, he rapidly advanced to the front rank of the profession, and, for several years before his death, he enjoyed, unquestionably, a larger and choicer business, than any physician in Brooklyn, of whatever school.

It is not easy to say, precisely, what are the qualities of mind and body, and how proportioned to each other, which shall constitute the successful and acceptable physician. But some we may safely assume, and such assumption may aid us in analyzing character. As a matter of course, the successful and acceptable physician must be well grounded in the science, and an expert in the art of medicine. And his knowledge must lie in his mind, ready for instant application. He must possess presence of mind to

confront, with steady self-possession, an unanticipated danger; courage to counteract it at every legitimate risk, and calmness to await the issue. Blended with these must be that other quality, which the metaphysician can not define, but which even the hod-carrier instantly recognizes — *tact;* whereby the temper and *morale* of the patient, and his friends, are instantly perceived and understood, and the physician's adapted to correspond with them. And, tempering all, must be a genial and benevolent heartiness of speech, manner, and action, which shall satisfy the patient that his interests are held as of the highest importance in the physician's mind, and that his concerns are the subject of earnest consideration — a quality which can hardly exist, save as the outgrowth of a Christian's devotion of his life to the duties of his humane profession.

In all of these respects, Dr. Barker was eminently qualified for the success which he achieved. There have been many who surpassed him in familiarity with books, and with the systems and records of science. But very few have so completely at command as he had, in the sick-room and the consulting chamber, the practical knowledge they have gained by study, by experience, and by intercourse with other minds. He had a clear apprehension, and a retentive memory, which seized upon every fact that came within reach, and stored it in an appropriate nook of his mind, ready for instant application. Moreover, his professional judgment was singularly quick and sound, and he had intuitive faculties of a high order, enabling him to thread successfully the mazes of many a labyrinth of obscure disease, to which no systematic works on Practice could have furnished him a clue.

That his deportment commanded the confidence, and won the love, of his patients, the crowds that thronged his office, and solicited his attendance, as well as the mourning hundreds, who pressed to pay the last tribute of respect to his remains, most abundantly testify.

Towards his professional brethren, Dr. Barker was ever courteous and generous. Always ready, in difficult cases, to seek aid for his patients from the counsels of others, and never exhibited any apprehensions of incurring any loss thereby. Devoid of guile himself, he did not suspect it in his colleague. Though free and fearless in the expression of his opinions, in matters of doctrine and practice, he rarely made an enemy in consequence, so modest were his utterances, and so free from imputations upon the capacities or motives of his opponents. In the annoying cases of the transfer of their patronage, by patients, from a colleague to himself — cases which often breed coolness and hard feeling between physicians — he always acted frankly, and made a point of speaking to his brother physician on the subject without delay.

In a word, his conduct, towards patients and colleagues, appears to have been modeled upon a just and intelligent apprehension of that Golden Rule, which is the foundation of ethics, medical as well as social: "As ye would men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

And, in this earnest, conscientious, and most successful devotion to the duties of his profession, our dear friend and brother persevered, after his health had been undermined by excessive labor, until a fresh outbreak of his old disease hurried him to a premature grave. C. D.

U S Med & SUrg Jl Jan#### 1869

BARKER, W C

WILLIAM CALVIN BARKER, M. D.

Born at Ballston Springs, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1812; was married Sept. 8, 1836; died at his home in Waukegan, Ill., Sept. 11, 1891. Thus was he born, married and died in the month of September.

In May, 1846, he located at Waukegan, Ill., and became the first homœopathic practitioner in the state outside the city of Chicago. He was a charter member of the Illinois State Medical Society, and early in its history was its president for the term of one year. In 1867 he became a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy. He was also a member of the Western Academy of Homœopathy. Dr. Barker was bold and fearless in expressing his opinion upon all subjects which he thought to be right. As his middle name would indicate, he was an humble, devout, conscientious Christian, and in all of his professional work the spirit of the Lord was exemplified. The homœopathic medical profession owe much to his early efforts, and will greatly miss his genial influence in their assemblies.

His counsel was a solace to the early practitioners of the school, and many who rank high in the profession of to-day owe largely their preferment to his wisdom and advice.

Dr. Barker was an honest man, full of love, charity and forgiveness. His first duty to God, his second duty to his fellow man. The practitioner of the present day can scarcely appreciate the embarrassments which surrounded his early struggle in behalf of the school that has now become so prominent. His name and his work will ever be remembered, and will be worthy incentives to the energies of his professional followers.

G. A. H.

MedERa Jan 1892

WILLIAM CALVIN BARKER, M.D.,

WAUKEGAN, ILL.

Dr. William C. Barker was the first practicing homœopathic physician in the State of Illinois outside of Chicago, and therefore deserves to be commemorated as one of the veterans who boldly assumed the aggressive in the early advance of the great therapeutic reform, and shared the brunt of the opposition which those brave disciples suffered.

He was a native of the State of New York, born September 26, 1812, at Balston Spa.

He settled in Waukegan in May, 1846, and by his decided and confident course as a practitioner of the new system he soon made a favorable impression. When the Illinois State Homœopathic Medical Society was formed, he was one of its founders, and early in its history he was elected its president. In 1867, at the New York session, he joined the American Institute of Homœopathy, and would have become a Senior had he lived till this time. He was also a member of other associations and societies for the promotion and defence of homœopathy, especially in his own State.

In all his relations with society he was honest and upright, and expressing his opinions on all proper occasions with readiness and simplicity. The homœopathic fraternity owe much to his early example in the beginning of his experience when firmness and prudence were necessary virtues. Practitioners of the present day can hardly estimate the embarrassments and trials of their early predecessors who stood forth as targets for obloquy and opposition. Though party-spirit has not died out in the profession, our school has attained to a position in numbers and character which make the attitude and behavior of its opponents of less importance than formerly.

All who knew Dr. Barker esteemed him as an honest, conscientious, Christian man, full of love, tenderness and forgiveness. Duty to God and his fellow-man was the motive-force of his conduct.

His death occurred September 10, 1891, in the 79th year of his age. His name and his work will be long remembered and be worthy incentives to his survivors.

A I H 1892

290

Waukegan, Lake County, Ills. May 30/67
When notified of my election
will send the two dollars
W. C. Barker M.D.

RECEIVED JUN 3 1867

Med Vis Sept 1891

Dr. William C. Barker died September 11 at his home in Waukegan, Ill. He came west in 1846 and settled in Little Fort, now Waukegan, Ill., May 30 of that year. He was a courageous pioneer and one of the oldest practitioners of homœopathy in this State, and an honored elder in the Presbyterian church. He was born at Balston Spa, Saratoga Co., N. Y., September 26, 1812. The Doctor was a large-hearted gentleman, and aggressive in all causes for practical and religious benefits. He leaves a widow, four sons, two daughters, and grandchildren.

BARKER, WALTER COX

Born Oct 21 1878 at
Matriculated from Phila Aug 18 1899. Graduated May 14 1903. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 2913 Girard Ave Phila.

BARLOW, ALBERT C

Name in full

Albert C. Barlow,

P. O. Address in full

Toledo Lucas Co. Ohio

Graduate (~~or Licentiate~~) of

Cleveland Hom. College

Session 1874-5

BARLOW, SAMUEL BANCROFT, M. D., of the city of New York, was born April 19th, 1798, in the town of Granville, Hampshire county, Mass. Having received a good common school education, in 1812 he prepared for college at the private academy of Rev. T. M. Cooley. From 1814 to 1817, he taught school, meanwhile studying history and botanic medicine, though previously to this he had familiarized himself with medical subjects in a regular and systematic manner. He had commenced to practice as early as 1814, and had learned to cure neurosis by specific medicines. In June, 1819, he entered the office of Dr. Vincent Holcombe as a regular student, possessing his entire confidence and assisting him almost from the first in practice. After two years he chose Dr. Joseph F. Jewett, of Granby, Conn., as his preceptor, and thence matriculated at the Medical Institute of Yale College, and passed a creditable examination for his degree in March, 1822.

He immediately commenced the practice of his profession, in which he had eminent success, remaining in New England until 1834, in which year he received the honorary degree of M. D. from the Berkshire (Massachusetts) Medical College. His next sphere of duty was in Florida, Goshen county, N. Y., where he remained for seven years. During his residence in this town (in the autumn of 1837), having been converted to the doctrines of Hahnemann, he was the first to practise according to those tenets, and met with great success. Whenever doubtful about any important matter, he elicited information of great value by correspondence with Drs. F. Vanderbergh, A. Gerald Hull, and Curtiss.

In 1841, he removed to New York city, and has resided there ever since. During the cholera epidemic—May to November, 1849—he had more cases than any other private physician of any school. Out of two hundred and fifty cases he lost but five; the rate of mortality being only two per cent. Other homœopaths averaged six and a quarter per cent., while by allopathic treatment the mortality was over fifty-four per cent., as conceded by the published reports of city authorities.

He has been a member of all the various societies and associations of the new school during his residence in New York, and has contributed not only pecuniary means, but also cases, essays and monographs on medical subjects. He was one of the original founders and members of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

In 1850, he imported from South America some of the poison termed "woorara," as prepared and used by the natives to poison the tips of their arrows, so as to enable them, in times of war, by striking their enemies to paralyze their limbs and render them easy of capture. Dr. Barlow has successfully used this article in the cure of paralysis, especially among the aged. He has also devised a mode of treating intermittent fever, or rather of preventing its attack, by removing the proximate cause—the chill—and has succeeded in very many instances. He believes he originated this method, though Dr. Hering claims it as original. He has also devised a plan of treatment in fractures of aged persons, without splints or bandages, and has successfully followed this method for over forty years.

In November, 1863, he was elected Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, and lectured therein for eight years. These lectures are now being translated into the Armenian language by a native of that country, in the city of Constantinople.

Dr. Barlow has written and published much for over sixty years on various subjects. He has been also the recipient of medical honors from several homœopathic colleges, including those of Philadelphia and Cleveland, beside the diploma of the Eclectic College of Cincinnati.

In July, 1868, he was sun-struck, since which time he has suffered from paralysis, induced by an apoplectic or comatose condition of the brain.

years with satisfactory success, but without any noteworthy incidents that have come to the writer's knowledge. In 1834 he received the compliment of an honorary degree from the Berkshire Medical College, and in that or the following year removed to Florida, Orange Co., N. Y., where he soon acquired an extensive practice.

It is not certainly known when the attention of Dr. Barlow was first arrested by the innovations of the homœopathic system. It is not likely that a subject presenting so many lines of divergence from the plane of orthodox medical thought would long escape the scrutiny of a mind so given to bold and curious investigation as his; and it is probable that he had been quietly examining the claims and peculiarities of the new method for some time before he gave any indication of the drift of his study. But it appears that as early as 1837, and within two or three years after his removal to Orange County, he was openly practicing homœopathy. At that early period, however, he was not apparently so familiar with its various applications as to feel warranted in prescribing unassisted in all cases. While perfectly assured of the substantial validity of the fundamental principle, he still lacked that thorough knowledge of the homœophatic materia medica that can alone satisfy the conscientious practitioner, and which is only to be acquired by a long course of study. During this period of transition, it was his habit, in cases of doubt, to take counsel of Drs. Hull, Vanderburg or Curtis. Few men of our school, however, have been more expert in this department of medical science than Dr. Barlow afterwards became.

About 1841 he removed to New York City, where he continued to reside and practice for the rest of his life, enjoying throughout the profound respect and high regard of the profession.

In 1863 he was appointed Professor of Materia Medica in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, a position that he filled acceptably for eight or nine years. During a part of that incumbency he was also President of the Faculty. He was a member of many medical and other scientific societies, and was highly honored as a gentleman of much and varied learning. He was a liberal contributor to the periodical literature of the profession. Socially he was a most agreeable companion, possess-

ing ready conversational ability, with just enough eccentricity of manner to make his society all the more entertaining.

About four years previous to his death Dr. Barlow suffered from a severe and protracted illness, occasioned, as was supposed, by a sunstroke. After his recovery, which was slow and incomplete, he virtually retired from active practice—a repose to which his age and long services fairly entitled him, but his advice and counsel were much sought, especially by the junior members of the profession, whom he always treated with much affability and consideration.

His death, which occurred on Sunday, February 27th, 1876, resulted immediately from an attack of inflammation of the brain. He was seventy-eight years of age. His funeral, which was celebrated in the Rev. Dr. Rogers's Reformed Church, Fifth Avenue, was attended by a great concourse of sorrowing friends, including many of his professional brethren of New York and neighboring cities.

Trans. Am. Inst. 1877.

Dr. Samuel Bancroft Barlow was born at Bancroft, Mass., in 1798. He began to study medicine in 1819, with Dr. V. Holcomb, in Granville. He graduated at Yale College in March, 1822, and practiced in East Granville until 1834, when he removed to Florida, Orange Co., N. Y. In 1837 he became a homœopath, and in 1841 removed to New York city, where he has since resided. He has always taken a prominent part in everything relating to homœopathy. For several years he was Professor of Materia Medica in the New York College. He edited an American edition of Dr. Chepmell's *Domestic Work*. He has recently deceased.

World's Convention. 1876. V. 2.

Dr. Samuel Bancroft Barlow was born at Granville, Mass., April 19, 1798. He began the study of medicine in 1819, with Dr. Vincent Holcomb, at Granville. In 1821 he was the student of Dr. Joseph F. Jewell, of Granby, Conn. He graduated at Yale College in March, 1822, and practised in East Granville till 1834, when he removed to Florida, Orange County, New York. Three years afterward he adopted the homœopathic system, and in 1841 removed to this city, where he has since resided. He has always taken a prominent part in everything pertaining to homœopathy,— the dispensaries, societies, and college. For several years he held the professorship of Materia Medica in the college. He edited an American edition of Dr. Chepmell's "Domestic Work," and has contributed various articles to our periodicals. He is still in practice.

N.E. Med. Gaz. April, 1871.

Hom ~~Times Mar~~ 1876

OBITUARY.

Samuel Bancroft Barlow, M. D., died at his residence, No. 55 East Twenty-first street, on Sunday, February 27, after an illness of a week's duration, culminating in inflammation of the brain, which speedily proved fatal. He was born in April, 1798, in Granville, Mass., where he spent the earlier part of his life. Choosing medicine as his profession, he studied surgery and medicine in Yale College, graduating from the Yale Medical School in 1821. Returning to his native place he practised as a physician and surgeon for several years, when he removed to Florida in Orange County, N. Y., a place which has become noted for being ex-Governor Seward's birth-place. In 1841 he moved to this city, where he remained until his death. He was educated in the old school of medicine, but altered his views and became a homœopathist, being one of the earliest and most successful practicing physicians of that school in this city. He was for a number of years Professor of Materia Medica in the Homœopathic Medical College, retiring from the chair he occupied eight years ago. About four years ago he experienced a severe illness, and in consequence of the break it made in his professional duties he retired from active practice, although his services as consulting physician were in demand up to the time of his death. As a scholar he was well known for his antiquarian tastes and his acquirements in philology.

His mind was of a peculiarly practical character, and his college lectures were not only thoroughly scientific, but full of just that practical instruction which the young physician so much needs, but which is not found in text books. Kind and sympathizing in the sick room, able in council, he was on all occasions and in all places the courteous christian gentleman.

BARNABY, JOHN EASOM, of East Brady, Pa., was born in Shropshire, England, May 20th, 1821. His parents were farmers in good circumstances, and gave him a liberal education, on the completion of which, in 1842, he came to America, and, locating at Brady's Bend, Pa., became identified with the iron works of that place, in which he held a lucrative position. Encountering many reverses, his experience taught him the lesson of self-reliance; and, working earnestly to secure a confortable independence, he met all the changes in his condition with a manly determination to succeed. In the midst of his career, he was attacked severely with ague and fever, for which he was treated by an allopathic physician. The usual remedy—blue mass—proved of no benefit, but left his constitution in a seriously affected state. Dr. S. Simkins (now dead), of Statelia, Armstrong county, then attended him, and soon gave him some relief, but was unable wholly to remove the effects of the calomel. Learning what the remedies were, he was induced to treat the cases of others similarly afflicted, and was successful, gaining fame for his skill and success. But meeting with the opposition of the allopathic physicians, by whom he was persecuted, he determined to commence a regular course of studies. Placing himself under the guidance of Dr. Dake—then of Pittsburgh—he entered the Pennsylvania Homœopathic College in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated, in 1866. At the request of a physician in Allegheny City, he purchased his practice, and soon entered upon an extensive and successful career, to which he gave his utmost abilities, with self-sacrificing devotion. His life was given to the cause. Obliged to suspend his active labors, he rested for some months amid the hills of his first American home. During the following summer he seemed to regain his strength, but as the winter approached, he became confined to his couch, and was then advised to try the effects of a change of climate. He arrived at Key West, on December 27th, and ten days after died.

He was married to Miss Rebecca Wood, of England, now of Clarion county, Pa., who proved a devoted wife, and a scientific and faithful nurse.

The Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital in Pittsburgh records his loss in these words: "We have lost by death an esteemed colleague and co-worker, Dr. J. E. Barnaby, who was a faithful and efficient member of our medical staff. We cheerfully testify to the earnest, patient, and self-sacrificing devotion he ever exhibited for the institution he served so well. We sincerely and deeply feel his loss." He died in the forty-eighth year of his age.

JOHN EASOM BARNABY, M.D.

Was a native of Shropshire, Eng., where he was born May 20, 1821. He came to this country in 1842, located at Brady's Bend, Pa., and engaged in business till his health failed, and getting no relief from the old method of practice, was benefited by Homœopathic treatment. He studied medicine under Dr. J. P. Dake, graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College, of Pennsylvania, in 1866, and began to practice in Allegheny City, Pa. His health failing, he gave up practice, and in the autumn of 1868 started with his wife, for St. Augustine, Fla., but died at Key West on his way there, January 5, 1869. He was elected a member of the Institute in 1866.

Trans. Am. Inst. Hom. 1893.

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At the regular meeting of the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pa., for January, 1869, Dr. I. C. Burgher took occasion to announce the death of Dr. J. E. Barnaby, a member of the board, at Key West, Florida, whither he had gone in pursuit of health; and as a mark of respect to one who had been a faithful, ardent and efficient friend of the institution, offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, Since the last meeting of the Medical Board of the Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburgh, our esteemed colleague and co-worker, J. E. Barnaby, M. D., has departed this life; therefore.

Resolved, That while we would not repine at the inscrutable providence which has removed him from a sphere of usefulness, we cherish his memory and admire his devotion to the profession of his choice; by which he secured the confidence and won the esteem of a large circle of friends and patrons, who mourn with us his loss;

Resolved, That the family and friends of the deceased have our sympathies in their bereavement, and the assurance that we shall ever hold in kind remembrance his moral worth and professional devotion;

Resolved, That these resolutions be signed by the officers of the board, and a copy sent to the widow of the deceased and to the journals of our school.

H. Hofmann, President.

J. H. McClelland, Jr., Secretary.

Am. Hom. Obs. V.6.p200)

J. E. Barnaby, M. D., died at Key West, Florida, on the 5th day of January, 1869,in the forty-eighth year of his age. Dr. Barnaby was born at Salop, England, in the year 1821, and came to this country in 1842. He successfully engaged in various pursuits, until about eight or ten years ago, when his health failed. Allopathic treatment being first resorted to, without benefit, he was induced to try Homœopathy. The success of the treament in his own case, together with some further observations of the superiority of the new method, so impressed his mind that he resolved to study and practice it. His studies were pursued with zeal under the direction of Dr. R. C. McClelland.

He graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, in the year 1866. He located in Allegheny City, where he established an extensive and lucrative practice. He was a corporator of the "Homœopathic Hospital of Pittsburg," and at the time of his death a member of its medical staff. He was a faithful friend of the institution, and discharged the duties of his official position with fidelity and skill. His health gradually failing, he was compelled to relinquish his professional labors early in the summer of 1868. Late in the autumn of the same year he started, accompanied by his wife, for St. Augustine, Florida, but died at Key West, before reaching his destination.

By his sympathizing attentions to the sick, his gentlemanly deportment and devotion to his profession, he secured the confidence and esteem of a large circle of friends, who with us mourn his death.

He was a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society and of the American Institute of Homœopathy.

(Trans.Hom.Med.S_c.Penna.1873.

J. E. Barnaby, M. D., a native of England, emigrated to this country in 1842. He graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, in 1866. He located in Allegheny City, Penna., where he established a large practice. Feeble health compelled him to relinquish his professional labors early in the summer of 1869. In the autumn of the same year, accompanied by his wife, he started for St. Augustine, Florida, where he designed to spend the winter, in the hope of recruiting his health, but died on his journey. By devotion to his profession, and Christian deportment, he won the confidence and esteem of his brother practitioners, and a large circle of personal friends and grateful patients, who mourn his demise. He was a member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of Pennsylvania, and of the Allegheny County Medical Society. He was also a corporator of the Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and a member of its Medical Board. W. C.

Trans.Hom.Med.Soc.Penna. 1870-71.

BARNABY, JOHN EASOM

J. E. Barnaby, M. D., died at Key West, Florida, on the 5th day of January, 1869, in the forty-eighth year of his age. Dr. Barnaby was born at Salop, England, in the year 1821, and came to this country in 1842. He successfully engaged in various pursuits until about eight or ten years ago, when his health failed. Allopathic treatment being first resorted to without benefit, he was induced to try Homœopathy. The success of the treatment in his own case, together with some further observation of the superiority of the new method, so impressed his mind that he resolved to study and practice it. His studies were pursued with zeal under the direction of Dr. R. C. McClelland.

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(Trans.Hom.Med.Soc.Penna.1869.)

Matriculated from Sharpsburg Pa Dec 6 1864. Graduated Mar 1 1866. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. First located at Brady's Bend, Pa.

BARNARD, FRANK STEELE

FRANK S. BARNARD, Los Angeles, California, was born November 29, 1859, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, son of Thomas G. Barnard and Eliza Hayes, his wife, both of whom were of English descent. He received his preparatory education in the public schools of his native city from which he passed to the high schools and thence to the University of Minnesota. He was trained and equipped for the practice of his profession at Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, from which institution he received the degree of M. D., graduating with the class of 1894. He took post-graduate courses of one year each in Vienna and Philadelphia, returned to Minneapolis and in the summer 1896, went to Los Angeles, where he has since remained, making a specialty of surgery. He was lecturer for four years on anatomy in the Good Samaritan Hospital and for two years in the Pacific Hospital, both of Los Angeles. He is secretary and treasurer of the Southern California Homœopathic Medical Society and member of the board of directors of the Homœopathic Hospital of Southern California. He married, in 1886, Frances W. Young, and of the three children born to them two are now living: Elvira and Ralph E. Barnard.

King Vol IV

Born St Anthony's Falls, Minna Nov 29 1859. Mtariculated from Minneapolis, Sept 23 1892. Graduated May 8 1894. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 444 Douglas Block Los Angeles, Calif.

BARNARD, JAMES SHERMAN

JAMES SHERMAN BARNARD, practicing physician of Baltimore, Maryland, is a native of New York, born in 1857. He studied for his profession in Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, from which institution he graduated in 1882. From 1890 until 1901 Dr. Barnard was professor of surgery and surgical gynecology in the Southern Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, and now is surgeon in chief to Barnard Sanatorium. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Maryland State Homœopathic Society, the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society and of the Southern Homœopathic Medical Society.

King Vol IV

Matriculated from Medina N Y Sept 23 1880. Graduated Mar 14 1882. Born at Albion N Y June 25 1857. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located (1916) at Rochester N Y Educated at Albion Academy

James Sherman Barnard, Rothester, N. Y., Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1882; aged 71, died October 20, of chronic myocarditis. 1928.

BARNART, NEWTON H

Matriculated from Merchantville, N J Nov 9 1885.
Graduated Apr 6 1888. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. High School Graduate. Located at Penns Grove, N J

BARNDT, MILTON A

MILTON A. BARNDT, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, was born in Granville, Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, March 6, 1859, the son of William and Catherine (Wambold) Barndt. He received his early education in the district schools of Granville, and also took a full course in the high school at Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin, and afterwards engaged in teaching school for five years. He took a special course preparatory to the study of medicine in the Northern Indiana Normal School at Valparaiso, Indiana. Dr. Barndt studied for his profession under the preceptorship of Dr. George E. Hoyt, Menomonee Falls, then in the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, Illinois, 1890-91, and in the Chicago Homœopathic Medical College, 1891-93. 1893-94, he was located at Menomonee Falls; 1894-1900 in Delavan, Wisconsin; in 1900 he was connected with the Chicago Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat College, the New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital and the New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute. In 1901 Dr. Barndt located in Milwaukee, where he is engaged in the practice of his profession. He holds the position of lecturer on the eye, ear, nose and throat in the nurses' training school of Knowlton Hospital, Milwaukee, oculist and aurist to the Protestant Home for the Aged, and also to the Children's Home Society. He is ex-secretary of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Wisconsin, and is now vice-president of the same. He also holds membership in the Milwaukee Academy of Medicine, the American Institute of Homœopathy, the American Homœopathic Ophthalmological, Otological and Laryngological Society, the masonic order (Knights Templar), and Knights of Pythias. April 23, 1897, Dr. Barndt married Elizabeth G. Folts, and one child, Milton David Barndt, has been born to them.

King Vol.IV

BARNES, ALONZO M

IN MEMORIAM—ALONZO M. BARNES, M. D.

Was born in Philadelphia, March 11, 1837. Died February 25, 1910.

Dr. Barnes was a graduate of the Philadelphia High School. Studied medicine at the Penn Medical College of Pennsylvania, and was graduated in the Class of 1858.

Soon afterward he located in the north central part of Philadelphia, in what was then known as the Village of Rising Sun, and continued in the successful practice of his profession until early in " '61," when the call to arms in the defense of the integrity of the Union thrilled the country, and Dr. Barnes, like Putnam of the Revolution, who left his plough in the furrow, turned over his practice to another physician and enlisted as a private in a regiment raised in Philadelphia, then known as the First California Regiment, commanded by Col. E. D. Baker, Senator from Oregon, a veteran of the Mexican War. This regiment was afterward credited to Pennsylvania and was known as the 71st Pennsylvania. At its first engagement at Balls Bluff, on the Potomac, the regiment was ordered across the river with inadequate means to retreat in case of disaster. At that time Dr. Barnes had been detailed for service which placed him among the non-combatants. He refused to take advantage of his opportunity to remain on the safe side of the river, saying, "it was not like war to do so." He went into action with his regiment, the gallant Baker was killed, many slain and many taken prisoners and sent to the military prisons at Richmond, Virginia, among whom was Dr. Barnes, who was made hospital steward by the rebel authorities. After six months' imprisonment he was paroled. He went before an examining board of military surgeons in New York City, passed an examination and was commissioned as Surgeon of Volunteers and assigned to Jacksonville, Florida, as Port Surgeon, where he remained during the war. He received and treated the Union prisoners of war upon their release from the prison pen at Andersonville, and was honorably discharged at the termination of hostilities with the rank of Major, or Brigade Surgeon.

Dr. Barnes was the faithful executive officer of St. Luke's Hospital for thirteen years. His services to the infant and growing institution were invaluable and the hospital has lost a valuable officer. For six years a sufferer without hope of recovery, he evinced a spirit of manly resignation and fortitude rarely seen.

A man of striking personality, of sterling integrity, native force of character, uncompromising in the advocacy of what he considered right, and withal of a kindly, generous disposition, which endeared him to us all, in his death St. Luke's Hospital

has lost a sincere and devoted friend who by his efforts has added lustre to her laurels.

His large and varied general practice had given him unusual opportunities for a grasp of the entire field of medical knowledge and he possessed powers of intuition which, added to his great experience, made him one of the wisest medical advisers at the bedside known to his contemporary members in the profession. He was a shrewd diagnostician and a practical prescriber. His success stands in evidence.

Dr. Barnes held a place in the hearts of all who knew him. His work is done. It is but the vase that is shattered, the good he has done shall not be interred with his body, the perfume of his memory will linger clingingly always.

A soldier, intrepid in action,
A physician, sagacious in council.
Beloved by patients and friends.
Absent—Present.

May the Great Physician deal kindly with him.

W. H. Keim, M. D.

In the death of Dr. Barnes the State Society loses not only one of the senior members but also one of our staunchest homœopaths, for after his graduation in the old school he recognized the validity of homœopathic practice and was ever constant in its study and practice.

Dr. Barnes was for a number of years leading officer in St. Luke's Hospital, of Philadelphia, and was a member of all our societies including County, State and American Institute.

Hahn Monthly July 1911

BARNES, GEORGE L.

Dr. George L. Barnes commenced the study of medicine in 1857 with Dr. Parsons, and attended two courses of lectures at Harvard Medical School, also lectures on mechanics and chemistry at Brown University. After leaving Dr. Parsons he entered the office of Drs. Barrows and Hoppin and remained with them until 1862. He graduated at the Homœopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania in 1862. He practiced for some time in Smithfield, R. I., New York city, and Hudson, N. Y., until 1870, when he settled in Providence. He is an earnest student and in good practice.

Matriculated from Providence R I Oct 10 1860.
Graduated Mar 3 1862. Not member of Alumni Assoc.
Locatedaat Providence, R I

BARNES, GEORGE W

Cleveland Med Reporter Mar 1901

GEO. W. BARNES, M. D.

Dr. George William Barnes was born in Frederick County, Virginia, December 9th, 1825. In 1851 he graduated from the Cleveland Homeopathic College and went into successful practice at Mount Vernon, Ohio. After fourteen years practice, he was elected to a professorship in his Alma Mater and continued there in college work and practice until ill health in 1869 compelled him to resign. A short time before the departure of Prof. G. W. Barnes for California, he was inveigled into the lecture room of the College, and was presented in behalf of the Faculty, by Prof. Wilson, with a solid silver drinking cup and napkin ring, and a plain gold ring. A number of the Faculty were present, and all made fitting and harmonious speeches. Prof. Sanders followed by presenting sundry personal gifts. The whole affair passed off pleasantly.

After a careful study of the climatic advantages of Florida and California, he made San Diego his permanent home. Several years later he received a spinal injury, which interfered to some extent with physical effort, but notwithstanding, he continued to do professional and other work.

Dr. Barnes' professional standing was high. He became a member of the American Institute of Homeopathy in 1853, and was elected a senior in that body in 1878. He aided in the establishment of the first medical dispensary in Cleveland and also the Homeopathic Hospital and was one of the consulting physicians of the latter. He was physician to the Cleveland Protestant Orphan Asylum. Was secretary of the Cuyahoga County Homeopathic Medical Society and treasurer of the Western Institute of Homeopathy. He was a contributor to the *Ohio Medical and Surgical Reporter* for several years.

Ever since his resignation from active professorship in the Cleveland College, he has held the honorary title of Emeritus Professor of Materia Medica in that institution.

He was a member of the California State Homeopathic Medical Society and was a corresponding member of the St. Louis Academy of Science and of the Wisconsin State Historical Society. He was an honorary member of the Los Angeles Homeopathic Medical Society. He was largely instrumental in organizing the San Diego Society of Natural History, and he labored zealously to promote its prosperity, for many years filling the office of president.

Dr. Barnes was one of the foremost citizens of San Diego and accomplished much in spite of extremely delicate health and long continued physical helplessness. Those who were at all intimate with him realized to what extent his unyielding determination to overcome obstacles characterized his every action and how profoundly it colored and gave tone to his daily life.

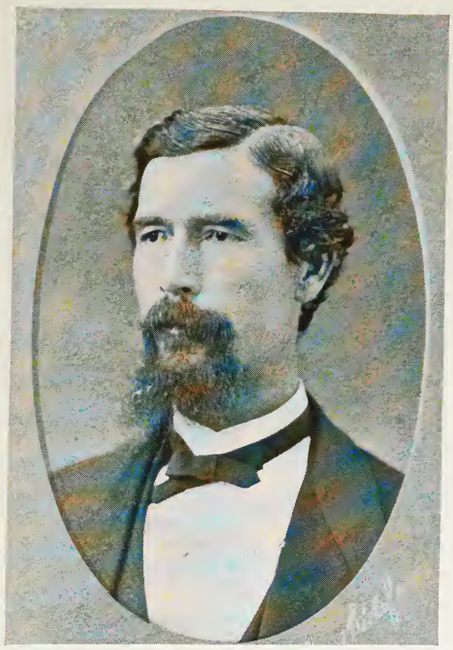
His love for his profession was the ruling passion of his life. He loved the daily work of a physician to a degree which made it absolutely painful for him to see a medical man abandon

his calling for other more lucrative pursuits, and when almost unable to make the slightest physical exertion to help himself, he found keen pleasure in prescribing for others. Of the purity of his religious faith, of the firmness of his friendship, of the tender interest he had in the daily life of all about him, of his love of all that is good, pure and elevating, those only can form a true estimate who knew him well.

His faults, as mankind goes, were not many and they were so completely overshadowed by the noble attributes which belonged to him that many a heart aches as it realizes that the friend of many years has gone.

I knew him as a medical student, as a practitioner, as a professor. As a student he was intelligent and industrious; as a practitioner, honest, truthful and successful; as a teacher, he took no second rank. When he was obliged to say farewell to Cleveland and the old College he left with a sad heart, and we all wished him restoration to health and many years of life in his new location. He passed to the Great Beyond at the age of sixty-five years, beloved by all those who knew him, for he was a good physician and a true man. The poor in San Diego will long remember the name of Dr. Geo. W. Barnes. He was their true friend while living, and at his death left a legacy to them which will continue for many years. The property that he had accumulated by years of economy and toil was left to trustees in San Diego to establish a homeopathic dispensary for the poor. His monument will endure longer than one of marble or granite and the poor yet unborn will bless the name of one who left means to aid them in time of suffering and disease.

George N. Barnes, M.D.



Rev. D. Barnes M.D.

Dr. George W. Barnes was cremated at the Los Angeles crematory. The doctor was a firm advocate of cremation as a means of disposal of the dead.

Presentations.—A short time before the departure of Prof. G. W. Barnes for California, he was inveigled into the lecture room of the College, and was presented in behalf of the Faculty, by Prof. Wilson, with a solid silver drinking cup and napkin ring, and a plain gold ring. A number of the Faculty were present, and all made fitting and harmonious speeches. Prof. Sanders followed by presenting sundry personal gifts. The whole affair passed off pleasantly.

Prof. J. D. Buck, having finished his course of lectures some weeks ago, returned to make the class a short visit. He was invited into the lecture room, where the students had extemporized a meeting, and was led on to the platform, whereupon Mr. C. W. Hoyt, in behalf of the class, presented him with a beautiful and costly microscope. Looking at the professor through the instrument, he at first appeared very small, but he soon recovered his wonted form and bulk, and expressed his surprise and thanks. He was followed by Dr A. B. Spinney, in an eloquent speech which was received with applause. Speeches were also made by Profs. Taylor and Wilson, and Dr. Spence. A few days ago, the students presented their letter carrier with a fine set of furs. The generosity of the students is boundless.

O. Med Surg Ref V 4 p 30

Obituary.—D. [illegible]rge W. Barnes, of San Diego, died Thursday, Feb. 13, 1890. Graduating in 1851 from the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, he was soon called to the chair of Materia Medica in his alma mata. In 1869 ill health compelled him to resign and he removed to San Diego, where he has since lived. He was a member of the National and several State Medical Societies, an organizer of dispensary work both East and West, and a frequent and highly esteemed contributor to periodical medical literature. In addition to his work in medicine, he was much interested in scientific research. He aided in the organization of the San Diego Natural Society and for his labors received the compliment of election as corresponding member to the St. Louis Academy of Science, and of the Wisconsin State Historical Society. As a citizen he took an active interest in all the questions of the day, particularly in those pertaining to educational and sanitary affairs, making his influence felt by personal example, word of mouth and by pen. N Am Jl Hom Mch 1890

GEORGE WILLIAM BARNES, M.D.,

San Diego, Cal.

This eminent physician and citizen of San Diego, died at his home in that place on the 13th of February, 1890. A native of Virginia in 1825, he received a competent classical education, and in 1851 obtained his degree of M.D. from the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College. He commenced to practice in Mount Vernon, Ohio.

The impression he made upon the community by his agreeable manners and success was most favorable, and he built up a prosperous business in a comparatively short time. His satisfactory progress was, after a few years, partly interrupted by his acceptance of a call to Cleveland to undertake the important professorship of materia medica in the college from which, only a few years before, he had graduated. He filled the laborious position with ability and success, pursuing, at the same time, the duties of a growing practice, until 1869, when the failure of his health obliged him to resign.

Allured by the climatic advantages of California, he removed to that State, and finally settled in San Diego, as a permanent home. His favorable judgment of the climate seems to have been confirmed by his experience, for he was gradually so much improved, that he was able to resume professional labor to a considerable extent, as well as to engage in various scientific pursuits and in literary work. He possessed a strong and determined will which helped him to overcome the infirmities induced by his delicate health and to accomplish much that would have been impossible to a man of less persistent courage.

He was elected a member of this Institute in 1853, at Cleveland, and became a senior in 1878. He was associated also with various State and local Homœopathic societies, besides other organizations, for the cultivation of scientific investigation.

He took an interest in all the stirring questions of the day, especially in educational and sanitary affairs, and was a frequent contributor to the periodical literature of the time. He was very fond of his profession. He loved the work of a physician, so much so, that when scarcely able to help himself, he was a cheerful and ready adviser and prescriber for others, and was grieved upon hearing of a medical man abandoning his vocation for a more lucrative one.

He was an enthusiast in his admiration of San Diego—its climate, its scenery, its productiveness and its sanitary advantages, and it is largely to his efforts, by voice and pen, that the characteristics of that region were so widely disseminated. His confidence in its future growth and prosperity was great. He was a resident of San Diego for twenty years. His tall figure and friendly features were familiar to all the old settlers. He died at the age of 65, deeply regretted for the kindness and benevolence of his character, the earnestness and purity of his religious faith, and for his love of all that is good and true and elevating.

A I H 1892

MAY 2 1870

San Francisco, Cal. April 23. 1870.

Dear Doctor:

In my journeyings in California I have picked up a few items which may be of interest to you. I have obtained the names and location of all the homoeopathic physicians in the state, and have seen nearly all of them. I find it a delicate matter to ask them in reference to their graduation and fear that my motives in doing so were likely to be misunderstood. Several have not graduated. I give you what information I have obtained. Shall be glad to aid you further in your work when I have opportunity.

I am very truly yours

G. W. Barnes

Name, G. W. Barnes

Address, Mount Vernon

Ohio

BARNES, WILLIAM ALLEN

Born Washington Co. Md
Matriculated from Hagerstown, Md, Sept 28 1892. Graduated May 2 1895. Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated Hagerstown High School. Located at Kittanning, Pa. and Martinsburg, West Va.

BARNES, WILLIAM ALLEN

WILLIAM ALLEN BARNES, Martinsburg, West Virginia, born in Washington county, Md.; graduated M. D. from Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, 1895.

BARNES, WILLIAM H.

BARNES—On August 1, 1894, WILLIAM H. BARNES, M. D.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at his late residence, 2123 Venango street, Tioga, on Saturday afternoon, the 4th inst., at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

The Members of the Homœopathic Medical Society, of Germantown, are requested to note the above, and are especially invited to attend the funeral services, at 2123 Venango Street, Tioga, date given above.

By Order of President,

Jas. H. Closson, Sec'y.

8: 2: '94.

Matriculated from La Fox, Ills., Sept 28 1878. Graduated ### Mar 10 1881. Member Alumni Assoc. Located in Phila. Held Dr O. B. Gause scholarship.

BARNET, SARAH AMELIA

SARAH AMELIA BARNET, M.D.,

Of New York, was elected a member of the Institute in 1881, at the session held at Brighton Beach. She was the daughter of David and Mary G. Barnet, and was born in Newark, N. J., July 28, 1814. She attended private schools in her native city, and when nearly fifty years of age began the study of medicine with Dr. Clemence C. Lozier, about the year 1863, attended lectures at the New York Medical College for Women, and graduated therefrom at its second Commencement, 1865. She was a member of several medical societies, but took no active part in their proceedings, her practice engrossing her whole attention. She died in New York, December 26, 1897.

A I H 1898

DR. S. AMELIA BARNETT.

Dr. S. Amelia Barnett, one of the pioneer women physicians of this city, died at her home, No. 261 West Twenty-third-st., yesterday. She was in her eighty-fourth year, and had been ill for about three weeks, old age being the cause of death.

Dr. Barnett, who was unmarried, was a native of Newark. She was possessed of considerable property, and took her degree as doctor of medicine because of her interest in the subject and her wish to be of greater use to the poor and afflicted, instead of any desire to obtain profit from the practice of medicine. She was graduated in this city about forty years ago, and practised until four years ago, when a serious illness compelled her to give up her work. She was for many years associated with Dr. Lozier, dean of the Women's Medical College of New-York.

Dr. Barnett devoted her life and her means to the poor, and many a family in this city and in Newark will deplore her death. She never asked a fee from a poor person, and regarded her knowledge and skill only as a means to alleviate distress. She had boarded at No. 261 West Twenty-third-st. for over fifteen years, and was endeared to every one in the house through her kindly nature. A short funeral service will be held at her home on Wednesday, and the body will then be taken to Newark, where Miss Barnett's only brother lives.

Tribune

DEC 27 1897

T. J. Preston & Company,
Manufacturers of Linseed Oil.

Newark, N.J. Apr 27-98

APR 28 1898

Henry M Smith M D
288 St Nicholas Ave
New York

Dear Sir

Your favor of 21st to Mr James G. Barnet (my father) is at hand, which Dr S. Amelia Barnet daughter of David and Mary G. Barnet was born in Newark July 28th 1814 and as you probably are aware, died in New York Dec 26-1897

She was educated in the private schools of Newark, and in early life in Newark spent her entire time in caring for the sick and poor,

she studied medicine in New York graduated about 1860, I cannot give exact date or name the college, The Christian Missionary Alliance of New York, in their issue of

T. J. Preston & Company,
Manufacturers of Linseed Oil.

Newark, N.J.

Wednesday January 26 - 1898 -
published an obituary notice, as well as a copy of her picture,
I enclose notice taken from New York Tribune of Dec 27 - 1897, which is a fair statement, as this is my only copy kindly return it when you are through with it,
Regretting that I cannot name school or college I am

Yours truly
Wm H Barnes

BARNUM, FREDERIC LEE

FREDERIC LEE BARNUM, Brooklyn, New York, was born in 1862 in Great Barrington, Massachusetts, son of the Rev. F. S. Barnum and Mary Lee, his wife. His literary education was acquired in the public schools, Williston Seminary at Easthampton, Massachusetts, Williams College at Williamstown, Massachusetts; and after leaving the latter institution he matriculated at the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, where he came to his degree in medicine in 1885. He practiced, successively, in New Haven, Connecticut, Carlisle, Pennsylvania (U. S. Indian School), and Buffalo, New York, before locating in Brooklyn. Dr. Barnum has served in connection with the Ward's Island Hospital, and also the Cumberland Street Hospital in Brooklyn. In 1899 he married May Fenton, by whom he has one child, Lee Fenton Barnum.

King Vol IV

BARNUM, HAROLD LEE

Born Sept 23 1874 at
Matriculated from Wellsboro Pa Oct 1 1898. Graduated
May 15 1902. Member Alumni Assoc. Located 210 West 3d St
Sedalia, Mo. Died at Sedalia, Aug 30 1910 aet 35.

BARNUM, KENNETH RAYMOND

Born May 19 1894 at
Matriculated from Wellsboro Pa July 1 1904, Graduated May 26 1908. Member of Alumni Assoc.

BARNUM, O SHEPARD

O. SHEPARD BARNUM, Los Angeles, California, was born in Pine Plains, New York, March 12, 1867, the son of Rev. F. S. and Esther (Lee) Barnum. His literary education was acquired in the Hartford (Connecticut) high school and in Princeton University, graduating from the latter in 1890. He studied for his profession in the Albany Medical College and in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, from the latter of which he graduated in 1893 with the degree of M. D. Dr. Barnum is president of the American Electro-Medical Society, and of the Southern California Electro-Medical Society. He holds membership in the California State Homœopathic Medical Society, the American Roentgen Ray Society, the American Institute of Homœopathy, and the Southern California Academy of Sciences. He is now in practice in Los Angeles, and makes a specialty of electro-therapeutic and x-ray work. He is the inventor and designer of several forms of apparatus used extensively in electrical and x-ray work. In 1896 he married Mary Hawes Gilmore of Pasadena, California.

King Vol IV

BARR, BENJAMIN

DEATHS OF A DAY

Ledger May 6 1913

DR. BENJAMIN BARR

Civil War Surgeon and Later Philadelphia Practitioner.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE PUBLIC LEDGER.]

BURLINGTON, N. J., May 5.—Injuries suffered in a fall, contributed to the death yesterday of Dr. Benjamin Barr, 85 years old, a famous Civil War surgeon, and later a Philadelphia practitioner. Doctor Barr, for several years, had made his home at Floramund, the river-front mansion of his son-in-law, Col. Thomas H. Birch, and during the absence of the rest of the family at the inaugural of President Wilson, the aged man suffered a fall, the results of which hastened his death.

Doctor Barr was a native of Lampetre Square, Lancaster County, Pa., and after being graduated from Hahnemann Medical College, took up his practice in Philadelphia. He married Miss Catherine Virginia Carson, member of an old Philadelphia family. Answering the call of President Lincoln for volunteers, Doctor Barr became a surgeon under McClellan, saw service in the majority of the greatest campaigns of the war, and was surgeon-in-chief of an army corps when Lee surrendered. At the close of the war he resumed his Philadelphia practice, retiring a score of years ago.

Surviving children of Doctor Barr are Mrs. Thomas H. Birch, of Burlington, and Mrs. Eugene Sorey, 2131 Spruce street, Philadelphia, who were at his bedside when he died. A strange coincidence of the old surgeon's death is that he died at the same hour and day of the week as his wife, who passed away October 20, 1901.

The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon from the residence of his daughter in Philadelphia, after the body has been viewed by friends here. Interment will be made at West Laurel Hill Cemetery.

BARR FUNERAL TOMORROW

Famous Civil War Surgeon to Be Buried from Daughter's Home.

The funeral of Dr. Benjamin Barr, a famous Civil War surgeon and later a Philadelphia practitioner, will be held tomorrow afternoon from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Eugene S. Dorey, 2131 Spruce street. Dr. Barr, who was 85 years old, died as the result of injuries suffered in the home of his son-in-law, Colonel Thomas H. Birch, Burlington, N. J., on March 4. Interment will be in West Laurel Hill Cemetery.

For several years Dr. Barr made his home at Floramund, the river-front mansion of Colonel Birch. The accident which resulted in his death occurred while the family were in Washington attending the inauguration of President Wilson. Dr. Barr's daughters, Mrs. Dorey and Mrs. Birch, were at the bedside when death came. A strange coincidence is that the surgeon died at a corresponding hour and day of the week as his wife, who passed away October 20, 1901.

Dr. Barr was a native of Lampetre Square, Lancaster county, Pa., and after being graduated from Hahnemann Medical College took up his practice in Philadelphia. He married Miss Catherine Virginia Carson, member of an old Philadelphia family.

Answering the call of President Lincoln for volunteers, Dr. Barr became a surgeon under McClellan, saw service in the majority of the greatest campaigns of the war, and was surgeon-in-chief of an army corps when Lee surrendered. At the close of the war he resumed his Philadelphia practice, retiring a score of years ago.

Matriculated from Phila Oct 10 1853. Graduated Mar 1 1855. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

BARR.—At the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas H. Birch, Burlington, N. J., on May 4, 1913, Dr. BENJAMIN BARR, aged 85 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Eugene S. Dorey, 2131 Spruce st., Philadelphia, on Wednesday, May 7, at 11 a. m. Interment private, West Laurel Hill Cemetery.

BENJAMIN BARR, aged 85. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, residence of daughter, Mrs. Eugene S. Dorey, 2131 Spruce st., Philadelphia, Wed., May 7, 11 A. M. Interment private, West Laurel Hill. 1913

BARR, DAVID G

Name in full

David G. Barr

P. O. Address in full

Sudlowville Tompkins Co N.Y.

Graduate (or ~~Licentiate~~) ~~of~~

Collegium Medicinae "
Homeopathicum Clevelandiae.

BARR, D. T., M. D., of Ludlowville, Tompkins county, N. Y., was born at Sharon-Springs, August 5th, 1812.

At sixteen, he went to Auburn and joined his brother in the clothing business, attending at the same time the Auburn Academy.

Choosing medicine as his profession, he placed himself under the tuition of Dr. Horatio Robinson, of Auburn. Subsequently he attended lectures at the Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, and graduated there in 1852. He then returned to Auburn, where he practised medicine for about a year. Subsequently he removed to Ludlowville, his present abode, where he has been very successful, securing entire confidence.

BARR, FRANK H., M.D., of 156 Kinsman street, Cleveland, Ohio, was born at Auburn, New York, 1849. He received his education from a private tutor, Professor Bascom, now the renowned principal of Wisconsin University, and at the Academy of Ithica, New York state, under Prof. S. G. Williams, now professor of geology in Cornell University at Ithica.

His medical education was attained under his father, Dr. D. T. Barr, of New York, who for nearly fifty years has been actively engaged in practice.

Completing his medical studies at Ann Arbor, Michigan, and Cleveland, Ohio, he associated himself with the firm of D. H. Beckwith and B. B. Brown, then the leading physicians of Cleveland, Ohio.

In 1874 he was appointed physician of the Protestant Orphan Asylum, of Cleveland, with one exception the largest asylum in the state.

In 1875 he was elected to the city council and served for two years.

In 1877 he was urged to run for the state legislature, but withdrew his name when presented to the convention, as political life interfered with his rapidly growing practice.

He is at present located at Cleveland, Ohio, corner of Kinsman street and Wilson avenue, where he has been engaged in a most active practice for the past twenty years. He is professor of sanitary science and censor of the Cleveland Medical College.

BARRETT, CHARLES B.

CHAS. B. BARRETT, M.D., of Iona, Michigan, a member of our State Society and also of the American Institute of Homœopathy, is reported among our deceased brethren, but we have been unable to obtain any particulars as to time or cause of his demise.

Trans Hom.Med.Soc.Penna.1873.

Barrett. — The "Ionia (Michigan) Sentinel" says: "Charles B. Barrett, M. D., homœopathic physician and surgeon, late of Philadelphia, has permanently located in Ionia, and opened an office in Union Block. Dr. B. comes highly recommended as an accomplished and experienced member of the medical fraternity, and will doubtless find ample scope for his professional skill." We can recommend Dr. B. to our friends in Ionia in confidence. They will find him attentive and successful.

Am.Hom.Obs.V.7.p 205'

Matriculated from Phila Oct 18 1865, Graduated Mar 2 1867. Not member of Alumni Assoc.

CHARLES B. BARRETT, JR., M.D.

Graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College, of Philadelphia, in 1867, and opened an office at Ionia, Mich., in March, 1870. In January of the following year he was thrown from his sleigh, receiving injuries which ended fatally. He died in Detroit, at the residence of his father-in-law, Dr. Edwin A. Lodge, June 5, 1871, aged 25 years. He had become a member of the Institute in 1870.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1893.

Barrett.—Charles B. Barrett jr. M. D., died at the residence of his father-in-law, Dr. Edwin A. Lodge, at Detroit June 5, 1871, aged 25 years.

Dr. Barrett had been practicing at Ionia Michigan since March 1870. In January last he was thrown from his sleigh, about 12 feet, not receiving any severe external injuries but a short time afterwards had hemorrhage of the lungs; from this time he commenced to decline, complications of the heart and glands of bowels supervening. We visited him at Ionia on the 4th of May, finding his ailments much more serious than we anticipated. He supposed that if he was under our care at Detroit we could succeed in restoring him in a few weeks. We were much grieved to be obliged to dissipate such hope.

He came home and received the kind attention of many friends. When he became conscious that he could live but a short time he longed for release from the tabernacle of clay. He earnestly desired to go home—to be with Jesus. On Lord's day afternoon June 4, he partook of the Communion singing:

"Beyond the smiling and the weeping
I shall be soon.
Beyond the waking and the sleeping,
Beyond the sowing and the reaping,
I shall be soon.
Love, rest and home!
Sweet Home.
Lord, tarry not, but come, etc., etc.

The Lord tarried not. Ere the dawn of another day he took his spirit to be *with him*. "*Where I am there shall my servant be.*" E. A. L.

Am.Hom.Obs.V.8.p 357. July 1871

BARRETT, STANLEY

Born at McIntyre, Pa Dec 5 1878. Matriculated from Clearfield Pa Sept 12 1905. Graduated June 2 1909. Member of Alumni Assoc Educated at High School. Lock Haven Manual School and by tutor. Located at Straight, Pa. and Wilcox, Elks Co Pa.

BARRETT, WESLEY JOHNSON

Born May 20 1874 at
Matriculated from Camden N J July 13 1898. Graduated May 15 1901. Member Alumni Assoc. Located 442 Broadway Camden, N. J. Advanced standing because of Ph. G. from Phila College of Pharmacy.

BARRICK, ROY GILMORE

Born at Battle Creek, Ia Feb 28 1889
Matriculated from ~~Battle Creek, Ia Feb~~ Sioux City Ia Sept 1910
Graduated June 6 1911. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at
Hudson, So Dak.
Educated at Morningside College, Sioux City. Iowa State University. Married Donna Roberts, June 16 1909. Phi Alpha Gamma Fraternity. First Prize Dept Int Medicine.

BARRIS, WILLIS L

BORN at New Brighton, Pa, Sept 29 1868. Matriculated from New Brighton Sept 26 1891. Graduated May 8 1894. Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated at Adrian College Michigan. Located at 3020 Diamond St. Phila.

BARRON, CHARLES ALBERT

Born Dec 12 1874 at
Matriculated from Ashland, Pa, Sept 30 1895. Graduated May 10 1899. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at Birmingham Ala.

BARROWS, GEORGE, of Taunton, Mass., was born the 12th of May, 1815, in the town of Attleborough, Mass. His father, Ezrah Barrows, was a farmer of good standing and unquestionable integrity. His mother was the daughter of Benjamin Peck, of Fulton, Mass.

At the age of two years George had the misfortune to lose his father. Two years after this event his mother married Captain Jacob Ide, of revolutionary fame, and George accompanied his mother to her new home, where he remained, attending school as opportunity offered, and working on the farm until after the death of his mother. At the age of seventeen a severe cold and threatened decline induced him to abandon the farm for a situation in a grocery store, where he remained a year, and then for two years attended an academy in Pawtucket, Mass.

After this he spent five months at the Manual Labor School at Oberlin, O., where, in addition to other studies, he gave particular attention to the Hebrew language, translating five books of the Old Testament.

Realizing the importance of a due development of muscle, as well as mind, George, assisted by his room-mate, cut down and prepared for the saw-mill most of the large timber of which two of the first large college buildings were constructed.

In 1836, young Barrows entered Amherst College, graduated in 1840, and received the degree of A. M. in 1843. Close application to study, during the first two years of college life, brought on dyspepsia, which was cured by farming, hunting and travelling three years in Illinois, when he returned again to Massachusetts, and studied medicine three years with Drs. Manchester and Barrows. During this time he attended one course of lectures and dissections at Woodstock, Vt.; also two courses at Pittsfield, Mass.; receiving in 1847 a diploma from the Pittsfield Medical College.

During the reading term there he introduced the subject of homœopathy by writing and reading before the class a thesis on the question, "What is Homœopathy?" He was ever afterward considered the champion and defender of the cause at the college. The editor (C. Montague) of the *Pittsfield Eagle*, Governor Briggs, and others, became converts to the practice, as well as several of Dr. Barrows' fellow students. One of these —Dr. Samuel W. Graves—became, in 1847, the partner of Dr. Barrows in Taunton, where the latter had first opened an office for the practice of medicine in March, 1846.

After practising medicine six years, Dr. Barrows attended a course of lectures at the Homœopathic Medical College in Philadelphia, and received a diploma from that institution. During this absence the charge of his practice was confided to Charles W. Harris, M. D., of Wareham, who remained three years a successful practitioner in Taunton. Since that time Dr. Barrows has introduced to successful practice in the same place three good homœopathic physicians, where, twenty-seven years ago, he stood alone as pioneer. He married, in 1848, Miss Jane E. Wells, of Berkshire county, Mass. They have one son.

The kindness and sympathy of Dr. Barrows in his arduous profession, and his high moral standard in *every* respect, endear him to the community which has for so long a period of time experienced his care and skill.

GEORGE BARROWS, A.M., M.D.

George Barrows, A.M., M.D., was born in Attleborough, Mass.,

of fluid, and the remainder was absorbed. In that for more than a year every trace of the Hydrocele has been gone.

The operation is painless, being followed by a sense of warmth in the scrotum, and sometimes by an uneasy, burning sensation for a few moments, but by no action sufficient to cause the patient any inconvenience; and the effusion is gradually but steadily absorbed. Its *simplicity* certainly *commends* it.

It is perhaps well to note the fact that in the very much distended sac there was no improvement until the tumor was somewhat relieved. The aspiration can be performed with a Hypodermic syringe, the *needle* being left inserted while the *barrel* is removed and emptied as many times as may be necessary. F. L. RADCLIFFE.

OBITUARY.

DR. GEORGE BARROWS died at his residence in Taunton, Mass., on Saturday, , in his 63d year. Abont two weeks prior to his death he received an admonition from a paralytic attack of his left side. This, however, he did not consider would prove serious. On the eighth day the disease developed alarming symptoms in congestion of the brain. The best medical advice was in consultation and attendance; but he rapidly failed, until the following Saturday, when he passed away.

George Barrows was born in Attleboro,' May 12, 1815, son of Ezra and Beebe (Peck) Barrows. His father, who was a worthy farmer, died when he was a child; his mother subsequently married Capt. Jacob Ide, and George resided at his mother's new home, until he was sixteen years of age, when he went into a store, and subsequently attended the academy in Pawtucket. Being anxious to obtain an education, and out of health, he went to Oberlin, Ohio, and entered the manual labor school; there, after a few months study and labor combined, he developed a physical organization which carried him in after life through the constant strain and wear arising from the indispensable demands of his arduous profession. As an incident, with a few of his muscular fellow-students, he volunteered to cut a large portion of the timber used in erecting two of the present college buildings. George left the Oberlin Institution, and at the

age of twenty-one, entered Amherst College, where he graduated in 1840, receiving his degree in 1843.

He then entered the office of Drs. Manchester and Barrows of Pawtucket, spending three years in the study of medicine; he afterwards attended the lectures at the Pittsfield Medical College, under Dr. Childs (Lieut.-Governor), and received his diploma. He having become interested in the cause of Homœopathy, he made the science developed by Hahnemann a study, and adopted it for a life profession.

In 1846 Dr. Barrows opened his office in Taunton, the only pysician of that school. After a few years' practice he attended the Philadelphia Homœopathic Medical College, receiving his diploma there. During his practice in Taunton he has been associated with many physicians, including Drs. Graves, Jones, Hayward, Harris, Cushing, and others, two of whom he leaves as long coöperating friends in the same field of medical practice. A large number of students have also received his instruction and kind aid in their commencement or practice, and his memory and that of his amiabl family will remain a pleasant oasis in their lives. In 1848 Dr. Barrows married Miss Jane E. Wells, of Otis, whom he leaves with a only son, who have the sympathy and condolence of the communit in their great bereavement.

If in the course of events there came any friction from competi tion, or the diverse opinions of medical brethren of the many schools he preferred the quiet, unobtrusive course, leaving controversy t others. While he was no controversialist, he has written much i defence of what he considered right, from which he could not b moved. The society of which he has been for more than twent years a valued and worthy member, and the community in which h has long resided, mourn the loss of a kind friend, neighbor, phys cian, and estimable fellow-citizen, who has suddenly departed in th prime of life and in the midst of usefulness.

Caroline A. Hurd, M.D., of Taunton, who had selected the city Taunton as the place for a permanent medical practice, died Jan. 2 She was a woman of excellent attainments, a diligent student thoroughly qualified practitioner, and one whose gentle and kind thoughtfulness for others inexpressibly endeared her to all who kne her. Her profession was a great delight to her, for the good she w enabled to do, and every duty was discharged with conscientio

Medical Gazette. [Mar.

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GEORGE BARROWS, A.M., M.D.

George Barrows, A.M., M.D., was born in Attleborough, Mass., May 12th, 1815. He graduated from Amherst College, 1840. Studied medicine with his brother, Dr. Ira Barrows, then of Norton, Mass., three years. During his medical curriculum he attended one course of lectures at Woodstock, Vt., and two courses at Pittsfield, Mass. He received his medical diploma at Pittsfield in 1847, and immediately located and commenced the practice of medicine in the now city of Taunton, Mass. He was married in 1848. In 185~~5~~ he attended a course of lectures 2
at the Homœopathic Medical College, Philadelphia, and received a diploma from that institution. He was, from the first, an ardent practitioner and defender of medicine in accordance with the law *similia similibus curantur*. He was one of the early members of the Rhode Island Homœopathic Society, where his frequent attendance at the quarterly meetings and his cheering contributions in verbal and written reports of cases from practice were ever welcome. He was also a member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society, and was elected to the Presidential Chair of that Society one term. In 1848 he joined the American Institute of Homœopathy.

From 1847 to 1878, thirty-one years, he was a successful practitioner and an ardent defender of homœopathic medicine. During these thirty-one years he received into partnership successively, and introduced into his ever-increasing field of labor, Doctors S. W. Graves, E. U. Jones, and J. W. Hayward, the two last of whom still occupy portions of the field. Dr. Daniel A. Babcock, a young gentleman of good promise, succeeds to his immediate practice. Stricken with a slight shock of paralysis, followed by brain fever, in the midst of usefulness and surrounded by a host of devoted friends, Dr. George Barrows departed this life on the 18th of January, 1878, in the 64th year of his age. He leaves a wife and son to mourn the loss of a dear and honored husband and father.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1878.

BARROWS, GEORGE

Dr George Barrows of Taunton, died on Saturday the 19th of Jan. 1878, in his 63d year. Two weeks previous to his death, he was admonished by a slight paralytic stroke upon the left side of the body that he was

human. In this state he remained about one week, at which time his symptoms assumed a more alarming aspects and notwithstanding that he was cared for by the very best medical advice, in two weeks from the time of his paralytic attack, he died of a disease of the brain.

Dr. Barrows graduated at Amherst, in 1840, receiving his medical diploma at the Berkshire Medical Institute in 1843. Soon after his graduation he became interested in Homœopathy. In 1846, he opened an office in Taunton, and was the *pioneer* of our school in that city. After a few years practice he took a course of lectures in the Philadelphia Homœopathic Medical College, receiving a second diploma. For the long term of over thirty years of practice of medicine the verdict of all who knew him was that another great and good man had passed from earth to heaven. Like our lamented friend and brother Swazey, he became a member of our State Society in the year 1856, since which period he was a valued and worthy member. In this affliction, while we lose the aid and counsel of a man of large experience and wisdom; the community in which he earned an unblemished reputation, have occasion to mourn the loss of a kind friend, neighbor, physician and citizen, and can truly say, that in his sphere of usefulness, he has departed from this life too soon.

(Trans.Mass.Hom.Med.Soc. 1878-79.)

Matriculated from Taunton Jan 24 1852. Graduated Mar 1 1852. Not a member of Alumni Assoc.

BARROWS, GEORGE ANDREW (Ph. B: L.L.B)

Matriculated from Phila Sept 28 1889. Graduated Apr 12 1892. Member Alumni Assoc. Located 420 Lenora St Seattle Wash. Died at Seattle Feb 16 1909, aet 45

BARROWS, GEORGE SAMUEL

GEORGE SAMUEL BARROWS, M. D.

Dr. George Samuel Barrows was born at Watertown, N. Y., January 17, 1815, and died at Marion, Kansas, November 1, 1907.

Left an orphan at the age of seven, he lived with his uncle, working on his farm, attending school in winter. Aspiring to an education, he learned the trade of carpenter, and by economizing was enabled to enter Mount Morris College, Ill.

He began his medical course at Rush Medical College, and received his diploma from Keokuk Medical College, Iowa, in 1847.

His first essay as a physician was in Carroll county, Ill. Later he practiced many years at Rockford, where he had a large field of labor. After an experience of twenty years he became convinced of the superiority of homœopathy and joined the American Institute in 1868. Later he attended Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago, receiving his diploma in 1877.

His health failing, he went to San Jose, Cal., where he practiced until 1887, when he removed to Marion, Kansas. He continued to labor actively until two years before his death, when a fall so injured his hip that he was thereafter unable to walk, but still continued prescribing to within six months of his end, saying, "he wished to live as long as he could do any good."

Dr. Barrows' creed was the Golden Rule, maintaining that it was a sufficient guide in life. He died, not possessed of any estate, but what is better than wealth, the honor and love of those among whom he had lived and served.

He was twice married. In 1845 to Margaret Haggard, of Penn Yan, N. Y. Of this union there were six children, of whom three sons and a daughter, Mrs. Helen Merrill, of Minneapolis, are living. November 15, 1876, he married Julia A. Nelson, of Troy, N. Y., who survives him.

He was a member of the Masonic fraternity, by whom his funeral was conducted.

Am.Inst Hom 1910

BARROWS, GEORGE S

Name in full

George S. Barrows

P. O. Address in full

Rockford Illinois

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Rock Island Medical School (Ill.)

session of 1848 & 49

BARROWS, G S

BARROWS, IRA, M. D., of Providence, R. I., was born in South Attleborough, Mass., November 18th, 1804. His preparatory education completed, he entered Brown University, from which he was graduated in 1824. He immediately commenced the study of medicine in Pawtucket, R. I. (then Mass.), with Dr. Artemus Johnson. In 1826–'27, he attended lectures in the medical department of Harvard University, graduating in the latter year. He commenced the practice of medicine in Pawtucket, R. I., and continued there until 1837. Suffering from feeble health, he disposed of his business to Dr. Benoni Carpenter, and went to Cincinnati. His health improving, he returned to the East, in 1840, and resumed the practice of medicine in Norton, Mass., thirteen miles from Pawtucket. In that year, he was invited by Dr. Carpenter to unite with him in partnership. This partnership was discontinued by mutual consent in about six or eight months, and he remained in Norton. In 1842, having adopted the homœopathic system of practice, he extended his rides through several towns in Bristol county, and into Pawtucket. Here a question arose between Dr. Carpenter and himself as to his right to practise in the latter place. Dr. Barrows contended that the partnership rendered void the pledge, and that his practising as a homœopathist could not affect Dr. Carpenter's practice as an allopathist. Dr. Carpenter maintained the contrary. The question was taken up by the Massachusetts Medical Society, of which both were members; and under a by-law, which provided for the expulsion of members who were convicted of "gross immorality," he was expelled, because as a homœopathist he had encroached upon the ground occupied by an allopath in disregard of a pledge, which, by the partnership made subsequent to said pledge, was really null. He removed to Providence, R. I., in 1850, where he continues earnestly and effectively to extend the doctrines of homœopathy in partnership with Dr. Geo. D. Wilcox.

IRA BARROWS, M.D.,
Providence, R. I.

Long known and widely esteemed as a worthy and capable representative of homœopathy in Rhode Island, this venerable practitioner has at last sunk to his rest. Dr. Barrows was born in Attleboro', Mass., November 18th, 1804; graduated in arts from Brown University in Providence in 1824, and three years later took his diploma as Doctor of Medicine at Harvard Medical School. For several years he practiced medicine in Pawtucket and the neighboring towns of Bristol county, Mass., following, of course, the methods of the old school.

In 1842, his attention was called through our esteemed colleague, Dr. P. P. Wells, of Brooklyn, to the claims of homœopathy. By his persuasion he was induced to make trial of homœopathic treatment in a number of intractable diseases, with such results as led him to a more extended course of experiments. Having by these observations, continued through many months, became satisfied of the superiority of the new method, he openly adopted it in his practice, first in Norton, Mass., and afterwards in Pawtucket, where he formed an association with Dr. C. F. Manchester. In 1851 he removed to Providence, where he resided until his death, which occurred October 14th, 1882, aged 78 years.

Dr. Barrows adopted homœopathy as the guiding principle of his practice from honest and sincere conviction; and, being thus thoroughly persuaded, he became an earnest advocate and propagandist of it, and many successful practitioners of Massachusetts and Rhode Island trace their first favorable impressions of homœopathy to his influence.

He joined the American Institute of Homœopathy in 1846, the third year of its foundation. He was one of the founders of the Rhode Island Homœopathic Society, its first Vice-President, and many times its President. He was also honorary member of several other State societies. As a prescriber, he was remarkable for his carefulness in the selection of remedies according to the basic law of Hahnemann, and was all his life a close student of the materia medica. He was a man of broadest charity, kindness of heart and gentle disposition. Universally honored for his integrity, he was also

admired for his genial but dignified manners. For more than fifty years he was a consistent member of the Congregational Church. In 1833 he married Frances A. Bartlett, of Smithfield, R. I., who, with two sons and two daughters, survive him.

Immediately after his death a special meeting of the Rhode Island Homœopathic Society was held for the purpose of taking suitable action in reference to the event. Resolutions expressive of the deep feeling entertained for the departed, and of condolence and sympathy for his family, were unanimously adopted.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1883.

Ira Barrows, A.M., M.D., graduated at Brown University in 1824; studied medicine with Dr. A. Johnson, of Pawtucket, Mass.; graduated from Harvard Medical College in 1827, and followed the old practice until 1842. In that year he had a conversation with Dr. P. P. Wells, of Brooklyn, N. Y., on the subject of homœopathy, was induced to try homœopathic remedies, and finally commenced practice in Norton, Mass. He subsequently took an office in Pawtucket with Dr. C. F. Manchester, and continued in Bristol County until 1851, when he removed to Providence, where he has continued to pursue his beloved science till the present time. The allopathic system of practice was followed by him for fifteen years, and was attended with as much success as were the labors of his compeers. In the homœopathic practice, having been far more successful in curing the sick, and believing homœopathy to be far more scientific than the old system, and destined, in his opinion, when thoroughly understood, to become a perfect system of medicine, he has never regretted the change, nor desired to return to his first love. He was President of the Rhode Island Homœopathic Medical Society in 1874–75; and his excellent inaugural address in 1875 was published in pamphlet form. Although nearly seventy-four years old he attends society meetings promptly; takes great interest in the dispensary and in the creation of a homœopathic hospital. He has an extensive practice, and is loved by all who know him. Dr. William E. Barrows, a graduate of the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, in 1871, is in practice with his father, Dr. Ira Barrows. (W. C.)

Geo. B. Peck, M.D.: *Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:*

> "Let no one deem the wise are dead
> Who've shuffled off this mortal coil,
> The wise whose lives were pure from soil,
> Who never fell, by lust misled."

Thus sang a chosen bard long ages past to that mighty people whose proudest as well as most enduring monument is to be found in the daily words of the countless Indo-European family. To-day, standing in the full sunlight of a complete revelation that clearly portrays the hereafter and our relations thereto, we can but simply repeat to the mourning one those words spoken in the early dawn of civilization from nature's feeble promptings, but strengthened now with an authority well-nigh divine. To none can they more appropriately be applied than to him whose departure Rhode Island homœopaths would this day commemorate. Ira Barrows, M.D., for eleven years a veteran member of this Institute, entered into rest October 14th, 1882. The chief events of his life will be spread upon our annals by the Necrologist. Let us consider for a moment his personality.

First, he was most emphatically a man of principle. When the new system of therapeutics was brought to the notice of the successful practitioner of fifteen years' experience, he did not dismiss the subject with a jeer, but carefully enquired whether these things are true. First gaining a general idea of the elementary principles of the art, he proceeded to test them at the bedside. Without informing his patients of the nature of his acts, he left them two kinds of medicines, telling them if the first did not give decided relief in four or six hours to take the second. As the latter was seldom touched, and more infrequently as he became the more expert in the new method, he gradually discarded the allopathic remedy, and at length stood forth a complete and thorough homœopath. Trained thus by the severest and yet the best of all teachers, and with the comparative merits of the two systems constantly before his mind, it is not wonderful that mid the various currents and counter-currents of so-called medical science that dashed furiously against him during well-nigh forty years, his faith never faltered, and he but the more strongly braced himself, clinging closely to the rock of eternal

truth. Little by little he added to his stock of remedies and to the variety of his preparations, never adding a new thing till the preceding had been thoroughly tested, until, at the close of life, he was familiar with almost our entire materia medica, and relied as confidently and more constantly upon the 200^{c} than the θ, though his favorite dosage was from the 6th to the 12th. For accuracy of prescription he has never been equaled in our State, and rarely elsewhere. To his example and precepts pure homœopathy owes whatever of position and influence it holds within our borders.

But his professional acts as well as his professional creed attest his lofty principles. He never betrayed a consulting brother nor sought to undermine the reputation of a rival. No weaker physician sought aid of him in vain, and our sisters, so recently joined to our ranks, found him a sympathetic and prudent counsellor. No family was ever estranged because he crossed their threshold! No son ever went to ruin because he was his associate!

Equally clear was his religious character. Almost at the commencement of his public life he joined, upon profession of his faith in the Redeemer, a Trinitarian Congregational Church, serving for nearly a score of years as a deacon. As increasing years and the necessity of meeting the demands of an expensive family pressed upon the too indulgent father, he was obliged to renounce official duties in that connection, but he never forgot that the purest, sweetest rest is to be found in the sanctuary of God, and there he sought it.

The second great characteristic of Dr. Barrows was his courtliness. Others have surpassed him in mere mannerism, but that elegance of bearing which springs from liberal culture, true dignity and tender solicitude for the comfort of others, afforded a social prestige that is the happy portion of but few. And yet in the family none could be more gracious. He always endeavored to report promptly at meal time, when his sprightly humor and inexhaustible anecdotes contributed quite as much to the refreshment of the occasion as the bountiful supplies upon the table.

The third feature of his character was its intense earnestness. Whatever the task that fell to his lot, it was performed

with his best powers. Next to his religion he loved homœopathy, and to her welfare he gave every thought and every endeavor. He did good as he had opportunity, ministering to the welfare of others even when stretched almost breathless upon that bed which he never would leave alive. He retained the vigor of his powers until heart and breath had well-nigh failed him, and then he gently passed away, rejoicing in the full assurance of eternal life.

"Let *us* so live, that when our summons come
We go, not like the quarry slave at night
Scourged to his dungeon, but sustained and soothed
By an unfaltering trust in Him who came
To guide us to immortal joys above!"

(Am. Inst. 1883)

BARROWS.—Ira Barrows, M. D., an eminent physician of Providence, R. I., left the scenes of his earthly labors to enter upon the realities of the life of glory on the 14th of October, 1882. He was born at Attleborough, Mass., on Nov. 18, 1804, graduated at Brown University in 1824 and received the degree of M. D. from Harvard College in 1827. One who knew him well, Dr. E. U. Jones, of Taunton, Mass, says: "He was an exceedingly careful practitioner, a most diligent student, yet always seeking the advice of others. Genial and kindly, his faults were only those of a broad love of humanity."

Am. Hom. Obs. V. 20. p 47.

Name in full

Ira Barrows M. D

P. O. Address in full

Providence R I

Graduate (or Licentiate) of

Graduate from Harvard Medical School May 1827

BARROWS, WILLIAM EZRA

Matriculated from Providence R I Sept 18 1869. Graduated Mar 10 1871. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 82 Matthewson St. Providence, R. I.

865 North Main St
Prov. R. I.
June 1/17

Dear Dr. Bradford

Have just finished a note to Dr. Pearson on Wm. Ezra Barrows to which you are hereby referred. Since then looking for some other things I have found yours of Oct. 22/16 with its enclosure which I herewith return. I have filled out the blanks so far as possible - I know of no one to whom to apply for additional particulars. Being a second cousin and more or less familiar with certain parts of his life I can give dates and locations approximately. Dr. Ira I believe came to Prov. in 1850.

I left Hahnemann chiefly because I was disgusted with my instruction in chemistry - Lemuel H Stevens was a fraud if he was "Professor" in Girard College. Incidentally I may add I was disgusted with other instruction (?). Henry was a humbug - he only read over Leipe's book and said this was an important symptom and that that was very important. Henry Wolf Martin was a fool - he killed (through a student) a certain girl - if I outlive the perpetrator I shall shall tell the story - I don't blame the student - he simply carried out Martin's instructions as laid

Dr. Ira Barrows was practically a member of the family so Pearson most interested.

was the son of the late Dr. Ira Barrows of Provdence.

down in the classroom which made me boil as I listened for I knew it would cost many persons their lives. Rare read off his text book just out. The only valuable part additional was his reading off the remedies under any given disorder in the order of frequency of indication. That has been of service to me on more than one occasion. Morgan was another fraud – knew nothing about surgery if he had been an army surgeon – what I saw with my own eyes proved it. Thomas was all right – so was Macfarlan. Koch – well his department – physiology – didn't signify anyway. Result – I learned nothing of Homœopathy at the Hahnemann of Philadelphia. Had I not been a crank Homœopath from childhood and I not been possessed of a few brains I would have become disgusted and denounced the whole thing as humbug. Edmund Carlton was a Homœopath because he had learned its worth in a case of typhoid fever in his own person. He left because no materia medica was taught there worthy the name.

The Hahnemann may be all right now – presumably is – but those are my recollections.

Sincerely yours
Geo. B. Peck

Come to think of it I guess Will Barrows was married in Fall River and the City Clerk or Registrar may have her

BARROWS, WILLIAM EZRA

Matriculated from Providence R I Sept 18 1869. Graduated Mar 10 1871. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 82 Matthewson St. Providence, R. I.

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Geo. B. Peck

f it I guess Will
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that may have her

name and parentage — also he may have his exact age at decease — yrs, mos, dys. — and in that way you can figure out date of birth. I'm sorry I did not think of this before.

person most interested.
Ira Barrows family is practically extinct.

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BARROWS, WILLIAM EZRA

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865 Walkden
Prov. R.I.
June 4/17

Wm. A. Pearson, M.D.

Dear Doctor:

Some time since I received a note from some one who is striving to make up a biographical catalogue of your alumni. Unfortunately I have mislaid his letter and cannot recall his identity. I made one attempt to secure the information he desired about one William Ezra Barrows of the class of 1871 but failed utterly. By chance the other day I looked over an old scrap book and found a clipping from a Fall River paper printed Friday Nov. 20, 1896. I will copy. "Dr. Wm. E. Barrows, a wellknown physician and druggist, whose place of business is at 637 South Main Street, died Thursday night at about 11 o'clock at the age of 47 years. He has been confined to the house for three months, suffering from Bright's disease. He leaves a wife and a daughter 17 yrs of age. Dr. Barrows was a member of Mount Vernon Lodge and Abbott Division, Knights of Pythias, and was surgeon of the Third Massachusetts Regiment Uniform Rank. He was the son of the late Dr. Ira Barrows of Provdence".

Find Ira Barrows family is practically extinct

From the above it is evident he died Thursday Nov. 19, 1896.

He was the youngest child (2 sisters and a brother older) of Ira and Frances A. Bartlett Barrowe, born in Norton Mass. (presumably, for his father then had his office in Pawtucket – he moved to this city in 1850). He was a spoiled child, a forger, an embezzler, plundered his father of any quantity of money so that he died (Dr. Ira) a very poor man; an object of the charity of former patrons. Was as dissipated a medical student as you ever had on your rolls. The last time I saw him I met him in the R.R. Station in this city – he was in uniform partly concealed by a citizen's overcoat. I was amazed – could not see how he ever attained a military position. When I found out (he told me) he was surgeon of the K.P. I didn't wonder so much. One night (Saturday) he came to our room (Edmund Carlton – N.Y. Hom. 1871) and I were in the same very large room at 1004 Chestnut St.) covered with vomit. He had been to Foy's Theatre with a friend (?) – they had a private box –

BARROWS, WILLIAM EZRA

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both got well soaked – Barrows was on the floor – while sitting in a chair, leaning over the arm his friend got to vomiting and spued all over him Barrows being too drunk to roll from under.

He was shrewd – in a degree. He had too much sense to let Peck & Salsbury get a chance to put a finger on him. My father was own cousin to Dr. Ira Barrows and he and his partner talked matters over and decided if they ever had a chance they would land him in the State Prison and his father would not be able to stop them for they believed thus they would be doing the old man the best possible service.

Dr. Ira died in this city Oct. 14/82. You will find a sketch of his life and my tribute to his memory in the Institute Transactions of 83.

When Will reformed? I know not. The fact that he conducted a drugstore at the time of his demise indicates how good a doctor he must have been – and yet he was smart – in more senses than one.

It was reported to me that he stated he died contented – satisfied. I will admit I smiled – sardonically.

The older brother was a classmate in college. He studied law. Members of the bar have told me he had the best legal head in the state and would have been on the

the Supreme bench at an early date if he had not "beat his elbow" so much: as it was he was from fifty made reporter for the court for a few years but they were obliged to take that away from him he got so far behind in his work. His only work (original) that he left behind him was an article in the Journal of the Yale Law School published while its author was lying on his death bed. He died Jan. 18, 1904 of cancer of the rectum. The article appeared two or three months before. When we graduated at Brown (1864) the class felt he would be another Henry Clay. We got left!

I have met once — perhaps twice — her who is now Will Barrow's widow but I know nothing of her or her whereabouts. I saw his daughter once.

I could spin other recollections of Will but know nothing to his credit.

One night at 1004 Chestnut after consultation Carlton locked the door and put the key under his mattress (Carlton's). In the middle of the night Will got up — tried the door to get out — but didn't — then went back to bed. We thought he might go out and jump into the river. He afterward said he had that intention. Subsequently Carlton and I agreed that we never again would put the first straw in the way of a person who wanted to commit suicide. We always regretted we did then. Yours Geo. B. Peck Oct 71

865 North Main St.
Providence R. I.

Dear Doctor

Oct. 28/16

Note of 22d. inst. received. Wm. Ezra Barrows was a second cousin of mine. I have lost track of his widow but think I have a clue. Made one attempt today but failed to catch on. I have a dim idea that I put a sketch of him (newspaper clipping) in a personal scrap book that I deposited only a few days ago in Brown University Library. Will investigate that on Monday. If I do not find it I shall be up a tree. He died in Fall River being an apothecary at the time. I shall write to a Brown Classmate also in Mass. to look up the record of his death and pertinent facts and also to look in the papers of that time to secure any material therein contained.

Yours

G. B. Peck

CLARA BARRUS.
March, 1893———.

BARRUS, CLARA

A WOMAN has been appointed assistant physician at the State Homœopathic hospital at Middletown. She is Dr. Clara Barrus, of Utica, and will draw a salary of $1,200. Her name was taken from the civil service eligible list.

Newburgh (N.Y.) Register, 1.26.1892.

BARRY, GEORGE FRAVEL

Born Jan 12 1875 at
Matriculated from Chicago Sept 28 1901. Graduated May 15 1902
Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Evanston, ~~#~~ Ills.
Freshman, sophomore and junior years were at Chicago Homoeopathic College.

BARSTOW, BENJAMIN PARKER

BENJAMIN PARKER BARSTOW, M. D.

Dr. Benjamin Parker Barstow was born in Duxbury, Mass., August 31, 1860, the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barstow. He was educated in the Duxbury public schools, graduated from the academy in a neighboring town (Hanover) and then entered the Boston University School of Medicine, from which he graduated in 1881. He then went to Marshfield, Mass., where he substituted for a time for one of the physicians of the town. After this he settled in Exeter, N. H., where he practiced for two years. Feeling at that time that the failing health of his parents made it necessary to establish a practice near them, he came in the early part of September, 1884, to Kingston, Mass., where he soon established a very large practice, which called him not only to all parts of Kingston but to the adjoining towns of Duxbury, Pembroke and Plympton, with frequent calls to even more distant towns. He practiced here for the remainder of his life, his work constantly growing upon his hands until in the last few years he was constantly overworked, and the long strain told seriously upon his health. He was a most able and devoted physician, a wise counselor, a faithful friend, a public-spirited citizen and a tender, loving husband and father.

He was married in May, 1885, and had two children, one son and one daughter. He had been president of the Alumni of the Boston University School of Medicine, a member of the New England Homœopathic Society, of the American Institute of Homœopathy and of the New England Hahnemannian Association, and he did a great work for the cause of homœopathy in this vicinity. He was a public-spirited citizen, finding time in his busy life to serve his town in various capacities, notably as a member of the Board of Health, as one of the trustees of the public library from the time of its opening until his death, and as one of the School Board, having served for a number of years as chairman of that board. This community has never before met with so great a loss as his death, and his memory will be cherished in hundreds of homes for years to come. He joined the American Institute in 1892.

A I H 1905

BARTHMEIER, FRANK FERDINAND

Matriculated from Phila Aug 16 1906. Graduated June 2 1910
Member Alumni Assoc. Located at 2731 North 5th St. Phila

BARTHMEIER, JOHN M

Matriculated from Phila Sept 28 1887. Graduated Apr 2 1890
Member Alumni Assoc. La Salle College Certificate. Located
at 2731 North 5th St. Phila

BARTHMEIER, OTHMAR F

Born in Phila Feb 21 1885. Matriculated from Phila Sept 4 1902. Graduated May 24 1906. Member Alumni Assoc. ~~#####~~1 Parochial Schools. St Joseph's College, Phila. Post Graduate Course in Vienna. Located at 2731 North 5th St Phila and then~~#~~ 2305 West Lehigh Ave Phila

BARTINE, CHARLES ORIN WILLIAM

Born July 14 1879 at Phila
Matriculated from Phila Oct 3 1899. Graduated May 14 1903
Member Alumni Assoc. Located at 253 Hansberry St. Phila

PROFESSOR D. W. BARTINE.

A MODEL TEACHER.

Professor Bartine's Record in the High School of Philadelphia.

Prominent in educational circles is Professor David Wesley Bartine, A. M., M. D., professor of algebra in the Central High School and secretary of the faculty. He was educated in the public schools of Bucks county and in this city and attended the Normal School in Millersville, Pa. Then he began to teach, being appointed principal successively of the Mantua School, West Philadelphia, and the North Ward Boys' Grammar School, Camden, N. J.

He was connected with the latter when the war broke out, and laying down the text-book he took up the musket, and as a private in Company D, Twenty-fourth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, he went to the front and was soon appointed first lieutenant of the company. After the battle of Fredericksburg, when the senior officer was wounded, Lieutenant Bartine assumed command of the company and remained its senior officer until the expiration of the service.

Dr. Bartine's connection with the High School faculty dates from 1866, and he was elected secretary in 1887. He is a graduate of Hahnemann Medical College. He has been a member of the Teachers' Institute since its organization and represented the institute at the National Educational Association at Nashville, Tenn., in 1889.

An active member of the Methodist Church and president of the Chautauquan Association, Dr. Bartine is well known as a religious man, and no better tribute to his earnestness in such matters can be given than the just statement that he lives his religion in the class room.

Phila Inquirer, May 3 1894.

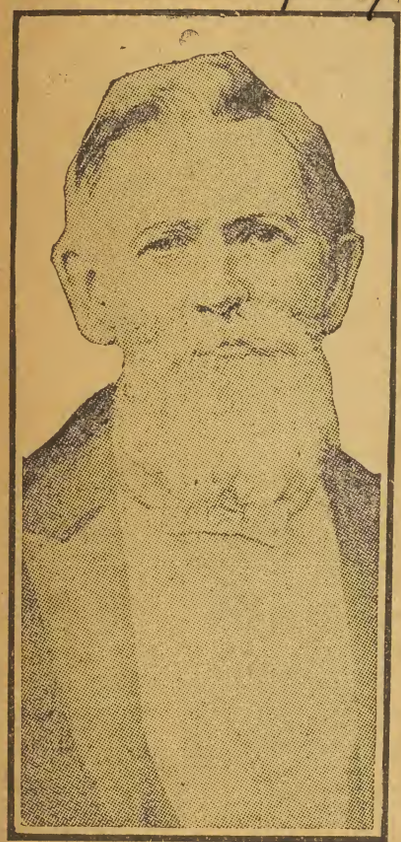
BARTINE, DAVID WESLEY

DR. BARTINE, VETERAN OF HIGH SCHOOL, DEAD

He Had Been Member of Faculty for Nearly Forty Years.

WAS A TEACHER AT 16

N. American Apr 30/06



DR. DAVID WESLEY BARTINE

He was a member of the faculty of the Central High School for thirty-nine years, and died yesterday at his home, 8119 Elberon street, Fox Chase. He had been in poor health for two years, but taught until last November. He was 69 years old.

In the death of Dr. David Wesley Bartine yesterday, at his home, 8119 Elberon street, Fox Chase, the Central High School of this city lost a member of its faculty who had served it for nearly forty years. He was 69 years old last March.

Dr. Bartine began teaching at the High School in November, 1866. In spite of his health, which has been poor for two years, he insisted on returning to his duties at the beginning of last term, and taught until November. For eight weeks he had been confined to his bed, and gradually grew weaker. Death was caused by Bright's disease.

Dr. Bartine was born near Neshaminy Falls, Bucks county, and was a son of Judge Stephen N. Bartine. A number of the family had been school teachers, and after being educated in the public schools of Bucks county and Philadelphia, he began teaching in a country school of Feasterville when 16 years old.

Afterward he was graduated from the Millersville State Normal School, and came to Philadelphia to teach in 1864. He spent one year as principal of the Mantua Consolidated Grammar School, and similar lengths of time as principal of the North Ward School, of Camden, and the Zane street Grammar School, of this city.

Served in Civil War.

While at the Camden school he enlisted in Company D, Twenty-fourth New Jersey Volunteers, and at the close of the war held the rank of captain. He went from the Zane School to the Central High School, and began his long career as a teacher in that institution.

During the first year he taught commercial branches, but after that was made professor of algebra, which branch he taught continuously up to last November. In addition to his early school work he found time to study medicine, and in 1871 took his medical degree from the Hahnemann College.

For his scientific attainments Dickinson College conferred the degree of Master of Arts upon him. Since 1887 he had been the secretary of the [illegible] School faculty.

Hundreds of pupils whom he taught were endeared to him. Many of them have since become men of prominence in Philadelphia's affairs. Among them are United States Senator Boies Penrose, ex-Mayor Charles F. Warwick, ex-Judge James Gay Gordon, Alexander Simpson, William T. Tilden, Franklin Spencer Edmonds and the late ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison.

Wife Died Recently.

Dr. Bartine married Miss Louisa K. Burrill, of this city, in 1859. She died last December. He is survived by two sons and four married daughters. The sons are Dr. Charles W. Bartine, a medical inspector in the Bureau of Health, and Wesley Bartine, mechanical engineer. Five children are dead.

He was a member of the Fox Chase Methodist Episcopal Church, and was

prominent in the denomination, being a deacon and a member of the Church Extension Board.

The societies of which he was a member are the Young Republican Club, the School Men's Club, of Philadelphia, Post 2, G. A. R., and Phoenix Lodge, 130, F. and A. M. Years ago he was active in Twenty-ninth Ward politics, and was always on the side of reform.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow evening at the Fox Chase M. E. Church, and on Wednesday morning at the Somerton M. E. Church. Interment will be made Wednesday at William Penn Cemetery, Somerton.

Born at Neshaminy Falls, Pa M
1837. Matriculated from Phila
Graduated Mar 11
Member Alumni Assoc.
Died at Phila Apr 29 1906 aet 6

BARTLETT, ABNER R.

BARTLETT.—Dr. Abner R. Bartlett died at Aurora, Ill., on December 26, 1880, æt. 68. He was a Professor in the St. Louis Homœopathic College, and at one time Professor of Physiology in the Cleveland Homœopathic College.

(Am.Hom.Obs.V.18.p104)

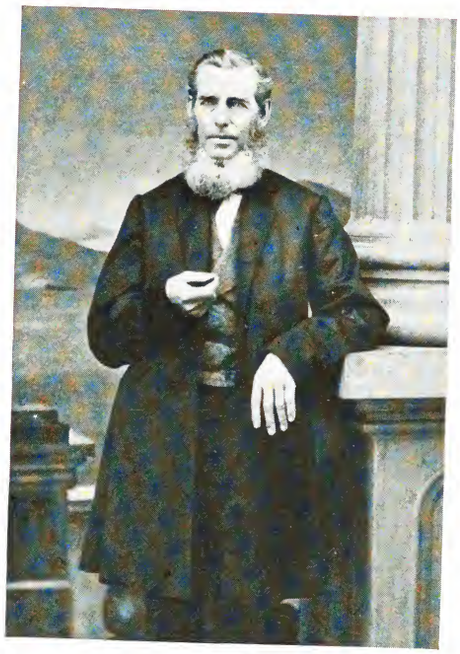
BARTLETT, ABNER R.

ABNER R. BARTLETT, M.D., OF AURORA, ILL.

Dr. Bartlett has been a member of the Institute since 1857. He was a prominent practitioner, and popular as an instructor. He was formerly professor of physiology in the Cleveland Homœopathic College, and occupied a chair in the St. Louis Homœopathic College. He died at Aurora, December 26, 1880, aged 68 years. No other particulars respecting him have been received in time for this report.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1881.

BARTLETT, A R



O. R. Barrett Esq.

BARTLETT, CLARENCE.—Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 22d, 1858. Removed to Philadelphia in 1864. Entered the Central High School in 1871, from which he graduated in 1875. The same year he matriculated at Hahnemann Medical College, graduating in 1879, and for the next four years was one of the physicians in the general medical department of the dispensary of that institution. From 1879 to 1883 he was also assistant to Dr. W. H. Bigler in the eye and ear department of the dispensary. When the department of nervous diseases was created in 1883, he took charge, resigning his other positions. He lectured in the spring course on nervous diseases, beginning in 1884. He was appointed lecturer on nervous and mental diseases in 1889, and in 1890 electrology was added to the lectureship. He was neurologist to the Children's Homœopathic Hospital in Philadelphia for two years, and since 1890 has filled the same position in the Hahnemann Hospital. From 1883 to 1885 he was recording secretary, and from 1885 to 1888 corresponding secretary to the Homœopathic Medical Society of Pennsylvania, and has been chairman of various bureaus of the Society and of the American Institute of Homœopathy. In 1890 he was chosen an honorary member of the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society. Dr. Bartlett acted as assistant to Dr. Dudley, editor of the Hahnemannian Monthly, from 1883 until 1888, when in connection with Dr. Van Lennep he took entire charge of the journal. He has contributed numerous articles of great interest and value to its columns. In 1892 he abandoned the main work on the journal to Dr. Van Baun. Occasional articles from his pen have appeared in other medical journals and in the transactions of the American Institute of Homœopathy. In 1885 he was elected provisional secretary of the Alumni Association of Hahnemann College in Philadelphia, retaining the office till 1893. In 1887 he edited and published Farrington's Clinical Materia Medica, being short hand notes of Dr. Farrington's lectures from 1876 to 1880. Dr. Bartlett was married September 29th, 1885, to Anna C. Miller. He is still connected with Hahnemann College and is in active practice. He makes a specialty of nervous and mental diseases. In 1897 he was appointed to the Chair of Neurology and Medical Semenology, a position he now holds.

He also contributed the sections on the Diseases of Nervous System to Dr. Goodno's Practice of Medicine, published in 1894–6.

DR. CLARENCE BARTLETT

Truly Yours
Clarence Barrett

Mr. and Mrs. John Hopkins Mara
have the honour of
announcing the marriage of their daughter
Mrs. Mary Gertrude Wright
to
Doctor Clarence Bartlett
on Thursday, the fourth of April
One thousand, nine hundred and twelve
in the City of New York

BARTLETT, CLARENCE

THE RETIREMENT OF DR. BARTLETT FROM THE EDITORIAL STAFF.

We regret to announce the retirement of Dr. Clarence Bartlett from active work on the editorial staff of "THE HAHNEMANNIAN MONTHLY." Owing to the growing demands on his time by professional and college duties, Dr. Bartlett, has gradually withdrawn from active editorial work during the past four years, and has now decided to formally withdraw his name from any official connection with the editorial work of "THE HAHNEMANNIAN MONTHLY."

It is a satisfaction, however, to the editor now in charge to know that Dr. Bartlett has consented to act in a consulting capacity when needed, and to give such advice as his years of experience in editorial work have eminently fitted him to suggest.

Dr. Bartlett has been an active contributor to homoeopathic literature for 31 years. In 1885, he edited "Farrington's Lectures on Materia Medica," one of the most valuable and successful works on materia medica ever published in the homoeopathic school. In 1892, when Dr. Goodno, published his justly celebrated work, "A Practice of Medicine." Dr. Bartlett contributed the section on Diseases of the Nervous system. In 1904, he published the first volume of his work on "Clinical Medicine," which was devoted to the symptomatology and diagnosis of disease. This was followed three years later by the second volume on treatment. Both of these books have won wide-spread recognition from scientific physicians of all schools, and rank among the most comprehensive and most scientific works of their kind that have ever been written by a homoeopathic physician.

His connection with "THE HAHNEMANNIAN MONTHLY," dates back to 1882, when he was associated with Drs. B. W. James and Pemberton Dudley in the publication of "The Hahnemannian." In 1888, in conjunction with Dr. Van Lennep, he assumed the editorial work on the journal, which he has continued up to the present time, with the exception of 1897 to 1899, when the journal was edited by Dr. Van Baun.

Physicians who are not familiar with the manifold duties and responsibility connected with the editorial work of a medical journal cannot appreciate the amount of time and thought that Dr. Bartlett has given to the perpetuation and development of a journal, that would stand for all that was

best and most progressive in the homeopathic school. Despite the fact that he received no compensation whatever for all these years of work, Dr. Bartlett, has been unceasing in his efforts to advance the interests of homoeopathy and of homoeopathic physicians, and to maintain the journal at such a high ethical standing that it would be above just criticism and reflect only the highest credit on the homoeopathic profession.

His retirement from the position of editor, will be a loss that all can appreciate, but none so much as those who have been intimately associated with him in this work. The writer cannot bring these remarks on the retirement of Dr. Bartlett, to a close without a word of acknowledgment of his personal indebtedness to him. His example of ceaseless energy, his ever just criticism, and his kindly encouragement, have placed the present active editor under obligations to him that he can never repay; and any small degree of success that he has or may attain in his medical or journalistic career, will be due to the years of training and association with our retiring editor, Dr. Clarence Bartlett. G. H. W.

Matriculated from Phila Oct 13 1875. Graduated Mar 10 1879.

BARTLETT, EDWARD G

N Y Med Times Aug 1889

Dr. Edward G. Bartlett died at Nantucket on July 23 from heart failure, in his sixty-fifth year. His only son, Dr. William A. Bartlett, was with him at the time of his death, having been summoned by telegraph. Dr. Bartlett was a well-known and highly respected physician of this city, and lived at No. 48 West Fifty-third St. He was born in Portsmouth, N. H. In 1846 he was graduated at Yale College, and afterward obtained his medical education in this city. About thirty years ago he married a daughter of Dr. Alonzo S. Ball, who is nearly ninety years of age. Dr. Bartlett was a lover of the fine arts and a member of the Academy of Design. He also possessed musical ability of a high order, and was a member of the Mendelssohn Glee Club. He leaves, besides his widow, a son and four unmarried daughters.

BARTLETT, GEORGE WALDRON

DR. GEORGE WALDRON BARTLETT.

Dr. George W. Bartlett, who died at Bensonhurst, Brooklyn, June 5, 1909, was of English descent, and was born at Watertown, N. Y., June 8, 1852.

Prepared in the schools of his native place, he was graduated from the New York Homœopathic Medical College in 1895.

During his professional life he practiced in New York City, Watertown and Bensonhurst.

He joined the Institute in 1903, and was a member of the New York Homœopathic Medical Society.

Dr. Bartlett was connected with the Methodist Church. On December 24, 1902, he was united in marriage to Margaret Rennie Bateman. He is survived by his widow, one sister and one brother.

In the discharge of his professional duties he was kind, considerate and conscientious irrespective of the character of the claimant on his services. He was a loving husband, a true gentleman, and loyal to the homœopathic profession.

A lover of art and music, he was an artist of ability, a man of refined habits and tastes. JI a.I H Apr. 1911

GEORGE WALDRON BARTLETT, Bensonhurst, New York, was born in the city of Watertown, New York, son of Samuel B. Bartlett and Rebecca Waldron, his wife, and is of English and Norman descent. He was educated in the public schools of Watertown and later took up the study of medicine in the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, and also in the Flower Hospital, which now is a department of the college institution. Since 1895 he has engaged in the general practice of medicine in Bensonhurst. He was house physician to the Laura Franklin Free Hospital in 1898 and 1899. He is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the New York State Homœopathic Medical Society, the alumni association of the New York Homœpathic Medical College and Hospital, and a corresponding member of the New York County Homœopathic Society. Dr. Bartlett married Margaret R. Bateman.

King Vol IV

BARTLETT, HENRY H

Henry H. Bartlett M.D.
131 Detroit St.
Cleveland O.
Graduate of
Cleveland Homeopathic College

BARTLETT, HORACE C

HORACE C. BARTLETT, M.D.

It becomes a more than sorrowful duty to announce the death of one of our members by the shocking accident which befell the ill-fated "City of Columbus."

Dr. Horace C. Bartlett of Lyndon, Vt., at the time of his death, was a non-resident member, whose home was at Lyndon, where he was born in 1838. He was the son of the late Hon. Thomas Bartlett of Lyndon, Vt., and was forty-five years of age. He commenced the study of medicine with Dr. C. W. Scott, then of Lyndon, Vt. (at present located at Lawrence, Mass.), in the year 1861. He received his medical degree at the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia in 1864. He was chosen to deliver the valedictory address at that time before the Hahnemannian Society.

After his graduation he formed a copartnership with Dr. Scott of Lyndon, Vt., where he remained until the following October, when he returned to Philadelphia, and during the winter attended a post-graduate course of lectures. In the spring of 1865 he moved to Marblehead, succeeding Dr. Bowen in his practice. He remained in Marblehead about a year, when he located in Lynn, where he practised about two years, when he relinquished the practice of medicine on account of the continued ill health of his wife, who was Miss Sarah Brown of Marblehead. Dr. Bartlett and Mrs. Bartlett had completed arrangements for spending the winter in Florida, from whence they intended to go to Ranton, New Mexico, to spend the summer.

After visiting a week in Boston, they went on board the "City of Columbus" on Thursday afternoon, for Florida. Both were in the best of spirits, anticipating much pleasure in the voyage.

Dr. Bartlett was a man of genial manner and pleasing address, which made his presence at the bedside ever welcome. Their tragic death was a severe shock to all who knew them.

A memorial service was held at the Congregational Church in Lyndon, in memory of Dr. and Mrs. Bartlett. A large audience, with about fifty Knights-Templars from St. Johnsbury, were in attendance.

Trans.Mass.Hom.Med.Soc. 1884.

Matriculated from
Not member of Alumni Assoc.

BARTLETT, RODMAN, M. D., of New York city, the fifth son of Loring and Phebe Bartlett, of the town of Salisbury, Litchfield county, Conn., was born in that place, August 7th, 1823. He is one of ten children, and his early life was employed upon his father's farm during the summer months, while during the winter, he attended school near his home.

When in his seventeenth year, he commenced the struggle of life for himself, teaching the district school in the town of Sheffield, in which employment he spent three successive winters. In the spring of 1843, he commenced the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Luther Ticknor, of the town of Salisbury, Conn., for many years President of the State Medical Society. In 1847, he received his medical degree from the Geneva Medical College, N. Y. Soon after his return home, in the spring of that year, Dr. Ticknor died. He then entered the office of Dr. B. Welch, of Salisbury, Conn., practising medicine and surgery with him for one year. In 1849, he located at Pine Plains, Dutchess county, where he remained one year. From thence, he removed to Rhinebeck, and entered into partnership with Dr. M. Freleigh, with whom he continued in practice for three years. In 1853, he settled in New York city, and soon entered upon a large and valuable practice.

Dr. Bartlett's conversion to homœopathy was effected during his residence in Rhinebeck, where his attention was first called to its intrinsic value. The late Dr. F. Vanderburgh was the agent by whose suggestions he was induced to give it his closest investigation. The result of his examination was his cordial adoption of the system; and, after a retrospect of twenty years, he finds no cause for regret in his espousal of the true principle of healing, *similia similibus curantur*.

Name in full Rodman Bartlett

P. O. Address in full 134 W 48th St

Graduate ~~(or Licentiate)~~ of Graduate of Geneva Med. Coll New York

A. SMITH M.D. FEB 2 1915

In December, 1879, Wm. R. Bartlett, M.D., of Chicopee, died of Diphtheria. He was a graduate of Boston University School of Medicine in 1877. I was not acquainted with him; but he served a year as house-surgeon in the Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital. He was loved and respected, so far as he was known; and was altogether a very promising young physician.

Trans.Mass.Hom.Med.Soc. 1880-3.

BARTON, CLYDE EDWIN

Born Nov 1 1870 at
Matriculated from Phila Aug 24 1894. Graduated May 12 1897.
Member Alumni Assoc. Located at Northfield, Mass.
Freshman course at Southern Homoeopathic College. Baltimore.

BARTON, JEDEDIAH MARCUS

Matriculated from Worcester Mass Octo 2 1869. Graduated Mar 9 1870. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at 796 Main St Worcester, Mass. Died at Worcester, Sept 30 1914 aet 69.

BARTON, JOSEPH

Matriculated from Germantown, Jan 2 1850. Graduated Mar 3 1851. Not a member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Charleston, S. C.

BARTON, PAULINE H

PAULINE H. BARTON, M. D.,
CLEVELAND, O.

BARUCH, MEYER,

DR. MEYER BARUCH, who was one of the oldest German homœopathic physicians in New York was found dead on a lounge at his office, No. 183 Lexington Avenue, on Saturday afternoon, December 19th. He came to New York forty five years ago, and since then had been in active practice. He was seventy-five years old. The cause of his death was heart failure, brought on by work that was too hard for a man of his age. He was active in many charities and was a familiar figure to hundreds of people on lower Lexington Avenue. His widow, two daughters, and two sons, Drs. Emanuel and Simon Baruch, survive him.

HOm.Phys.Feb.1892.

New York, February 25th 1891.

Mr. E. L. Bradford:

Dear Sir:

Please send us C.O.D. the following work named on page 3 of your December catalogue (no 3):

Fahr, G. H. G. Hauptbuch der Hauptanzeigen für die richtige Wahl der homoeopathischen Heilmittel. Düsseldorf 1835 8o.b. Lippe's copy containing his annotations etc. $10

Yours truly

Drs. M. & E. Baruch.

183 Lexington Ave
N.Y. City.

BASCOM, FRANK TULLEY

FRANK T. BASCOM, practicing physician of Rochester, Monroe county, New York, was born there June 16, 1876, son of William H. and Helen (Morgan) Bascom. On his father's side Dr. Bascom is of Scotch descent, and on the maternal side is of English descent. He was educated in the public schools and high schools of Rochester, and in the University of Rochester, from which he graduated in the class of 1898. He studied for his profession in the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, graduating in 1901. From May of that year until February, 1903, he was interne at the Rochester Homœopathic Hospital. He is now surgeon to the dispensary and assistant surgeon to the institution above named. Dr. Bascom is a member of the Monroe County and Western New York Homœopathic Medical societies, the Delta Upsilon fraternity, the Phi Beta Kappa fraternity of the University of Rochester, and Phi Alpha Gamma of the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia. October 11, 1904, Dr. Bascom married Cornelia Pearson of Newcastle, Pennsylvania.

King Vol IV

Matriculated from Rochester N Y
Dec 1 1897. Graduated May 15 1901
Not a member of Alumni Assoc.
Located at 67 South Fitzhugh St
Rochester, N Y.
Has degree: Ph. B.

Elmer
BASHORE, E. E.

The Schuylkill County, Pa., Homœopathic Medical Society.—A regular meeting of the Schuylkill County Homœopathic Medical Society was held at Minersville, Pa., April 29, 1897.

The following members were present: William F. Kistler, M.D., E. L. Straub, M.D., Minersville; F. W. Boyer, M.D., T. W. Swulm, M.D., G. H. Boone, M.D., Pottsville; H. A. Klock, M.D., J. V. Klock, M.D., Mahanoy City; L. A. Snyder, M.D., Ashland; M. S. Kistler, M.D., Shenandoah; C. B. Dreher, M.D., Tamaqua; H. G. Weist, M.D., Schuylkill Haven; E. H. Heckel, M.D., Orwigsburg; W. G. Deitz, M.D., Hazleton, and G. M. Kistler, M.D., Lansford.

Dr. T. W. Boyer read a very interesting paper on typhoid fever.

G. M. Kistler, M.D.,
Secretary.

At the meeting the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Divine Providence to remove from our midst our highly-esteemed colaborer and fellow-member, E. E. Bashore, M.D.

Whereas, This Society, through his active membership, has profited by his genial presence and professional knowledge, as exhibited by his scholarly papers and discussions of medical subjects at the meetings of this Society,

Resolved, That by words we can but feebly express our sorrow and sense of professional loss, yet we feel it has been a great satisfaction to have known and been associated with one whose life and character, both private and professional, has been without reproach, and has made the world better for his having lived in it.

Resolved, That our keenest sympathy goes out toward those called upon to part with a dutiful son and brother.

Resolved, That these resolutions be recorded in our minutes, and a copy sent to the family and published in the Hahnemannian Monthly.

H. A. Klock, M.D.
J. V. Klock, M.D.
E. L. Straub, M.D.

H.M. May 1897

Matriculated from Lebanon Pa Sept 27 1886.
Graduated Apr 4 1889. Member Alumni Assoc.

BASSETT, HOWARD W

HOWARD W. BASSETT, Richmond, Virginia, born Sacramento, Cal., November 27, 1861; graduated from Sacramento High School in 1877; medical education acquired at Chicago Homœopathic Medical College, receiving degree M. D. in 1889; practiced in Oak Park, Ills., 1891-1900; took a post-graduate course at the Chicago Polyclinic, 1892, and has been a practitioner in Richmond since 1900; was a member of staff, St. Anthony's Hospital, Chicago, and clinical assistant chair of neurology, Chicago Homœopathic Medical College.

BASSETT, JOHN S

Chironian
Sept
1912

Dr. John S. Bassett, of New York City, died July 31 at New Milford, Conn. Dr. Bassett graduated from the Berkshire Medical College in 1850. He practiced in New York City during his entire professional life, where his affiliations were with the homœopathic profession. From 1891 till the office was abolished in 1909, Dr. Bassett was one of the censors of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital.

BASSETT, NORMAN HALLOWELL

Matriculated from Swarthmore, Pa. Aug 31 1910.
Graduated June 6 1912. Member of Alumni Assoc.
Entered the Junior year. Located at Crozier Hospital
Chester, Pa.
Married June 25 1914 to Miss Margaret A Bassett in
Salem, N. J.

BASSETT, WILLIAM M

J. H. SMITH M.D.
MAY 27 1867
NEWARK.

Morenci May 22" AD 1867
Dear doctor Having Rec^d
the American Institute Circular
requesting name & address of
Homoeopathic ~~Dr.~~ Practitioners I
forward my own subscribed
Wm M. Bassett
Morenci Lenawee Co
Mich
Yours for the Right
W M. B——

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BATCHELDER, FREDERICK PRESCOTT

FREDERICK PRESCOTT BATCHELDER, Boston, Massachusetts, professor of physiology, Boston University School of Medicine, is a native of Stafford, Connecticut, born October 24, 1864, son of Rev. Frederick L. Batchelder and Eliza H. Willey, his wife. Rev. Frederick L. Batchelder was born in Andover, New Hampshire, on January 17, 1815, graduated from Brown University, A. M. 1839, and Newton Theological Seminary in 1842, and now lives in Stafford, Connecticut, where he completed a forty years pastorate of the Baptist church there in 1898. The American ancestor of this branch of the Batchelder family was Rev. Stephen Bachiler, who arrived in Boston March 9, 1631-2, in the "William and Francis." He was then seventy-one years old, and afterward preached in Lynn and other adjacent towns, and it is probable that he was the minister who dissented from the order of banishment of Roger Williams. In 1638 he was one of the founders of the settlement of Hampton, New Hampshire. Eliza H. Willey is the daughter of Hon. Calvin Willey, United States senator from Connecticut, 1825-1831. Isaac H. Willey, the first of this line in America, lived in Boston in 1640, and in 1645 went with John Winthrop, Jr., to New London, Connecticut. From that town the Willey descendants spread, and those settling in Haddam were the ancestors of Senator Willey. Dr. Batchelder was educated in the public schools of his native town and under the private instruction of his father. He entered the Boston University School of Medicine in October, 1887, received the degree of Ch. B. therefrom in June, 1890, and M. D. in June, 1891, serving as interne in the Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital in 1890-1891. Since graduation Dr. Batchelder has practiced medicine in Boston, and also through nearly that entire period has been closely associated with Professor Horace Packard of the chair of surgery in Boston University School of Medicine, and surgeon to the Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital, in conducting surgical anaesthesia in all its branches. Besides this he served as assistant physician to Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital, 1894-1899, and since the year last mentioned has been one of its visiting physicians. He was instructor in physiology in Boston University School of Medicine, 1891-1895; associate professor of physiology, 1895-1902, under John A. Rockwell, M. D., the professor of physiology, and since the latter year he has held the professorship of physiology. Dr. Batchelder also is a lecturer in the training school for nurses of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital and has instructed the senior students of Boston University School of Medicine in surgical anaesthesia in the surgical clinics of Professor Packard in that hospital for almost twelve years. He has been a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy since 1892; member of the Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society since 1894, its corresponding secretary from 1897 to 1902, vice-president from 1902 to 1904, and president, 1904-1905; member of the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynecological Society since 1899; member of the Boston Homœopathic Medical Society since 1892, its provisional secretary from 1893 to 1897, and a censor in 1898 and 1900. He was chairman of the committee of management of the inter-collegiate department of the Boston Y. M. C. A. from 1900 to 1903. Dr. Batchelder married, September 25, 1895, Mrs. Florence Emery Bliss, daughter of the late Hiram Emery of Boston.

King Vol IV

Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society.

OFFICE OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

411 Mass. Av.
Boston, July 2. 1900.

T. L. Bradford M.D.
Librarian Hah. Med. College.
Philadelphia Pa.

My Dear Doctor:-

By Adams' Express, charges prepaid. I take pleasure in forwarding to you today for your Library two volumes of our Society Transactions, which will now complete your set.

Vol. XI. is one that I discovered, though these are out of print. Vol. XIII is the last volume, recently issued.

Trusting that these will reach you safely. I am

Sincerely Yours.
F. P. Batchelder
Cor. Secy.

Massachusetts Homœopathic Medical Society.

OFFICE OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

411 Mass. Av.
Boston, Jan. 14. '02 ~~189~~

T. L. Bradford M. D.
1862 Frankford Av.
Philadelphia Pa.

My Dear Doctor:-

I wrote to you in October last. and you sent me the enclosed postal in reply.

You do not make it plain whether or not you have in your college library Vol. XIV. for 1900. of our Society Transactions. Please look & tell me whether Vol XIII for '99 or Vol. XIV for 1900 is the last one you have.

If you lack the latter. I shall be pleased to send it to you.

Let me hear from you soon.

Sincerely Yours.
F. P. Batchelder
Cor. Sec'y.

Want 1900 - 1901

JAN 16 1902

BATCHELDER, HENRY F

Dr. Henry F. Batchelder died at his home in Danvers, Mass., on February 15 from cerebral meningitis, the sequella of a severe attack of the grip. Dr. Batchelder was born in Middletown, Conn., October 10, 1860, practiced in that city for a short time and then went to Danvers. He was a member of the school board for seven years, belonged to the Masons and other fraternal societies. Of medical societies he was upon the rolls of the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynæcological Society, the Essex County Homœopathic Society and the American Institute of Homœopathy.

N Am Jl Hom Apr 1901

HENRY F. BATCHELDER, M.D.,

DANVERS, MASS.

Dr. Batchelder joined the Institute at its meeting in Washington in 1892.

Dr. Batchelder was born in Middleton, October 10, 1860, being descended from Joseph Batchelder, who came to this country in 1636, the Batchelder ancestry being of the oldest and highest standing recorded in genealogy.

He was educated in the Salem public schools, graduating from the high school in that city in 1879, and in Boston University Medical School, where he obtained the degree of M.D. in 1883. He began practice in his native town, and shortly afterward located in Danvers, where he remained until his death, which occurred after a brief illness, February 15, 1901. Dr. Batchelder was a physician of recognized ability, and enjoyed a large practice. He was a member of several local medical societies, and was prominent socially, being connected with several social and fraternal organizations. He was a Republican in politics, but was never actively partisan, and had the universal esteem of his fellow townsmen. On April 30, 1884, he was married to Miss Caroline E. Taft of Dedham, who with two children survives him.

Am Inst Hom 1901

BATCHELDER, JOHN COUCH

JOHN COUCH BATCHELDER, Rockland, Massachusetts, born Middleton, Mass., May 9, 1864; graduated, Boston University School of Medicine, 1887; chairman board of health, Wrenham, 1891-1894; of Rockland, 1896-1905; town physician, Rockland, 1895-1905.

BATEMAN, FRANK LUCE (M D)

Born Nov 8 1874 at
Matrivulated from San Francisco Oct 5 1896. Graduated
May 12 1897. Member of Alumni Assoc. Graduate Hahnemann
Medical College of the Pacific. 1896.
Located at San Francisco Oakland,

BATES, J BONNAR

Born June 28 1872 at
Matriculated from Binghampton, N Y Sept 24 1894
Graduated May 12 1898. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located
at Binghampton, N Y.

BATESMAN, HIRAM F

HIRAM F. BATESMAN, Passaic, New Jersey, born Northampton county, Pa., February 4, 1851; literary education, Pennsylvania State Normal School, Millersville; graduated M. D., New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, 1899; visiting physician St. Mary's Hospital, Passaic; president Union Loan and Building Association.

BATHRICK, FREEBORN W., M. D., of Battle Creek, Mich., is the eldest son of the Rev. Stephen Bathrick, formerly of Buffalo, N. Y., now temporarily residing in this State. He was born in Parma, Monroe county, in the State of New York, on the 28th day of August, 1834. At an early age he manifested an uncommon ardor and aptitude in the practice of music. Following the lead of this early bias, he rapidly acquired distinction as to the then existing local standard, and pursued with energy and success the work of teaching music from the age of *fourteen* to twenty-four years. This period was passed partly in western New York, and later in Toronto, Ontario, and other points in Canada. He is still remembered in this relation with a distinctness and regard which succeeding events have been powerless to obliterate or obscure.

In 1854, he made the acquaintance of Dr. Hacket, of Ontario, a prominent and much esteemed physician of the allopathic school, who, being impressed with the vigorous, incisive character of his mind, the rare acuteness of every bodily sense, and that both mind and senses were supplemented by superb physical energies, earnestly advised him to study medicine. He followed Dr. Hacket's advice; earning for three years the means of support by continuing to be a teacher of music. Thus came about the transfer from music to medicine.

From the influence of his father's preference, in a measure, who, after a careful investigation, became a decided, as well as being an exceptionally early advocate of homœopathy; but still mainly from the essential qualities of his own individuality, which naturally led him to see and properly estimate the difference between ponderous authority and essential power, he compared systems, approved the principles, and adopted the practice of homœopathy. To these principles and this practice he adheres with growing faith in their truth and practical value. It is principle and not mere dogma that thus commands his allegiance, however. In 1857, he commenced the practice of his profession in Medina, N. Y., continuing there till 1860. In the fall of the year last named he removed to Battle Creek, Mich., where he still resides. Here he has earned and now securely holds the foremost reputation and practice. In critical cases, presenting special complications and antagonisms that confuse and defy ordinary judgment and appliance, he enjoys in a pre-eminent degree the confidence of the profession in common with that of the general community. It would be difficult to overstate the value attached to his professional service in the many families where results have attested his ready comprehension and judicious treatment. It cannot be doubted that his successful practice has had great influence in establishing homœopathy in the heavily preponderating relation which it bears to other schools of practice in our city and its surroundings.

During the winter of 1866-'67, he attended lectures at the Hahnemann College in Chicago, graduating thence with honor. He represents with singular felicity the power of realizing the *situation*, of knowing *the case* in concrete, of drawing at once upon the resources of his whole reading and experience in its favor, and of acting with unhesitating promptness in the application of the treatment decided upon. His ready power of analysis, sound judgment, clearness of thesis, and force of statement, have induced a very general opinion among his friends that he might be an acceptable and valuable contributor to current professional literature. The exactions of a large general practice have hitherto excluded him from service in this form to any noticeable extent. Personally of fine presence, active temperament, strong, impetuous manner, full of manly courage, quick sympathy and ready wit, cheerful, buoyant, sociable; is attracted towards types rather than classes of men. As to religion, liberal. As to politics, an active, efficient, untiring Republican, as that party means equal rights and rightful liberties. As to social relations, is married and has children of both sexes. In short, is just that man in bearing, talent and energy, who, in other and broader relations, might as easily have reached honored eminence through a vastly wider circle than that in which at present he is so well known and highly valued.

Chelsea Mo. May 21-67

MAY 27 1867

Gentlemen M.D.s
Committee of arrangements
for the American Institute
of Homoeopathy. I rec^d
your Circular informing
me that the 20th Session
of the Institute will be
held in New York. June
5th &c., Permit me to
say it would give me great
pleasure to attend said
Institute, but circumst=
ances seem to forbid
I hope you will have
an interesting time, &
do much to advance
the cause of Homoeopathy
I am by profession a
minister of the Gospel
& follow my profession
& yet, I practice

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N E Med
Gaz Mar
1906

THE very many friends of Dr. Fredk. P. Batchelder extend to him their heartfelt sympathy in the great sorrow that has befallen him, in the death, on February 3, of his wife, Florence Emery Batchelder. Mrs. Batchelder was a woman of exceptional delicacy of temperament and sweetness of character, who bore with a noble and exemplary fortitude the many years of physical suffering she was called to endure in her later life. She is sincerely missed and mourned by all who were privileged to know her.

the most
time, & have
last ten
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for a Graduate
Medical Col-
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a Member of
stitute
will permit
say, I will try
ave the practice
of Homoeopathy
into disrepute
"Quackery"
am Consistently
ance this Syste
practice I have
am, & have been
make Converts
opathy for a
r, Now I have
, is not for me

to decide, I leave it for those who have been acquainted with my practice

I would like to belong to the American Institute of Homoeopathy but as your By Laws forbid, I must forego that pleasure - I am happy, that I can do some thing to bless the world with its healing virtues - if I cannot have the honor of being a Member of the Institute Very Truly Yours

Stephen Bathrick

P.S. I am acquainted with Dr E. A. Lodge

BATTEIGER, FREDERICK OLIVER (B S)

Born at Transfer, Pa, Dec 14 1881. Matriculated from
Transfer, Pa, Gtraduated June 1 1911
Member of Alumni Assoc. Educated at Fredonia Institute.
Located at Greenville, Pa

BATTIN, JAMES FRANKLIN

JAMES FRANKLIN BATTIN, Onawa, Iowa, born Marshall county, Iowa, August 9, 1869; graduated from College of Homœopathic Medicine, University of the State of Iowa, 1897; health officer of Onawa; member of commission of insanity.

BATTLES, CHARLES EDWIN

CHARLES EDWIN BATTLES, Cleveland, Ohio, born East Cleveland, Ohio, March 11, 1877; graduated A. B., Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio, 1898; M. D., Cleveland Homœopathic Medical College, 1903.

BAUER, A.

For the third time within a year we are called upon to record the work of death in this city, in announcing the decease of our esteemed colleague, Dr. A. Bauer, who died suddenly on Sunday morning, October 13th. Aged 61 years. Dr. Bauer was the oldest Homœopathic practitioner with one exception in this city, coming here in 1842. I believe he graduated at Allentown, in 1840. None who associated with him during the many years of his professional career, but respected him for his kind courteous and gentlemanly conduct manifested in all his intercourse with his professional brethren. We shal miss him as one of the old land marks of Homœopathy, and a link connecting the past with the present. Dr. Bauer possessed a fine physical conditution and mental qualities eminently fitting him for his chosen profession, and very few medical men has possessed the faculty of commanding the confidence of his parents to an equal degree.

At a meeting convened for the purpose of expressing their sentiments, the Homœopathic physicians of this city, adopted the following preamble and resolutions.

WHEREAS, In the providence of God, our friend and fellow-practitioner, Dr. A. Bauer, has been removed from our midst by death, whose long residence in our city and acknowledged skill as a physician, alike entitled him to the confidence and esteem of a large circle of frieads and of the profession; therefore

Resolved, That in the death of Dr. A. Bauer the Homœopathic profession of Cincinnati has lost one of the earliest and ablest advocates of the system, and one who by his talents and attainments, judgment and skill had won, and for a quarter of a century maintained the confidence of a large portion of the community.

Resolved, That we extend our sympathies and condolence to the afflicted relatives and friends of the deceased in their sad bereavement, and our last tribute of honor and respect to his memory, in this announcment of his demise to the practitioners and friends of Homœopathy.

Resolved. That we attend the funeral of our lamented colaborer in a body, and that a copy of this testimonial be sent to the city papers for publication, and also to the family of the deceased.

Thomas' Am. Hom.'t. V.4.p 144)

BAUER, GEORGE JOSEPH

Matriculated from Cincinnati Nov 23 1850. Graduated Mar 3 1851. Not a member Alumni Assoc. Located at Cincinnat, O.

BAUER, RUDOLPH FREDERICK

Matriculated from Phila Sept 25 1882. Graduated Apr 3 1885. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 1514 Fairmount Ave Phila. Died at Phila Aug 10 1911 aet 49.

W. H. Bauer M. D.,
Sylvia, Kan.

BAUM, FRANK LEVI

Matriculated from Harrisburg Pa Sept 18 1907. Graduated June 1 1911. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 37 Mauch Chunk St Nazereth Pa.

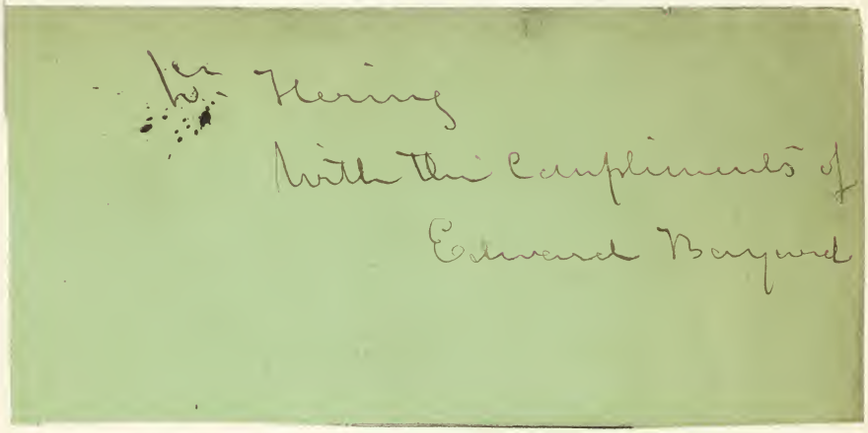
BAUMANN, FRANK DIEMER

Born in Phila Apr 21 1889. Matriculated from Phila June 22 1906. Graduated June 2 1910. Member of Alumni Assoc Located at 640 East Indiana Ave Phila. Educated Central High School, Phila.

BAUMGARTNER, IRVIN RUPP

Born Mar 7 1872 at
Matriculated from Asbury Park N J Sept 16 1901. Graduated May 24 1905. Member of Alumni Assoc. Located at 216 Main St Greenville, Pa

BAYARD, EDWARD, M. D., of New York, was born March 6th, 1806, in Wilmington, Del., and is the son of Hon. James A. Bayard, of that State. He was educated in Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., and graduated in 1825. Choosing the profession of law, he commenced its study in the office of Judge Howell, in Canandaigua, N. Y., and subsequently with the Hon. Judge Cady, of Johnstown, N. Y., whose eldest daughter he married in 1827. While in Johnstown, he was a Captain, Major, and Lieutenant Colonel in the militia; and was admitted to practise law in all the courts of the State. He studied medicine in the medical department of the New York University, and received his diploma in 1845, since which time he has practised medicine in New York city. Dr. Bayard, while studying law, practised homœopathy as an amateur in Seneca Falls, Seneca county, and was successful in introducing it into Western New York.



EDWARD BAYARD, M.D.,

New York.

By the death of Dr. Bayard, since the last meeting of the Institute, this body has lost one of its most cultured and widely distinguished members and homœopathy one of its staunchest representatives. After nearly fifty years of steadfast and consistent devotion to its principles and their strict application to the healing of disease, he passed from his labors on the 28th of September, 1889, at the advanced age of 83 years and nearly 7 months. His health, which had been remarkably good for years, received a sudden shock from an injury which he sustained while attempting to rise at night, towards the end of November, 1888. In consequence, he was confined to his house all the following winter, but with the returning summer his health improved, and in July he went to North Yarmouth, Me., to spend the season. The change of air and the respite from professional labors and responsibilities effected a great improvement, and in September preparations were made for his return, with the expectation of resuming, to some extent at least, the duties of his extensive practice. At this juncture, a sudden change of weather brought on an acute bronchitis, to which his weakened constitution yielded on the 28th of September, 1889, at North Yarmouth.

Bearing a name long recognized as symbolical of honor, courage and courtesy, Dr. Bayard exemplified in his life the virtues associated with the appellation. For several generations his family has been honorably prominent in the history of this country. He was the third son of the Hon. James A. Bayard, of Delaware, one of the U. S. commissioners who negotiated the treaty of Ghent, and was born at Wilmington, March 6, 1806. His brothers were the late U. S. Senators, Richard and James Bayard, while he was uncle to ex-Secretary of State, Thomas F. Bayard. His literary and classical education lacked nothing that was needful to accomplished scholarship. He graduated in Arts from Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., under the Presidency of the distinguished Dr. Nott, in 1825, and entered the office of the Hon. Daniel Cady, of Johnstown, N. Y., whose daughter he subsequently married. While in college he organized a cadet corps of students, of which he was the leading spirit, and in one case, at least, proved, by his authority and judicious management, effectual in preventing an open conflict with a body of the populace which had planned an assault on the college. The inclination to military discipline seemed to have outlived his college days. In 1828 he was admitted to the bar as attorney-at-law, and in 1835 as a solicitor in chancery. In the same year he was elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the Thirty-fourth Regiment of the New York State Militia.

After practicing law for a short time at Johnstown, he removed to Seneca Falls, where he formed an association with Judge Foote at that place, and soon secured an extended and lucrative clientele. He devoted himself with such assiduity to his work that he found his health began to show signs of breaking. He suffered, especially, from palpitation of the heart to such an extent as to give rise to serious apprehensions. In order to obtain the best available advice, he went to New York for the purpose of consulting Prof. Stevens, then esteemed an authority in affections of the heart. The opinion he received was very unfavorable, and the advice was discouraging. He was recommended to give up all business and to lead an inactive life entirely void of mental excitement and physical labor, as he had a heart disease that would sooner or later prove fatal. On the way home his wife persuaded him to consult Dr. Bigler, in Albany. After a thorough examination, Dr. Bigler gave quite a different judgment, namely, that the symptoms were the effects of coffee stimulation, and that he could be cured. He gave explicit instructions as to the proper regimen, prescribed a few pellets and powders, and sent him home with encouraging assurances. In a remarkably short time he recovered his former health and activity.

The extraordinary result of this, his first experience with homœopathy upon his physical condition was not more remarkable than the determination which immediately possessed his mind to study the truth and history of this new therapeutic gospel. So imbued did he become with the persuasion of the great value of Hahnemann's discovery to mankind, that he determined henceforth to make the knowledge of its principles and their application the business of his life. When he arrived at this decision he gave up the profession in which he had already attained an enviable position, and the prospects of future eminence, and went to New York as a student in the medical department of the University of that city. He graduated in the spring of 1844, being then 38 years of age, and at once permanently established himself in that metropolis. In that year was formed this Institute, the earliest national organization of homœopathists in the world. Dr. Bayard was one of the small number of physicians who, confident of the final success of their cause, united their mutual efforts for its promotion in this organization.

In the catalogue of members his name has usually been assigned to the class of those who joined in 1846, but a careful research of the early records of the society has shown that he was a founder of the first year. The error has been corrected in the later catalogues. He presided over its deliberations in 1850, at Albany, N. Y.

Dr Bayard's success as an interpreter and practitioner of homœopathy was such as the quality of his mind and his extensive attainments could not fail to secure. He soon built up, in the city of New York an extensive practice among the higher class of its citizens;

and his kind and sympathetic nature, graced with the courtly manners of the olden time, endeared him to his patients in an uncommon degree. For nearly half a century he was a consistent, steadfast and zealous supporter of the doctrines of Hahnemann, and was always ready with voice or pen to defend and advocate their claims.

He was active and influential in the organization of the New York County Homœopathic Medical Society, and was its first President in 1857, and, in that capacity, delivered a learned address on "Homœopathia and Nature, *versus* Allopathia and Art," on the birth day of Hahnemann, 1858. He was a member of other medical and scientific societies, in all of which he was a useful and valued associate.

He was a devout and earnest Christian, whose faith was exemplified in his daily life. His tender care of his poorest patients, and his advice and encouragement to his younger brethren, by his purse as well as his word, many yet live to remember. For his many virtues as a man, and for his unswerving devotion of a long life to homœopathy, Dr. Bayard will long be held in reverent memory.

Am Inst Hom 1890

Edward Bayard

N Y Med Times Oct 1889

OBITUARY.

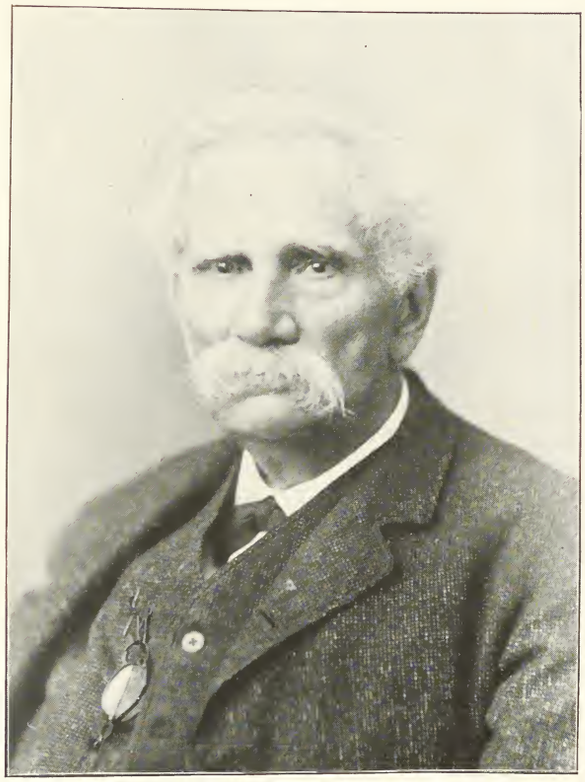
DR. EDWARD BAYARD.

Dr. Edward Bayard, who for nearly fifty years had been a physician of this city, died on Sept. 28th, at North Yarmouth, Me., from pneumonia, in his 84th year. He was born in 1806, at Wilmington, Del., and was the son of James A. Bayard, one of the United States Commissioners that negotiated the treaty of Ghent. His brothers were the ex-United States Senators Richard and James Bayard, while he was uncle to ex-Secretary of State Thomas F. Bayard.

About sixty years ago Dr. Bayard was graduated at Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., and studied law under Judge Daniel Cady, whose oldest daughter he married. Subsequently he practiced law in Seneca Falls, Seneca County, N. Y., where he remained for nearly eighteen years, until his defence of a homœopathic physician, who had been indicted under an old statute at the instigation of the faculty, led him to take up the study of that branch of medical science. He became a zealous believer in Hahnemann's system, and, having passed his examination at the New York College of Medicine he, in 1842, began practice, and continued in practice until June of this year, when failing health compelled him to retire.

Dr. Bayard was a most courtly gentleman, a conscientious man and commanded the respect of all who knew him, whether they agreed with his extreme views or not.

So passes away one more of the Hahnemannian purists, the remainder is very small and not being added to, to any great extent.



The first regular meeting of the New York Homœopathic Union for the season was held at the residence of Dr. E. Carleton, Thursday evening, October 17. The following resolutions were presented by Dr. Carleton, and unanimously adopted by the Union:

WHEREAS, Our esteemed friend and colleague, Dr. Edward Bayard, has been called from the scene of his labors; therefore

Resolved, That in the death of this veteran physician we have sustained the loss of a leader, who was ever true to the law of *similia* discovered by Hahnemann, zealous in the discharge of duty, eminently successful in healing the sick, a wise counselor, always courteous, a kind and valued friend to all who were so fortunate as to have his acquaintance.

Resolved, That while we deeply mourn his loss, we gratefully revere his memory and emulate his long and unselfish devotion to the promotion of the best interests of humanity.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, and that copies be sent to Dr. Bayard's family and to the medical press. Med Vis Dec 1889

BAYER, C.

Dr. C. Bayer, a native of Wurtemburg, Germany, located in Allegheny City, in 1841 or 1842. He was educated with a view to the ministry, at the celebrated University of Tübingen, among whose early professors were numbered the great reformers Melancthon and Rauchlin. He was retired in manners, and mingled but little with his brother practitioners. He bore the reputation of a careful and successful physician. His great *forte* appears to have been the *Materia Medica*. He accumulated considerable property, and retained his large practice up to the time of his last illness. In the winter of 1865, while on his way home from a professional visit, he slipped and fell on the ice-covered sidewalk, receiving a contused and lacerated wound of the scalp, resulting in a severe form of traumatic erysipelas, which terminated fatally a few days after its appearance. He was one of the original members of the "Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny Co., Pa.," and took an active part in its organization. His sudden death, soon after, deprived the Society of any contributions from his pen. We have to regret that he was not spared to give to the profession in detail, the results of his long clinical experience.

But we must dismiss these two noble *fathers* of Homœopathy in Western Pennsylvania. Their labors are ended, but their works follow them. Of them, we may write *faithful.* We know not how much we are indebted to *them* for the high position now awarded to Homœopathy, in the community where they so long and faithfully labored for the promulgation of its principles and the confirmation of its claims. *Esto perpetuæ famæ.*

Trans.Hom.Med.Soc.Penna. 1870-71.

Pa

Dr. C. Bayer, a native of Wurtemburg, Germany, located in Allegheny City, in 1841 or 1842. He was retired in manners, and mingled but little with his brother practitioners. He bore the reputation of a careful and successful physician, and his great *forte* appears to have been the Materia Medica. He accumulated considerable property, and retained his large practice up to the time of his last illness. His death occurred in the winter of 1865. He was one of the original members of the "Homœopathic Medical Society of Allegheny County, Pa.," and took an active part in its organization. (W. C.)

BAYER, FATHER.

Rapou says: It is two years since we had the pleasure of receiving Father Bayer an American redemptorist, who came to ask for the propagation of the faith, aid for the Catholic Colony of Baltimore. This zealous missionary found in our medical method the same means of introudction and influence that the Jesuits in China had demanded for mathematical science. He had formerly studied with Dr Siegrist of Switzerland, God aiding him, Father Bayer has been very successful in practice. The indians venerate his double title, the protestant families are impressed, and his friends are not slow in giving him the care of their bodies.

BAYES, WILLIAM

BAYES.—William Bayes, M. D., departed this life suddenly at Brighton, England, on the 8th day of December, 1882, in the sixtieth year of his age.

The *Homœopathic World* says: Some ten or twelve years since Dr. Bayes had a severe fall, and struck his head against the pavement; ever thereafter he suffered more or less in the occipital region, and although he continued in active work, still he never really entirely recovered from the shock. Now he has joined the great throng, and it is not too much to say that his loss will be greatly felt by our entire body.

Dr. Bayes was the author of a work entitled "Applied Homœopathy," and of numerous pamphlets, and of a large number of papers published in our serial literature; he was also sometime co-editor of the *Monthly Homœopathic Review*, and latterly he edited a journal entitled *Homœopathic Medical Progress*. But he will be most missed in homœopathic politics, and especially in connection with the London School of Homœopathy, of which he was the father, and to the success of which he devoted almost his life. Dr. Bayes was much beloved by a large circle of patients and friends.

Am. Hom. Obs. V. 19. p. 558.

OBITUARY.

BAYES.—On the evening of December 8th, 1882, William Bayes, M.D., of Brighton, England, died suddenly of apoplexy. He had just returned from London, and a few minutes after leaving the railway station was seized with the attack which terminated his life about three hours later.

Dr. Bayes had for many years exerted a powerful influence on the progress of homœopathy in Great Britain, being among the foremost in all measures looking to the advancement of that system of medicine. He was the author of a small treatise on *Applied Homœopathy* and of numerous contributions to the various homœopathic journals. In the earlier struggles of his adopted cause he wrote also for the general public eye, and did excellent service in securing public favor in its behalf. Of late years he had been very prominent in the discussion of questions relating to the education of English medical students contemplating the practice of homœopathy. While some of his brethren argued in favor of leaving the whole work in the control of the present (allopathic) schools, and others favored a special course in homœopathic materia medica and therapeutics under homœopathic instructors, such as is now in operation in the London School of Homœopathy, he (Dr. Bayes) favored the putting forth of efforts to place the entire work of educating homœopathists in the hands of professors who believed in homœopathy. His loss to the cause of medical science in his own country, and indeed in ours, is a serious one.

Hahn Mo Jan 1883

BAYLEY, ROBERT AUGUSTUS

Born May 15 1852 at
Matriculated from New Orleans Oct 7 1903. Graduated May 21 1904. Member Alumni Assoc. Located at 719 Macheca Building, New Orleans, La. Graduate Med Departmt Tulane University of New Orleans.

Robert Augustus Bayley, Philadelphia; Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, 1904; aged 75; died Nov. 24, at the Hahnemann Hospital, of adenofibroma of the prostate and passive congestion of the lung. 1928.

Philada. Oct 27/99

My Dear Doctor B.

In response to yours I would say that the programme hence not as yet been printed. Probably will not be for a month.

The Com. is as follows:

J. L. Bradford M.D. Chm.
Pembertn Dudley Jnr 1405 N. 16th
J. N. Mitchell 1505 Spruce St
E. M. Gramm. 1833 Chestnut
W. D. Bayley 1438 Poplar St

The Censors still retain the bills and have not as yet made their report.

Very truly

Bayley.

DR. WESTON D. BAYLEY
ROOM 1315
PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING
PHILADELPHIA

Feb. 4/04

Charles M. Thomas M.D. Dean.
Hahnemann Medical College

Dear Doctor Thomas:

I am requested by Dr. Bartlett to inform you as to the occasion of the students' coming to my office for a static machine and X ray demonstration. It appears that some of the class complained to Dr. Baker that they had no opportunity of seeing either the static or X ray. The doctor then asked me if I would be willing to show them my machine and explain its use. The only time at my disposal (and theirs) was one of my sub-clinic hours (2 to 3.30). I therefore divided the sub-clinic class into two parts, and separately on different days, showed them the construction of the static machine, demonstrated the method of using it, and let them individually handle the fluoroscope. I also gave them a few points about how to apply the ray in treatment.

Whether other sub-clinic classes shall come here rests with you and with them. If you approve, and they ask for it, they are welcome to come to the office for the same

it relieve
motive
& help

DR. WESTON D. BAYLEY
ROOM 1315
PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING
PHILADELPHIA

2

purpose. If there is any objection, it relieves me of extra work, since my single motive was to give the boys all of the ~~help~~ help I could.

Very Cordially,

W D Bayley

DR. WESTON D. BAYLEY
ROOM 1315
PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING
PHILADELPHIA

Jan 15th/04

Dr. Chas Mohr. Registrar.
Hahnemann Medical College

My Dear Doctor:

I have your favor, announcing my appointment as Lecturer on Nervous and Mental Diseases. In thanking the faculty for this mark of continued esteem, I would say that I will endeavor to discharge the functions of this office to the best of my ability.

Very Sincerely Yours
W. D. Bayley

Jan. 13th/03

Dear Doctor Mohr:

Mr. Isaac W. Sutton has handed me your note in reference to his examination in Insanity. In reference to this I would say that I sent my class report to you last year, and mailed the duplicate thereof to Dr. W.C. Dowdna, so that I cannot give you his status. I supposed the records of examination sent to your office were kept on file.

I await your further wishes respecting the marking.

Very Sincerely Yours

W.D. Bayley

BAYLEY, WESTON D.

RETROSPECTION.

[Read at the Annual Banquet of the Hahnemann Alumni, Tuesday, May 5, 1896, by Weston D. Bayley, M. D , Philadelphia]

Had I Aladdin's Lamp, I'd rub it well;
And would the attending Genii thus compel
To cause the wheel of time to backward go
For a period of a dozen years or so.

A dozen years ? Why many a veteran here
Could shame me with a most disdainful sneer
What is to him a dozen years or more ?
He counts his years of practice by the score,

But to us boys, much change this time has wrought
In relationships, surroundings, modes of thought.
So, you gray beards, do not chaff to night
While youthful recollection takes its flight.

I command you, Genii, to restore complete
That old college dome on Filbert street.
Take us there, on mystic wings of thought
That we may see your wond'rous magic wrought.

You're deceiving us! Why this is not the place!
Of familiar landmarks there is not a trace!
A Railroad here! With walls of yellow bricks!
'Tis not the place sir! We will have no tricks!

What! Look again you say? You still insist ?
I cannot see well—things seem in a mist.
'Tis clearing some—strangely familiar seem
The surroundings, like some ill-remembered dream.

That market house! The restaurant inside!
Those steaming pans of soup and fish cakes fried,
Beefsteak rare; potatoes, corn and beans,
Oyster stew served up in great tureens.

And perched on stools, by heaven! there 're the boys
Indulging full in gastronomic joys,
With ready ears they list to boistrous jokes
And each in turn a burst of mirth provokes.

And there is Shallross—nor so fat as now,
But still with that good natured smiling brow.
This epicure presides with envied grace.
Genii you are right; this *is* the place.

Ah now I see those crumbling plastered walls,
The columns high that hide the dingy halls,
The *well-worn* steps; the rusty-iron rail,
The old brown doors, the letter box for mail.

On either side, within the hallway there
Ascends a battered flight of winding stair,
To the right a rope hangs to the floor
Where can be seen a little square trap door.

While up the stairs that thin-faced dirty "Frank"
Turns the windlass with a rusty crank
And from the slimy pickling vat below
A ghastly "stiff" ascends with movement slow.

To the left, the yard; and back, the out-house shed
From which fair Sanitas had in horror fled
Some years ago they say—and well she might
For the plumbing here is simply "out of sight."

And here at times, a student may be found
Slyly changing cotton from a wound
Received, perhaps, from some encounter rude
With lordy Venus, when in vengeful mood.

Two doors admit us to a dingy room
Whose dirty windows scarce improve the gloom,
The walls are red, the ceiling cracked and low.
Long steps descending as we forward go.

Here are benches, deeply notched with knife,
Scared and battered with many a student strife;
In front, a counter on a platform wide
With little rooms partitioned on each side.

Spitball dolls, suspended by a thread
Flutter from the ceiling overhead
For an hour here the chemist holds his sway
And Mohr and Goodno lecture every day.

Back of this we find a horrid place—
A Hospital ? 'Tis really a disgrace
To call it so. But that is what it's been
Ever since the trustees bought it in.

The resident has a room he calls his den,
And so a pig might call his barnyard pen.
If you can see it through the clouds of smoke
You'll think this no exaggerated joke.

Some books, a broken chair may here be found,
And many half-chewed stumps are lying round;
Three spittoons, a desk, an old hand case
And bottles scattered all around the place.

The Dispensary, with Snader there as Chief
(The best it ever had, in our belief),
Now comes to view. I mark you see it well
Tho' many a year since this old building fell.

Those little rooms, with sloping whitewashed side,
Some of them scarce seven cubits wide,
One desk, some shelves, three tables furnished all
(Except a row of chairs along the wall.

Odors musty, like those from a tomb
Floated down f...

WESTON D. BAYLEY, M. D.,
1643 SOUTH BROAD ST.

Philadelphia, Oct. 16th 1891

T. L. Bradford M. D.

Dear Doctor:-

I have been told that you have duplicates of many of the Homoeopathic Journals. I have the Hemoeo Journal of Obstetrics complete excepting one number, for about ten years. The missing copy is No 6 (November) of 1889. I am desirous of securing this number so as to get the vol. bound like the remainder. If you have an extra copy of this issue, could I purchase it?

Fraternally Yours
Wes'n D. Bayley

Odors musty, like those from a tomb
Floated down from the dissecting room
And doubtless every known bacillus lurked
In that small room where Surgeon Thom is worked.

Here *wounds* were dressed, and ulcers smelling vile
Were cleared and treated in aseptic style.
Round shoulders here Messerve did acquire
Because the ceiling wasn't a trifle higher.

The amphitheatre ! brightest room of all,
Is entered from the surgery's narrow hall.
The semi-circle of seats in sharp descent
From top to bottom, through two stories went.

The walls and benches are cut with many a name
Of those who since have carved their way to fame ;
But the moment this familiar room is seen
We think of our beloved, lamented Dean !

That beaming face ! That kind, good natured smile
Of him who taught us youngsters in a style
That e'en a weary student longed to hear,
That pleasant voice, expressing thoughts so dear.

One son you say he has ? Yes, that is true,
But yet in every State this Uuion through,
In every land where Hahnemann boys are seen,
Thousands mourn with filial love our Dean.

Yes ! he is gone ! where time's not reck'd by years,
And our poor vision, blurred by falling tears,
Can yet discern that in this world of strife
" What's sown to the Spirit, reaps Eternal Life."

Thus the Genii, faithful to command,
Restores to us a place in no-wise grand,
But graven deep in every heart and brain,
It's memories are, and will, till death remain.

Let the blight of time now have its sway,
The mouldering ruins silently decay ;
The mist in falling—see—it has increased,
Genii ! take us back now to our feast.

Hahn. ~~Advocate~~ Institute, May 1896

BAYLIES, BRADFORD LE BARON.

Born in New York City August 15, 1818. He is the son of Harriet H. daughter of James H. Blackwell, original owner of Blackwell's Island, N.Y., and of Dr Henry Baylies. He received a liberal academic education; and after a year's medical tuition by his father, entered the coll of phys & surgeons, N.Y. in 1847, and at the same time received private instruction from the late prof Robt. Watts, from Gordon Buck, M.D., and from John Watson, M.D. He graduatd M. D. in the spring of 1852. Began practice with his father at Astoria, N. Y. July 1st, 1854; and was appointed resident assistant phys. to the Blackwell's Island Hospital. In Dec. 1850(?) he was appointed interne of the N.Y.Hosp. and served in this capacity and filled the several posts of junior and swnior Walker and homoeop. phys. for two years. He was converted to hom'y. by the successful use of Acon tinct. or 1st dilution in a case of acute inflammatory rheumatism. He has successfully treated many remarkable cases during his practice, among which are: cases of tetanus, umbilical hernia, diptheria, two cases of tetanus treated by Angustura 2c and 500; two cases of same treated the one by calc. c. 2c and the other by Cham. 2c. these have been published in Trans. N.Y.State Hom. Med. Soc. He has been a member of the N.Y.Academy of Medicine and of the N.Y.Pathological Society. Was formerly Sanitary Inspector of Long Island City, N.Y. He is a member of the Am. Inst. of Hom. of the N.Y.State Hom. Med. Soc. Queens Co (N.Y.) Hom. Med. Soc. of which he has been treas. and Vice Pres. and corresponding member of Hahnemann Academy of Medicine, N.Y. (J.C.G.)

My full name is Bradford L. B. Baylies
I graduated at College of Physicians and Surgeons N.Y. city ~~Medical College~~, in the year 1852
My present address is Astoria Queens County ~~county of~~ L. I. ~~N.Y.~~
State of New York where I have resided since 1852 and practised
~~Previous to that time I practised~~ except while engaged in Blackwells Island Hospitals as Assist Physician and in New York Hospital as Resident Surgeon comprising 3 years
I began to practise Homœopathy in the year 1851 at Astoria L.I. N.Y.

NEW YORK HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICAL SOCIETY M.D. 1870

BRADFORD LE BARON BAYLIES, son of Hersey Baylies, M. D., and Harriet Howell Blackwell, daughter of James Blackwell, from whose original ownership Blackwell's Island, now and for many years in the possession of the City of New York, takes its name, was born in that city on the 15th of August, 1829. His father, Hersey Baylies, son of Gustavus Baylies, also a physician, graduate of Harvard College, belonged to that family among whose distinguished members in Massachusetts were William Baylies, an eminent civilian and physician, and Francis Baylies, a publicist, preceptor in law of the late William Cullen Bryant, the poet, and author of "Historical Memoirs of Plymouth." On his father's maternal side the subject of this sketch is descended from Doctor William Bradford, lieutenant governor and United States senator from Rhode Island, fourth in descent from the second governor of Plymouth colony, whose mother, Mary Le Baron, was daughter and grand-daughter of the physicians Drs. Lazarus and Francis Le Baron; the latter named represented in the picture "Marriage of Dr. Le Baron and Mary Wilder, Plymouth, 1695," by Frederick Dielman, N. A. Dr. Baylies, therefore, sixth in a consecutive line of physicians, received a scholarly and classical education in the Astoria Academy, Astoria, L. I., conducted by the Rev. John Haskins, late of St. Marks church, Brooklyn, N. Y., and the Rev. Marshall Whiting, and was instructed by private tutors in German and more proficiently in French. His preliminary medical education was in his father's office; his collegiate course through four years term in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, N. Y., the medical department of Columbia College, where he graduated in the spring of 1852, with commendation. In 1854 to 1855 he served as physician in the Blackwell's Island Hospital, and other institutions of the City of New York; in 1856 to 1858 as interne and house surgeon in the New York Hospital. While in the hospital he became a member of the New York Pathological Society and later a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. In 1865, by advice of Dr. C. J. Hempel, translator into English of most of the works of the founder of Homœopathy, Samuel Hahnemann, Dr. Baylies devoted himself to the didactic and experimental study of that scientific system of medicine, and with most conscientious approval, gradually and solely adopted it in practice, with gratifying success. He is a member and ex-president of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the County of Kings, New York, a senior member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, member of the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of New York, and honorable senior and ex-president of the International Hahnemannian Association, etc.; is a Royal Arch Mason, and belongs to the Masonic order of Knights Templar.

King Vol IV

Bradford Le Baron Baylies, M. D., a Senior in the Institute, having joined in 1867, died on February 9, 1917, at his home, 418 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Dr. Baylies was a direct descendant from William Bradford, the second Governor of Plymouth Colony, and from James Blackwell, the original owner of Blackwell's Island. He graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City in 1852 and for many years has been an earnest worker in Homeopathic circles. At the time of his death he was in his eighty-eighth year. He was a member of the Kings County Homeopathic Medical Society, New York State Homeopathic Medical Society, a Senior in the American Institute, a Senior in the International Hahnemannian Association, a member of the Alumni Association of the New York Hospital, a member of the Bayard Club, a corresponding member of the New York County Homeopathic Medical Society and a consulting physician to the Brooklyn Eastern District Homeopathic Dispensary. In his later years he devoted his time to the consideration of chronic diseases. F. M. D. Jl A I H Mar 1917

Brief Biographical Details

Bradford Le Baron Baylies, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Born, 1830.

Died, Feb. 9, 1917.

Graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York, in 1852.

Member of Institute since 1867.

Active member of state and county societies, besides holding membership in other medical organizations.

Jl A I H Aug 1917

"Dr. Baylies was a direct descendant from William Bradford, the second Governor of Plymouth Colony, and from James Blackwell, the original owner of Blackwell's Island."

ARCHIBALD BAYNE, M.D.—It is with much regret that I have to inform you of the death of Dr. Archibald Bayne of this island.

Dr. Bayne, a native of here, graduated at the Hahnemann College of Philadelphia in 1879. Arriving on the island a few months after, he at once began practice, and in a short time, owing in part to the feeble health of the only homœopathic physician on the island, succeeded in building up a good practice, many of his patients being amongst the élite of the island.

Being a man of great energy, and also of great natural ability, and not satisfied with the influence secured him as a successful physician, he early entered the political arena as well as took great interest in all the leading questions of local import. In consequence of the ability exhibited therein, he soon acquired a prominent position in all undertaken.

For several years he was a leading liberal member of our House of Assembly, and also for some years a director of the water works and life assurance companies, being chairman of the latter for some two or three years.

So endowed was he with energy that even the above positions did not absorb it all; he therefore purchased and edited for several years a local newspaper. Dr. Bayne was a fluent and powerful speaker and a good debater. His judgment was rapidly formed and was for the most part sound. This latter characteristic was well illustrated in the practice of his profession, where, almost before the examination of a patient was completed, the diagnosis and prescription presented themselves to his mind.

He was a great favorite with all with whom he came in contact, his free and easy manners winning him a ready welcome at all times. He was a staunch friend and as is usual with such natures, an uncompromising enemy. He seemed never to do things by halves.

His death which took place on 19th ultimo, was due to subacute nephritis complicated by effusion in the right pleura and œdema of both lungs. From early it was clear that he could not survive the attack, and from the time such a prognosis was given, he was much harassed by kind but injudicious friends to call to his aid members of the old school, but he was true to his colors, remarking to the writer about a fortnight before his death, "am I to give the lie to my whole professional life?"

R. F. LECORISH, M.D.

Hahn. Monthly. Feb, 1892

Matriculated from Bridgton, Barbadoes, Aug 21 1877. Graduated Mar 10 1879. Died at Barbadoes (Bridgton) Jan 19 1892.
Not member of Alumni Assoc.

BAYNUM, WILLIAM ROBERT

Matriculated from Dexter, Me, Oct 12 1872. Graduated Mar 10 1874. Not member of Alumni Assoc. Located at Newport Me. Died at Newport 1879

BAXTER, HARRIS H., M. D., of Cleveland, O., was born in Mount Vernon, O., August 15, 1846. His father was Dr. John Baxter, formerly of New York, and at one time Professor of Anatomy in the New York Medical College; an intimate friend of Dr. John F. Gray, and one of the earliest converts to homœopathy in this country.

He attended the public schools in Mount Vernon until his sixteenth year, when he entered the Highland Military Academy of Worcester, Mass., where he graduated in 1865, with the rank of captain, the highest cadet office in the institution.

On leaving school, he entered the office of Dr. G. W. Barnes, and pursued the study of medicine for three years, graduating from the Cleveland Homœopathic College in 1868. He formed a partnership with Dr. J. B. Hunt at Columbus, O., and entered upon practice. In 1870, he received the appointment of Professor of Materia Medica in Cleveland Homœopathic College, and removed to that city to enter upon the duties of his office.

BAXTER, HARRIS H

Testimonial Dinner

given to

Harris H. Baxter, M. D.

Hotel Hollenden, Cleveland
Wednesday, October 18, 1911
Seven O'clock in the Evening

M. D.

M. D.

ev.

M. D.

M. D.

D.

Menu

Bluepoint Cocktail

Celery Olives Radishes

POTAGE

Creme of Cauliflower Dubarry

POISSONS

Planked Lake Erie Whitefish, Hoteliere

Pommes Bordure

ENTREE

Breast of Chicken, Plain Fried Southern Style

Potatoes au Gratin

SALADE

Combination Egg Dressing

ENTREMETS

Turban Glace, Parisienne

FRIANDISES

Creme Cheese

Roquefort Cheese and Crackers

DEMI TASSE

Silver loving cup presente
bearing following inscription:

¶ Presented to Harris H. Baxter, M. D. by his confreres in medicine in token of their love and regard for him and in appreciation of his long and faithful service in the interests of the medical profession and especially of the Homoeopathic School.

Born, 1846.

Graduated from Cleveland Homoeopathic Medical college in 1868.- Professor of materia medica in same college with exception of only a few years, ever since that time.

For 14 years, a member of the State Board of Medical Examiners, resigning in 1910. For 43 years, a member of the Institute.

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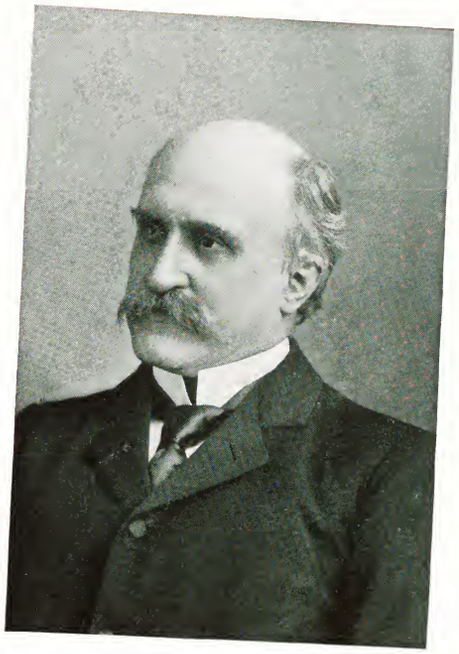
150 members of professio
and their wives present at banquet.



Harris H. Baxter M.D. Cleveland

Harris H. Baxter, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Born, Aug. 15, 1846, at Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

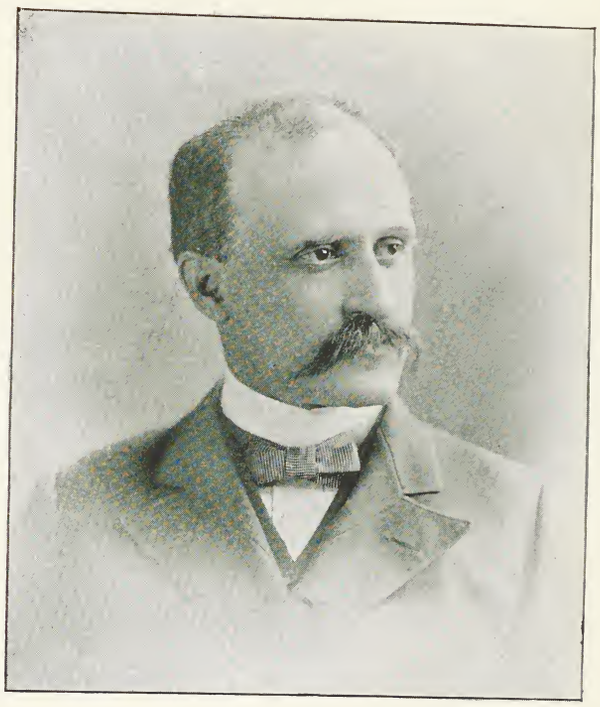
Died, July 9, 1916.

Graduated from the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College, in 1867.

Member of Institute since 1868.

"For more than forty years he was a faithful and conspicuous member of the faculty of his *alma mater*. He was a charter member of the Cleveland Homeopathic (Huron Road) Hospital, and its early success and popularity was in no small degree due to his enthusiasm and financial support. He was a founder member of Troop A, of Cleveland, and for many years one of its officers. He was honored by the various state and local medical organizations of his school, and has presided as president over the destinies of all of them. He was for fourteen years a member of the Ohio State Medical Board, and for several years president of that board." "Although of a retiring disposition, Dr. Baxter was a man of pronounced views and was uncompromising in his determination when he believed that he was in the right." "There were few physicians ever more beloved by their patients than was Doctor Baxter," and "he was held in equally great esteem by his hundreds of students for his high ideals and his scholarly attributes."

Jl A I H Aug 1917



H. H. BAXTER, M. D.,
CLEVELAND, O.

Supplement to
THE AMERICAN HOMEOPATHIST,
November 1, 1892.

BAXTER, HARRIS HOLLAND

CORRESPONDENCE

REMARKS AT THE PRESENTATION OF A LOVING CUP TO DR. H. H. BAXTER, BY H. F. BIGGAR, M. D.

Mr. Toastmaster, Dr. Baxter, Ladies and Gentlemen:—The opportunity to express the pleasure of being present on this happy occasion I fully appreciate. Dr. Baxter is deserving of the honor of this testimonial tribute for his arduous, generous, self-sacrificing and glorious work for the uplifting of the medical profession and the advancement of homœopathy, and the members of the homœopathic medical profession have been honored in thus recognizing the worth of one who has been so loyal to homœopathy.

Perhaps my acquaintance with Dr. Baxter dates prior to that of any one of the present resident physicians of this city. I knew him as a student, as a Professor in the College and in many official positions which he has held in relation to the various homœopathic associations, including the Huron Road Hospital and the Cleveland Homœopathic College. His efforts have always been for the advancement of the cause for even during his studentship he was one of the chief organizers of the Hahnemann Society in 1866, and, in fact, was the second president, if not the first, of this society.

The homœopathic physicians of Cleveland and vicinity owe a great debt to Dr. Baxter, Dr. Nathaniel Schneider and Dr. J. C. Sanders, for, through their generous donations, the Huron Road Hospital property was purchased and thus made possible the building of the hospital. And Dr. Baxter's contribution, equal with the other two, was far more generous than either of the others, when their individual wealth is considered. And with the coöperation and assistance of Dr. D. H. Beckwith they secured contributions from the laity and friends of homœopathy for the erection and the completion of the hospital building.

The world generally fills the places of those who drop out, in some instances the places have never been filled, no one, as yet, has filled the place of Shakespeare and it is said it can never be filled; and as yet no one has, and it is prophesied never can, fill the place of Mark Twain. The places of Drs. Schneider, Sanders and Baxter, in respect to their generous contributions for the purchase of the property have never yet been filled by any member or members of the homœopathic profession of this city. Every homœopathic physician of this city, from the inception of the hospital till the present time, has been and is now enjoying the results of the homœopathic hospital. Its inauguration gave prominence to the profession and paved the way to greater conquests.

Dr. Baxter is a firm believer in homœopathy—he not only believes in it, but practices his belief. He saw the medical cross in the heavens with the super-inscription, "Similia Similibus Curentur," and believed that it was the "In hoc signo vinces" for the relief of suffering humanity and he fully believes that it was and is now one of the greatest assets of civilization. Whatever position he held officially or otherwise in the different associations which he represented, and during the fourteen years of honorable services as a member and President of the State Medical Examining Board he always had the courage of his convictions, and, for his honesty in the defence of homœopathy and the faithful discharge of the trust thus imposed was respected by his associates.

It must be gratifying to the doctor to be the recipient of a loving cup contributed by the homœopathic profession for it will be a reminder of the esteem and affection held by his friends and during his advancing years it will always be a memento reminding him of this pleasant occasion and that his works have been appreciated. It must, indeed, be a proud occasion when in looking around this assembly Dr. Baxter sees the representative homœopathic physicians of Cleveland and vicinity and of the

State of Ohio, who, by their presence, assure the doctor of their esteem and affection.

Rabbi Wise, at a medical banquet in New York, said, "I asked my son whether he would rather be a scholar or a gentleman?" and he replied, "I would rather be a physician." The son did not fully comprehend that a physician might also have the accomplishments of a scholar as well as that of a gentleman. Dr. Baxter embodies this Trinity of accomplishments, for he is not only a gentleman, not only a scholar, but also a physician. It is always gratifying to know that our work is appreciated by our confreres and friends during our life for, after the obsequies, we cannot smell the fragrant flowers placed upon our grave. And in conclusion, I yould offer the following sentiment:

"As sweet as the song which the robins sing
As pure as the flow from the crystal spring,
As deep as the depth of a mother's love,
As true as your faith in the God above:
With a harvest of smiles and a famine of tears,
Through all the course of the coming years
As sweet—as pure—as deep—as true—
Be the joys. fate holds in store for you."
And yours.

Jl A Inst Hom ~~Nov 1911~~

HARRIS HOLLAND BAXTER, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Brandon, Knox county, Ohio, August 15, 1846, son of Dr. John Baxter, one time professor of anatomy in a medical college, and Cassadana (Hodges) Baxter. He attended the public schools of Mount Vernon, Ohio, Highland Military Academy at Worcester, Massachusetts, having been a student in the latter institution from 1863 to 1865. He was educated in medicine in the old Western College of Homœopathic Medicine at Cleveland, and graduated from there in 1867. He practiced two years in Columbus, and since 1870 has lived in Cleveland. He was professor of materia medica in Cleveland Homœopathic College, 1869-1900; attending physician to Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital, 1872-1903, and now (1905) consulting physician to that hospital. He was a member of the Ohio State Board of Medical Registration from 1897 to April, 1904, and then was reappointed for another term of seven years. Dr. Baxter is a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, the Homœopathic Medical Society of the State of Ohio (president in 1897), the Homœopathic Society of Cleveland (president in 1904), and of the Union and Euclid clubs of Cleveland. He married, October 24, 1888, Ellen Sacket, daughter of Alexander and Harriet Sacket. Dr. Baxter's professional and pedagogical career is reviewed in Dr. Horner's history of the Cleveland Homœopathic College in another department of this work.

King Vol ~~IV~~

WILLIAM BAXTER, M.D.

Dr. Baxter was born in Delhi, Delaware County, N. Y., February 9th, 1805. He received an excellent general and classical education, graduating in the Humanities from Union College in 1828. He had matriculated at Hamilton in 1824, and was a member of that institution for three years; but at the end of that time, in consequence of some internal disturbances in the college, he left and joined the senior class of Union.

Having chosen medicine for his profession, he began to study in the office of Dr. Mitchell, of Norwich, Chenango County, and afterwards, and while attending lectures in the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons, was a private pupil of Prof. Edward Delafield. He received his doctorate from the above-named college in 1831. After his graduation he was appointed the first resident physician of the New York Lying-in Asylum, a position which he sustained for two or three years with entire satisfaction to the authorities. His successor in this important service was Dr. John A. McVicar, between whom and himself there ensued a close and abiding friendship. For some time he was also connected with the New York Dispensary.

In 1832 the first epidemic of Asiatic cholera occurred in New York City. Hospitals were established in various parts of the town for the reception and treatment of cholera patients. In one of these, in Rivington Street, Dr. Baxter served as one of the assistant physicians during the whole time it was in operation.

The following year he removed to Norwich, and became associated in practice with his former preceptor, Dr. Mitchell. In 1838 he established himself in Wappinger's Falls, Dutchess County, N. Y., where he remained till his death, enjoying the respect and confidence of the entire community.

The rise and progress of homœopathy were a great annoyance to Dr. Baxter. He was very decided in his censure of those physicians who adopted the system, accusing them of being influenced altogether by selfish and interested motives. He continued very hostile to the practice until after the conversion of his old friend, Dr. McVicar. Having till now every reason to maintain the utmost confidence in the character and intelligence of this gentleman, whose friendship he greatly prized, the news of his apostasy, as he esteemed his adoption of homœopathy, was a

Name in full

Wm Baxter M.D.

P. O. Address in full

Wappingers Falls Dutchess Co. N.Y.

Graduate ~~(or Licentiate)~~ of

College of Physicians & Surgeons N.Y.

Name, William Baxter

Address, Wappingers Falls ~~Dutchess Co~~ N.Y.

Dutchess *County.*

REMARKS.

[Please state if there is a Homœopathic Society in your County, and furnish us with the Name and Address of the Secretary.]

severe shock to his feelings. He took an early opportunity to seek an interview with his misguided friend, for the purpose of learning from his own lips the explanation of his strange infatuation, and to expostulate with him on the impropriety of his course.

The result of that and several subsequent visits was altogether different from what he had anticipated. He could not doubt his friend's honesty of purpose, nor consistently refuse to subject the claims of the new system to an experimental ordeal before condemning the step he had deliberately taken. The skepticism of Dr. Baxter was extreme, but he faithfully pursued the promised investigation through many months, with occasional aid and suggestions from his new mentor. After many conflicts with his old prejudices, at length, in the summer of 1845, he surrendered completely, openly and unreservedly avowing his belief in, and his adoption of, the homœopathic code. In this medical faith he continued firm during the remainder of his life, practicing according to its methods for the last thirty years.

He joined the American Institute of Homœopathy at the Boston session in 1847, and consequently has been for several years enrolled among its "veterans." He was also a member of the New York State Medical Society, and of the Homœopathic Society of his county. He applied himself closely to his professional duties and did not seek promotion or honors.

About two years before his death, he became subject to retention of urine and cystic catarrh, from which he sometimes suffered severely. He died of general debility July 3d, 1875, in the seventy-first year of his age.

Trans.Am.Inst.Hom.1877.

BAKER, ALMENA J

THOS. FRANKLIN SMITH, M. D., ASST. TREASURER, 264 Lenox Avenue, New York.

Dr.

P. S.-

THOS. FRANKLIN SMITH, M. D., ASST. TREASURER, 264 Lenox Avenue, New York.

NEW YORK, ~~May~~ 1894

Dr. Milton H. Baker

To THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HOMŒOPATHY, Dr.,

To Dues for 2 Year ending June, 1894 - $10.

Received Payment, from the Ruler of the Bright Beyond, Dr. Baker passed over Oct 15th 1893 after more than 2 years illness and the family are incapacitated to pay charges of this nature. Destitute

M. D., Treasurer.

P. S. Please send this bill when you remit the money, and it will be receipted and promptly returned.

[OVER.]

I have no skeleton of this. THS

THOS. FRANKLIN SMITH, M. D., Asst. Treasurer, 264 Lenox Avenue, New York.

NEW YORK, ~~June~~ Feb. 189 4

Dr. Milton H. Baker

FEB 7 1894

To THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HOMŒOPATHY, Dr.,

To Dues for 2 Year ~~Ending~~ Ending June, 189 4 - $10.

Dr. Baker ~~Received Payment~~ Gone away Oct-15th/93 after near a year and a half, confinement, The estate at present will not be able to pay any bills, See,

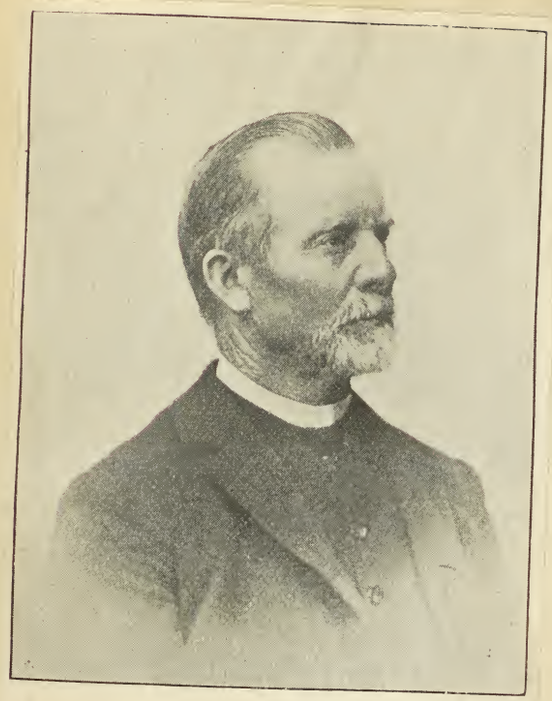
M. D., Treasurer.

P. S.—Please send this bill when you remit the money, and it will be receipted and promptly returned.

I have no skeleton of him. T. D. S.

[OVER.]

BALCH, E T



E. T. Balch, M. D.,
Santa Barbara, Cal.